

MINERS CONSIDER JOB CRISIS

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

MORGAN has decided to grant a \$200,000 loan to France but he has not yet made up his mind about the terms. While he is meditating over the prospective profits, the great banker is automobiling thru southern France with his wife. He may visit the battlefields where his 100,000 American victims are buried.

THE Soviet government is getting more stiffbacked every day. The French capitalists that they were quite liberal in offering recognition with certain reservation, but Moscow talks back and says that it is sick and tired of reservations. It is reported that an agreement between Russia and Japan is ready for the signatures.

THE yellow socialists are in the habit of speaking contemptuously of the Communist leaders of Soviet Russia. But let us compare the standing of the two sets of leaders: the red leaders of Russia and the yellow leaders of the rest of Europe. Today the Bolsheviks command the respect of their enemies because the capitalists fear their power. The yellow socialists, on the other hand are merely the bootblacks of the bourgeoisie and are tolerated as long as they are useful in keeping the workers from revolting.

THE Tory party is expected to win in the present election campaign in Britain. The labor party is also expected to make gains. Both parties will grow at the expense of the liberal party which appears to be in the throes of dissolution. The deal made by Lloyd George, Gray and Asquith with the Tories has created a deep split in the liberal ranks. The Manchester Guardian and the London Daily News are denouncing Lloyd George and speaking well of the labor party. What Winston Churchill urged one year ago—a liberal-Tory coalition against socialism—is now coming to pass.

(Continued on Page 2.)

PEKING TROOPS DEFEATED BY GENERAL CHANG

Chinese Capital Cut Off from Outside

(Special to the Daily Worker)
SHANGHAI, Oct. 23.—All telegraph and telephone communication between Tien Tsin and Peking has been cut off and telephone communication within the city of Peking has been interrupted, according to an urgent message received today by a Japanese news agency. The situation in Peking is reported critical.

Communication to Peking was cut off following the return to the city of the eighth mixed brigade of the eleventh division, commanded by Feng Yuh Siang, messages here said.

Feng Yuh Siang is apparently allying himself with Sun Yo, commander of the 15th mixed brigade, who withdrew his troops from the Chihli lines and moved toward Peking a few days ago.

Wu Meets Disaster.
The Chang forces are reported to have defeated Wu in several heavy engagements with terrific losses in killed and wounded. It is believed that complete disaster has overtaken the Peking troops and that this isolation of China tells the story silently.

Reports from Canton show that Sun Yat Sen is on the job in that city crushing the remnants of the merchant's military forces.
It is not believed that the apparent defeat of the Peking armies and the victory of Chang will terminate the Chinese civil war. The great powers are watching the situation anxiously and it is not considered possible that a victory for Japanese influence which the success of the Manchurian war would indicate, could be considered in a platonic sense by England, America or France. Soviet Russia is opposed to all foreign intervention in Chinese affairs.

France Bows to Soviet Power

STILL DIGGING INTO ELEPHANT'S TREASURE CHEST

Plates Shell Out to Protect Craft

(Special to the Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Senator William E. Borah and his committee investigating campaign expenditures of the capitalist political parties were told today by Frank P. Walsh, that the inquiry thus far had only penetrated the "fringe" of LaFollette's charge of a huge republican "slush fund" to secure the election of the Coolidge-Dawes ticket.

On this "fringe" now appears the names of the principal republican money raisers in the state of Pennsylvania, who told the committee that they had already taken in \$350,000 in the fifty-three counties outside the Pittsburgh district, that they were still hard at it and expected to get more before the election.

Grundy at the Helm.
In charge of the republican collections, according to the testimony, is Joseph R. Grundy, wealthy yarn manufacturer of Bristol, and he has been assisted by Edward T. Stotesbury, of the Philadelphia branch of Morgan and company, W. H. Folwell, weaver of woolen goods in Pennsylvania and the owner of department stores in Canton, Ohio, and Samuel Vauclain, president of the Baldwin Locomotive works.

Vauclain, it developed, did not do any of the actual collecting, altho his name appeared as a member of the executive committee, headed by Grundy, which brought in the money. His personal contribution to the republican fund was \$6,100, but the committee brought out during cross examination that he had given \$10,000 to Julius Kruttschnitt, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, to be turned over to the "American Economic Institute," which proposed to conduct a campaign to "keep congress from enacting improper legislation affecting the railroads."

As to using money contributed to the American Economic League to "influence legislation," Vauclain said he was not interested one way or the other. Suggesting that "the country would be better off if congress did not meet for four years, so that we would have a chance to catch up on all the laws that we now have."

Change Freight Rate on Coal.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Freight rates of bituminous coal, in carloads, from mines in southern Illinois, Danville, Murphysboro, Centralia and Duquoin districts of Illinois to Omaha and South Omaha, Nebraska, and Council Bluffs, Iowa, were held by the interstate commerce commission today to be unduly prejudicial, but not unreasonable. The railroads were given 90 days to establish rates that will remove the prejudice in favor of the operators in the districts named as against those in the Belleville district.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

CLAIM MUCH HERALDED AMERICAN INDUSTRY WASTES \$12,000,000,000

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—American industry suffers a loss of \$12,000,000,000 annually due largely to preventable waste in manufacturing processes, it was announced today by the department of commerce.

The facts were compiled by Edwin Ely, government simplification expert. The simplified practices bureau of the department announced that Ely's figures were conservative. A report to Secretary of Commerce Hoover placed the average waste in six major industries at fifty per cent, ranging from 23 per cent in the metal trades to 3 per cent in the building trades and 64 per cent in the manufacturers of men's clothing.

These statistics would put the industrial loss near \$30,000,000,000, since in 1923 the manufacturing plants of the United States produced goods valued at \$60,000,000,000.

LaFOLLETTE SUPPORTERS JOIN KU KLUX KLAN IN EFFORT TO STOP DUNNE MEETING AT COLLINSVILLE

(Special to the Daily Worker)
COLLINSVILLE, Ill., Oct. 23.—For the first time a workingclass meeting was prevented from using the city hall here when the mayor last night closed it to the crowd gathered to hear William F. Dunne, candidate for governor on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

A hall was secured in the Miners' Institute building and Dunne spoke on the issues of the campaign to an audience among which were many delegates to the convention of Sub-District No. 7, United Mine Workers of America, in session here.

Walker's Brother Wants to Know.
Following Dunne's talk the meeting was thrown open for questions and after the speaker had answered several, James Walker, brother of John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation, who attacked the Workers Party in the sub-district convention yesterday, asked the speaker if LaFollette was any different than when the Workers Party tried to endorse him for the presidency.

Dunne replied: "The Workers Party laid down certain conditions for the support of LaFollette which, had he complied with them would have made not only his candidacy but his whole organization assume an entirely different character and no one knows that better than you do, Walker."

"You know, when you lied about the Workers Party in the convention this morning, that the Workers Party insisted on LaFollette's acceptance of the program of the class farmer-labor party, his submission to its discipline and management of his campaign. The Workers Party demanded that the rank and file of the workers and farmers be the dominant force in this campaign as against the treacherous and cowardly middle class business men and professional elements."

Disrupts Farmer-Labor Movement.
"The best proof," continued Dunne, "of the truth of the charges we have made against the LaFolletteites is the fact that their first step, after LaFollette launched his candidacy, was to disrupt the farmer-labor parties that had sprung up all thru the middle west and northwest."

Walker, inasmuch as Dunne had called him a liar, demanded the right to defend himself. Dunne replied that he nor any other official spokesman of the Workers Party had been present when the charges had been made in the convention, that this was a Workers Party meeting and he had no intention of turning it over to Walker or anybody else, but offered to debate with Walker or any other supporter of LaFollette at any time or place.

"The Workers Party," said Dunne, "is in this campaign to get the Communist program before as many workers as possible. Our speakers are only too pleased to debate these issues with anyone."

Challenge Not Accepted.
The challenge was not accepted and Walker subsided to the applause of the audience which appeared to thoroughly enjoy this little passage at arms.

After the meeting it was learned that both LaFollette supporters and the Ku Klux Klan had urged the mayor to cancel the permit for the Workers Party meeting.

French Evacuating.
ESSEN, Oct. 23.—French occupational forces today evacuated Remscheid and Lennep in the Ruhr. Dortmund was evacuated yesterday. Departure of the French from the two cities was carried out without difficulty.

Lennep had been occupied by the French for 21 months.

After a while he came back to the questions, to say that Spolansky, having gotten out of the department last January, had had no access to the files of the department in preparing any press articles.

As a former dean of the law college of Columbia University, Stone has some regard for his own positive statements of fact. But as officer in the Coolidge-Mellon-Weeks cabinet, giving aid to Dawes and the political relics of the Daugherty gang, he will say nothing that can be construed as a rebuke to any of their propaganda of class fears and hatreds leading to ward fascism.

J. F. Hoover, who directed the arrest and persecution of the alien radicals in 1919-1920, remains at the head of the reorganized bureau of investigations. He hails from Pittsburgh, the home of Mellon and Gary.

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RECOGNITION IS EXPECTED BY TOMORROW

Knotty Questions Will Be Discussed Later

(Special to the Daily Worker)
PARIS, Oct. 23.—France is expected to formally recognize the Soviet government today or, at the latest, tomorrow.

Premier Herriot is following the precedent set by the British government in first granting recognition and talking business afterwards.

Opposition from Washington.
One of Herriot's principal pledges in running for election against Poincare was that he would recognize the Russian Soviet Republic if victorious at the polls.

It is public knowledge that his failure to do so to date is chiefly due to opposition from Washington. It is said that Charles Evans Hughes went so far as to threaten France with an immediate demand for payment of the tremendous French debt to America in the event of Paris establishing diplomatic relations with Moscow.

The Soviet government made it quite plain to France that it did not want any recognition with strings attached to it. Unqualified recognition or nothing was the Soviet position. France was obliged to comply with the Moscow conditions.

The main obstacle in the way of resumption of relations between France and Russia was the debt owed to France by the czar. Most of this money went for the purchase of bonds issued by the czar to crush the revolution of 1905.

The French middle classes are heavy holders of those bonds and the Soviet government frequently expressed a willingness to consider this condition without committing the government in any way to recognition of the czar's debts. It is questionable however, in view of France's continued war on Russia since the 1917 revolution, directly and by proxy, whether the Soviet government will be now in a position to take a similar view of the matter.

Another point at issue between France and Russia is the Georgian question. France has recognized the independence of Georgia, even tho the country is a contented part of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics with a Soviet government of its own. Only recently France spent one million dollars in financing a counter-revolution which was only a flash in the pan, yet caused the Soviet government the loss of millions of dollars.

It is not believed that the Herriot government will insist on this point, however, as Russia is now in a position to ignore capitalist interference with its domestic affairs, better than at any time since the November revolution. It is more likely that Herriot will raise the point and thus keep his promise to the czarist emigres and the Second International which delegated part of its capitalist dirty work to Herriot in return for its support in France.

A French ambassador is not expected to go to Moscow until some of the main questions at issue are settled.

Open French Schools in Turkey.
PARIS, Oct. 23.—French schools have re-opened in Turkey, according to official advices received by the foreign office from Constantinople today.

CLAIM "RADIO KNIFE" WILL CUT MORTALITY OF CANCER OPERATIONS

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The new "radio knife," invented by Dr. Maximilian Stern, of the Broad Street hospital, will lower the mortality of cancer operations, surgeons attending the clinical congress here said today.

The "radio knife" is a needle operated by means of an electric current. It causes little or no bleeding. The device looks like a yard rubber wand tipped with a steel wire. A successful demonstration of the new knife was given before surgeons attending the congress.

Where They Speak

Communist campaign meetings planned before election day are as follows:

Foster in East

WORCESTER, Mass.—Belmont Hall, 54 Belmont St., Saturday, Oct. 25, 8 p. m.
BOSTON, Mass.—Scenic Auditorium, Berkeley and Tremont Sts., Sunday, Oct. 26, 2 p. m.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arcade Hall, 14th St. and Park Rd., N. W., Monday, Oct. 27, 8 p. m.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Hassars Hall, 111 W. Franklyn St., Tuesday, Oct. 28.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Carnegie Music Hall, corner Ohio and Federal Sts., N. S., Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 p. m.
DILLONVALE, Ohio.—Thursday, Oct. 30.
CINCINNATI, Ohio.—Friday, Oct. 31, 8 p. m.

Citlow in New England

BETHLEHEM, Pa.—Quinn School Auditorium, Saturday, Oct. 25, 8 p. m.
CHESTER, Pa.—Sunday, Oct. 26, 8 p. m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Monday, Oct. 27, 8 p. m.
WILKES BARRE, Pa.—Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 p. m.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St., Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 p. m.

Dunne Goes West

RAYMOND, Mont.—Saturday, Oct. 25, 8 p. m.
GREAT FALLS, Mont.—Monday, Oct. 27, 8 p. m.
BUTTE, Mont.—Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 p. m.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Saturday, Nov. 1, 8 p. m.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Sunday, Nov. 2.
DULUTH, Minn.—Monday, Nov. 3.

Ruthenberg in Ohio

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—Carpenters Hall, 1303 West 58th St., Friday, Oct. 24, 8 p. m.
CLEVELAND, Ohio.—Public Square, Sat., Oct. 25, 3 p. m.
AKRON, Ohio.—Perkins School Auditorium, Sat., Oct. 25, 8 p. m.
CLEVELAND, Ohio.—Jaites Hall, 6006 St. Clair, Sun., Oct. 26, 8 p. m.

Engdahl Goes East

DETROIT, Mich.—Friday, Oct. 31, 8 p. m.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Saturday, Nov. 1, 8 p. m.
BOSTON, Mass.—Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton St., Sunday, Nov. 2, 8 p. m.
CLEVELAND, Ohio.—Bricklayers' Hall, 2105 21st St., south of Prospect, Monday, Nov. 3, 8 p. m.

Browder in Missouri

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Musicians' Hall, Monday, Oct. 27, 8 p. m.
ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Labor Lyceum, 1243 N. Garrison, Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 p. m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Sunday, Nov. 2.

Bedacht in 3 States

TOLEDO, Ohio.—Friday, Oct. 24, 8 p. m.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—Kossuth Hall, 820 W. Indiana Ave., Friday, Oct. 31.

Minor on the Coast

TACOMA, Wash.—Eagle's Hall, 13th and South East St., Sunday, Oct. 26, 8 p. m.
ASTORIA, Ore.—Tuesday, Oct. 28, 8 p. m.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Workers Party Hall, 227 Yamhill St., 3rd floor, Wednesday, Oct. 29, 8 p. m.
BERKELEY, Cal.—Berkeley High School Auditorium, Allston Way and Grove St., Friday, Oct. 31, 8 p. m.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—225 Valencia St., Sunday, Nov. 2.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Symphony Hall, 232 S. Hill St., Friday, Nov. 4, 8 p. m.

HALF OF MINERS IN COLLINSVILLE FIELD JOBLESS

Figures Are Presented to Sub-District Meet

(Special to the Daily Worker)
COLLINSVILLE, Ill., Oct. 23.—The figures submitted by the secretary of Sub-District No. 7, United Mine Workers of America, whose convention is now in session here, show that 50 per cent of the membership is out of employment.

The figures are: 4,700 working, 4,600 unemployed. The great majority of those registered as employed are working only two and three days per week.

Discuss Jobless Relief.
A picture of the misery of these workers is painted by the discussion during the first day of the session centering around proposals for unemployment relief.

Many of these miners with large families have been unable to get a single day's work in the mines since last March or April. Winter is near and they face it without clothes, food or fuel.

Considerable criticism of the last district convention and officials was voiced because of the failure to initiate a program of relief.

"What is to become of us?" was the question asked by almost every speaker who took part in the debate, and there is no disguising the fact that death from exposure and starvation faces hundreds of miners and their families this winter.

Quote from Dunne's Speech.
One passage from the speech of William F. Dunne, made last night in the Miners' Hall, is being quoted among the miners with considerable approval this morning. He said: "You have thousands of jobless miners. You marched on non-union mines in West Virginia. Why don't you march on the Illinois state capital and demand of Len Small, this great 'friend of labor,' who has endorsed Coolidge, that he spend a few million dollars for relief of the miners as well as for hard roads for the relief of tourists?"

FOURTEEN ARE KILLED ON U. S. CRUISER TRENTON

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 23.—The cause of the explosion aboard the cruiser Trenton resulting in the loss of 14 lives and injury of a dozen other sailors, probably never will be known.

Navy authorities expressed the belief today that the board of inquiry will meet a "dead wall."

Friction is Cause.
"Any findings," they said, "can be little more than guess work."

The most probable theory now advanced is that the three charges of old powder from the magazine of the Trenton "let go" when brought up to the 10-inch gun in the forward turret thru friction caused by contact with the hoisting apparatus.

No more deaths were reported by the naval hospital today. The condition of Seaman Thomas H. Bailey, of Erie, Pa., was good it was said and while not out of danger, hope is entertained for his recovery. Four other dangerous cases are being watched closely by naval hospital physicians.

CLAIM THE LITERARY DIGEST SPENT MILLION ON ITS STRAW BALLOT

(By The Federated Press)
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Senator Caraway of Arkansas has stated that he will call upon the publishers of the Literary Digest to explain to the campaign fund investigating committee the reasons for their expending nearly \$1,000,000 on a Coolidge poll.

He says the poll is obviously not representative, and seems to be unjustified by any business return which the magazine might secure from the enterprise. He raises the question as to whether this is a million dollar gift to the Coolidge campaign fund, and if so, what motive promoted such generosity.

Y. W. L. ACTIVE IN SUPERIOR HIGH SCHOOL DEBATE

New Recruits Result of Active Campaign

By TOIVO TENHUNEN (Special to the Daily Worker) SUPERIOR, Wis., Oct. 23.—The Public Speaking class of the Central High school here was called upon to deliver speeches on the candidates in the present campaign.

Students volunteered to speak for Coolidge, LaFollette, Davis and the Young Workers League members chose myself and Otsa Latvala to speak for Foster.

Prior to the rally we eight Y. W. L. members of the high school discussed Communism and Foster with a great many students.

Just before the meeting we distributed the following handbill: "Your intelligence is in A-1 condition, if, after thinking over the fact that Foster is a workingman, a union man and a Communist and that Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette never were, are not and never will be—you vote for Foster."

The three supporters of Davis did not show up at the rally at all. One of them gave the reason that there was nothing to say about Davis. Otto Latvala gave a short history of William Z. Foster in the labor movement, explained what Communism and Foster stand for.

Foster Edges Davis. I brought the discussion closer to the campaign and showed why class-conscious workers should support Foster. I compared his position to those of Coolidge, Davis and LaFollette in this campaign.

A straw vote was then taken of the candidates which brot the following results: Coolidge, 387; LaFollette, 587; Davis, 19; Foster, 15. Two members of the Y. W. L. were on the staff to count the votes.

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

Building trades group, Trade Union Educational League, will meet Friday, Oct. 25, 8 p. m. at Workers' Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., 2nd floor.

Meeting of branch industrial organizers of party, Friday, Oct. 25, 8 p. m., at Workers' Hall, 722 Blue Island Ave., 2nd floor.

Workers in the United Custom Garment Shop, Madison near Green St., members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers have just sent in \$30 to the Workers Party, Local Chicago, for the Foster-Gitlow campaign fund.

The Workers' Athletic Association will play the Danish-American Club at soccer football next Sunday, Oct. 26, 2:30 p. m., at Douglas Park.

Next Sunday Night and Every Sunday Night, the Open Forum.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE conservative liberals and the tory leaders agreed to cut out three-cornered contests where such a situation would favor the labor candidate. But many liberals hate the tories more than they hate the laborites so the bargain will be all at the expense of the poor old liberal party.

THE German workers are getting ready to pass their judgment on the Dawes Plan. The nationalist party is openly out for the return of the Hohenzollerns.

LINN GALE, formerly of Mexico and other parts is again loose in Washington, D. C. He has opened a radical book store here and promises to publish a radical magazine in the near future.

ADMIRAL Von Tirpitz who gave the order that resulted in the sinking of the Lusitania has written a book which proposes to "tell everything."

PREMIER'S SON PREDICTS LABOR PARTY DEFEAT

Coalition Will Wipe Out Liberals

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 23.—The labor government will fall in the polls of October, says Malcolm MacDonald, son of the British premier, who, with his team of Oxford debaters, met defeat at the hands of Coe College, Cedar Rapids, last night.

The young Oxfordian is himself standing for the commons and says he is uncertain of success. He thinks he should be at home taking his share of the heckling instead of taking part in college debates on prohibition.

Communist Open Air Meetings in Chicago

North Ave. and Orchard—Auspices of Hungarian branch. Speakers, A. Henderson and D. E. Earley. Roosevelt and St. Louis—Auspices of D. P. Jewish branch.

30th and State St.—Auspices of South Side branch. Speakers, Gordon Owens and George Maurer.

NOTHING in the Chicago Tribune about the "revolution in Georgia" these days.

ALL is not well among the heir pretenders to the throne of the Romanoffs.

NEWSPAPER publishers, writers, bankers, multi-millionaires have joined with working people and men and women of progressive trend in saying "I'm for Bob."

Imperialism, what do you know about it? Few busy Communists have time enough to read up about it. Here is a good chance to learn.

SCHOOL BOARD CONTINUES ITS LITTLE JOKES

Each Meeting Puts Off Important Issues

The board of education, thru the person of Supt. McAndrew is still playing its game of hide and go seek with the Chicago Teachers' Federation.

These last three rules are to come up before a joint committee on rules and administration which the teachers so patiently wait to meet and which is postponed indefinitely.

Workers Party Opens Class on Imperialism; Manuel Gomez, Director

Imperialism, what do you know about it? Few busy Communists have time enough to read up about it.

Lenin called it the final stage of capitalism. As such we must know more about it.

A rich period of study and research is assured to all who will attend and take this course of classes seriously.

The struggle for empire. Rule of the banks; monopoly and the decay of productive forces; export of capital; exploitation of colonial peoples;

The big fact for workers always to remember is that LaFollette is for the capitalist social order that enslaves labor.

Money, the army, the navy, the state militia, the whole police system of capitalism, are all weapons of the Capitalist State; Wall Street's Dictatorship.

Only the Communist candidates present the working class issues clearly. Only the Workers Party, rallying labor, in the cities and on the land, to the Communist standards,

NEW YORK SHIRT MAKERS WIN BIG STRIKE VICTORY

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The 5000 shirt makers on strike here scored a great victory today when twenty-eight bosses settled with the union granting all their demands.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

This La Follette Red Herring Also Distracts Labor From Real Fight

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

TODAY, the LaFollettes are furnishing a little comical side-light to the presidential campaign by trying to expose the financial support of its opposition.

LaFollette is a defender of capitalism. But he does not want the multi-millionaires, whom capitalism produces, to defend themselves thru the judicious use of their stolen wealth.

One of LaFollette's most enthusiastic publicity men, Laurence Todd, the Washington correspondent of the Federated Press, recently spread the story that the Communists were raising a million dollar fund to promote the campaign of the Workers Party ticket, Foster and Gitlow.

It is to the credit of Carl Haessler, the managing editor of the Federated Press, that he dumped this nonsense into the waste basket when it reached Chicago.

It is interesting to behold the array of millionaires backing LaFollette. The only complaint the Wisconsin senator can have is that Coolidge's parade of plutocrats is a little longer than his own.

There is Samuel Untermeyer, the millionaire New York lawyer, big holder of stock in the Steel Trust, who has been called in to aid Attorney Frank P. Walsh conduct the LaFollette grill of millionaires backing "Cautious Cal."

This is the Untermeyer who believes in using the anti-trust laws against labor unions while his steel stocks bring him in huge profits from this Caryzid industry.

In the words of Lawyer Untermeyer, addressed to Samuel M. Vauclain, head of the "open shop" Baldwin Locomotive Works, "Money Talks."

Money wants Coolidge. It would accept LaFollette in a crisis, just as it accepted Ebert in Germany, Herriot in France and MacDonald in Great Britain.

The big capitalists will spend just as much money as they have to. It is mere nonsense to investigate how much or how little they spend.

Only the Communist candidates present the working class issues clearly. Only the Workers Party, rallying labor, in the cities and on the land, to the Communist standards,

PATERSON TO SEE "BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEVIK" FOR BENEFIT OF SILK STRIKERS' RELIEF FUND

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik," the new Russian picture that has been shown with tremendous success in New York City and Philadelphia,

An interesting and very important addition to the "Beauty and the Bolshevik" is a special motion picture taken by the Committee for International Workers' Aid of the Paterson strike, showing the men on the picket line and in many other vivid scenes of the strike.

The low admission price of 25 cents has been decided on in order that a large number of workers in Paterson may have the opportunity to see this extraordinary motion picture performance.

Extracting Specialist DELAY MEANS DECAY

Like a Red Soldier

We also woo with Bucharin's 'A-B-C of Communism' But to make the wrkers "see," we

Tell it With Movies



THE BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEVIK

record-breaking success of this rollicking romance of "Love in the Red Army" is due to the intense interest and

picture as the one sure way of educating the workers to the true significance of the

At the same time they are going to raise funds for strike relief, labor press benefits, international workers' aid and other worthy labor causes.

Added Attraction

A SUCCESS WHEREVER SHOWN

International Workers' Aid

19 S. Lincoln St. Chicago, Ill.

Ship Owner is Meditary.

Dr. S. ZIMMERMAN DENTIST

MY NEW LOCATION

Special Prices to Workers X-Ray Gas Given ESTABLISHED 12 YEARS.

Extracting Specialist DELAY MEANS DECAY

HUNDREDS of thousands of workers actively supporting the DAILY WORKER would make it the most powerful daily newspaper in the land.

J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

WOBBLES VOTE FOR ONE WAR ON CAPITALISM

Hostile to United Front with Workers Party

A communication of the Workers Party, requesting the I. W. W. convention now convened at Emmet Memorial Hall, to elect a committee to meet with a Workers Party committee in a common fight against capitalist anti-labor laws, was rejected by the I. W. W. convention yesterday.

The letter, signed by C. E. Ruthenberg and William Z. Foster, suggests a basis for discussion of anti-syndicalist laws, and outlines plans for a nationwide protest against imprisonment of members of the working class.

Keep Letter for Reference. The I. W. W. convention filed the Workers Party communication after a brief discussion.

A motion was made by Albert Nelson, delegate from Industrial Union No. 310, that the letter be sent back. This was amended by Fred Mann, who moved that the letter be filed for future reference. Mann declared it would be an insult to the Workers Party to send the letter back.

Delegate S. J. Cole, of I. U. 110, thought the motion should be brought up under new business, but the letter was finally filed.

Wants Nothing Revolutionary. Claude Erwin, the leading pacifist (in attacking the capitalist class) attacked instead the Workers Party, saying the he "had heard" members of the I. W. W. who criticized the Workers Party in California.

These I. W. W. had, so he "had heard," even made charges against the party members. But he brought no proof, either of the charges or of these "I. W. W. members" who had "been heard" to make them. Erwin is the delegate who has filed charges against several officers for advocating revolutionary principles.

Demand Release of Prisoners. A telegram was sent by the convention yesterday to Governor Hart of Washington, demanding that he immediately pardon or grant a new trial to the class war prisoners now incarcerated in Walla Walla prison, on the grounds that they were illegally convicted in the Centralia case.

A communication from the Civil Liberties Union, signed by Roger Baldwin was read, stating that \$500.00 would be loaned to the I. W. W. defense fund for bail purposes.

Several communications were received from various branches of the I. W. W. stating their position on the factional controversy now going on in their ranks. The minutes of the Chicago branch of Industrial Union 110 were read, recognizing the present convention as official and empowering the delegates to deal with all questions. The guilty persons in the controversy were ordered to be expelled without compromise or whitewash.

Get Vote of Confidence. Industrial Union 120, Duluth branch, has gone on record giving the convention a vote of confidence.

The expulsion of Fred Bowerman and M. Raddock by I. U. 440 convention came on the floor of the convention, but was referred back to the industrial union, on the ground that no appeal has been made by these expelled members.

Four members of the I. W. W., Walter Smith, Charles LaRue, Thomas Sanger and Pete Beasley, were ordered expelled from the I. W. W. if they did not make good their bail which they jumped in California, without.

"The American Boom Is at an End . . ."

Says Prof. E. Yarga in his "The Decline of Capitalism," a pamphlet just received from Europe. Also: "Will not the militaristic-imperialist policy of Poincare gain the upper hand, which fact would lead to a new catastrophe of the mark, since the Rentenmark, an artificial creation, would by no means be able to withstand such a blow?" A most timely pamphlet . . . 25c

From the 4th to the 5th World Congress.

Report of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, covering 45 different sections, including U. S., Canada, Mexico, Argentina, etc. It briefly summarizes the activities of the Executive Committee and its various sections. The United Front, the Trade Unions, Agrarian Questions, etc. A year book of the C. I. Single copy . . . 25c

In lots of ten or more 15 cents. Order while the supply lasts.

Literature Department WORKERS PARTY OF AMERICA, 1119 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Unity and Revolutionary Principle in the I. W. W.

(A Statement by the Red International Affiliation Committee.) Two questions are of paramount importance for the I. W. W. convention. First, the unity of the organization and, second, the clarification and strengthening of revolutionary principles.

The chief enemies of unity are those reactionary elements who have resorted to the injunction or the capitalist courts and who, even today, are attempting to resist and defy the decisions of the convention delegates. Every militant, class conscious and honest worker in the I. W. W. should see these elements in their true light and fight them to the end.

But not alone from the right wing of the I. W. W. does there come the menace of disunity. Some of the class conscious elements are showing signs of pessimism and impatience which might easily lead them into a false path. Some of these rebels who believe in revolutionary industrial unionism and have labored with an incessant zeal to realize revolutionary unionism by means of the I. W. W., are saying: "If this convention does not take a revolutionary stand, I'm thru, and there are thousands like me."

Such an attitude is a mistake, a mistake made worse by the fact that it is made with all the conviction of sincerely revolutionary workers. It is a mistake fought against by the adherents of the Red International and the Communists in ten thousand unions all over the world. It is the great error pointed out by Lenin in his book "The Infantile Sickness of Left Communism."

Reactionary policies in labor organization are not a new phenomenon. And leaving the organizations is not the way to overcome them. The class conscious workers must fight for unity and for revolutionary principles at the same time.

The Red International supports the revolutionists in the I. W. W. just as in other unions. But in order to make the fight successful it is necessary for all the class conscious and revolutionary elements to come forward with a program and to define their aims. The sooner this is done, the sooner will pessimism and confusion be overcome and the fight to revolutionize the I. W. W. take real shape.

The adherents of the Red International have a clear idea of what constitutes a revolutionary stand and of what the convention should do in order to adopt such a stand. Our views can be summed up in a number of definite points, as follows:

- 1. Unequivocal repudiation of the injunction. 2. Definite declaration that the "historic mission of the working class to do away with capitalism" means simply that the I. W. W. recognizes the fact that historical forces within capitalism, compel the whole working class to struggle against and finally to overthrow the rule of the capitalist class in both industry and government, and to establish a dictatorship of the proletariat for a period of

in thirty days of notification of the action of the convention. The convention has ordered that all court action by any I. W. W. member be discontinued. The injunction case comes up in Fred Bernstein's office this morning.

Seek Dismissal of Injunction. The other important action of the day was the passage by the convention of a motion that its appointed temporary general officers, as the highest authority of the I. W. W., should appear before the court where the injunction is awaiting hearing today, and ask the judge to dismiss it.

It is significant that two lumber workers, Dan Murray and Frank Grad, voted against asking the court to dismiss the injunction. This possibly portends a further falling away of these delegates, but leaves a minority of the Lumber Workers' Industrial Union still standing solid with the entire delegate body from all the other unions.

In Court Again Friday. Charles Grey, reporting for the temporary administration committee, said that James Rowan's attorney had phoned him that Rowan has decided to go thru with the injunction proceedings on Friday before Master-in-Chancery Fred Bernstein.

Grey declared that Rowan has been charging that Doyle is still signing checks for the organization, when as a matter of fact Doyle has signed no checks since last Friday.

An auditing committee of six was elected to audit all books of the general administration which can be obtained, including those of the Rowan faction.

Hereafter secretary-treasurers of the small industrial unions will be elected by the membership instead of being appointed by the general executive board, following the passage of a resolution to that effect by the convention.

RUTHENBERG WILL SPEAK AT MONSTER RALLY IN CLEVELAND ON PUBLIC SQUARE SATURDAY

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 23.—C. E. Ruthenberg, national secretary of the Workers Party, will be the principal speaker at the Public Square on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 25, at 3 o'clock.

Every party member of Cleveland must be present at this demonstration. By your presence you must encourage and support the non-members who will be there.

The campaign committee of Local Cleveland has decided to make an effort to gauge the effect of our work in this campaign. We call upon all those who stand for the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' government to participate in the demonstration on the Public Square of this city Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

SILENT CALVIN BREAKS SILENCE, TOUTS BUSINESS

Would Not Change "Cap" System for World

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—President Coolidge broke his long silence today by delivering a speech in praise of the rule of the business elements before a delegation of several hundred New York business men, who are supporting the republican party in this election.

Coolidge made it quite clear that he was absolutely opposed to any change from a system which was with many faults satisfactory to the ruling class.

"You gentlemen who have come here in behalf of business come to speak for an interest that far surpasses any other in the American community.

A Business Government. "This is a business country pre-eminent in all kinds of business—industrial and agricultural and it wants a business government!"

After listening to the Coolidge speech one is not surprised that the big capitalists should be behind him. He is for the capitalist system without any reservation and has not even the initiative to suggest improvements in the structure of capitalist government, that might make it even a better capitalist instrument of coercion than it is. He is opposed to any kind of a change. He fears change.

Coolidge did not reply to the attacks made on him or on his administration by the opposition. He never mentioned the Teapot Dome, or any of the scandals that made his government stench in the nostrils of the people.

MacDonald's Son Takes Part in Debate on Booze

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 23.—M. J. MacDonald, son of the retired British Premier Ramsay, representing Oxford university took part in a debate here between the Westminster College of Fulton, Missouri debating team and an Oxford team.

The subject for debate was "Resolved that we are opposed to prohibition." Westminster took the affirmative and Oxford the negative.

Westminster debaters argued booze was poison and caused poverty, misery, crime, lunacy and death. Oxford replied prohibition did not prohibit that all kinds of booze was being smuggled in from Canada and elsewhere.

The only argument worth while in the entire debate was one given by one of the Oxford debaters when he showed poverty was a product of the social system and not caused by

THE POWER COLUMN

Three Generators of More Power

THE DAILY WORKER Bricklayers' Union is functioning gloriously. Soon we will publish a summary of the concrete accomplishments of the members in the campaign to "Build the DAILY WORKER." For the benefit and pleasure of the participants and all our readers we will announce the splendid work of this live section of the Labor movement that has been the dynamic factor in boosting the circulation of the DAILY WORKER to a new high mark.

Today our limited force is swamped in recording, placing subscriptions, keeping the campaign moving smoothly to insure even greater success. But in the midst of the subscription drive we do not wish to overlook other factors that contribute in full measure to the POWER driving the DAILY WORKER.

1—REGULAR BUNDLE ORDERS. Begin with a small bundle and you will find how easy it is to dispose of it in your shop, your union meeting or thru the news dealer on your corner. This is positive insurance of success in building the DAILY WORKER to more impressive fighting size. And it is bound to get subs!

The Special Bundle Orders. Try it for certain good occasions. Or try it to work up regular orders. But—try it. Especially on the . . .

2—SPECIAL ISSUE ON NOVEMBER 1—an issue of 8 pages (at the regular bundle's rate) full of features on the 7th anniversary of the First Workers Government.

3—ANOTHER SPECIAL ISSUE ON NOVEMBER 6—that will be an anniversary number complementary to the other and including special articles of great interest.

There they are—three generators of more POWER for the DAILY WORKER—more drive behind the Labor movement. If you want these two November specials—RUSH IN YOUR ORDER.

The D. W. B. U.

And here are the swelling ranks of the advanced guard of the Labor movement. Here are the locals and individuals with accomplishments for Labor to their record, having sent in NEW subscriptions on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week:

Table listing local subscriptions with names and amounts. Includes Grand Total Oct. 4-22: 517.

MEMBERS AT LARGE:

Table listing members at large with names and locations. Includes Los Angeles, Pasadena, San Francisco, Denver, Washington, West Frankfort, Grand Rapids, Newark, Lima, Burgettstown, McDonald, Nanticoke, New Brighton, Springdale, Valley Falls, Mt. Vernon, Tacoma, Winlock.

Spolansky Going Color Blind; Overlooks Russian of Deepest Red.

Maybe Spolansky is getting old. Or maybe it will come in later articles. But whatever the reason, he has not as yet uncovered in his syndicated "Red Exposures" a deep hued "Red"—a genuine Russian Red. The POWER COLUMN takes credit in presenting the scoop fully documented by photographic proof of the original letter received in this office day before yesterday which reads word for word as follows:

Dear Comrades: Your letter, "bricks" and sub blanks received. As agent and member of the W. P. of A. I have tried and am trying to get new subscribers for the DAILY WORKER and the WORKERS MONTHLY. So far I succeeded in getting 4 subscribers for the WORKERS MONTHLY only. It's very little comparatively with my desires but I hope that I'll be able to get more new subscribers in the near future. Your letter states that as agent I am entitled to 20 per cent discount. I wish to state that I'm sending over the full amount of the subscription rates and would like better to receive the WORKERS MONTHLY. I say again I'll try my best in the future. Fraternally yours, P. BELSKY, Russian Br. W. P. P. S.—Enclosed find check for \$7.25 and sub blanks with names and addresses.

All of which proves our contention. We have without question uncovered a man who has proven by his ACTIONS his desire to substitute our present democratic (or is it republican?) form of government with a Communist Soviet form of society. But there is more evidence. An additional sheet included and dated October 18 reads:

I had to stop and couldn't mail my letter last night. Today I got one more subscription. My check now is of \$9.25.

Which changes matters entirely. For here is POWER for the DAILY WORKER which builds and makes stronger YOUR paper.

For Your Special Notice.

The WORKERS MONTHLY is part and parcel of the same organization working for the DAILY WORKER. Build both and you are adding another strong arm to a two-fisted, fighting unit for the promotion of Labor's best interests. The WORKERS MONTHLY is the monthly summary of the cream of the theoretical articles, stories of the workers' lives and the Labor movement—a concentrated DAILY WORKER with heaps of photographs and the work of Labor's best artists. A subscription "brick" for the WORKERS MONTHLY is a "brick" to "Build the DAILY WORKER." HEAVE IT BACK!

TRUTH SOUNDS DIFFERENT FROM KEPT PRESS LIES

True and False About Soviet Russia

By M. A. SKROMNY.

Every time new prospects for recognition of the Soviet government appear, a howl goes up in the lying capitalist press the world over.

A few days ago it was announced that the French government was getting ready to recognize the Soviets. The same day appeared "special cables" about riots, strikes and famine in Russia.

The murderous press is telling about the bolsheviks shooting down the peasants or peasants killing bolsheviks.

The arch enemy of the workers' republic, the Chicago Tribune has outdone many of its competitors in printing the biggest and most ridiculous lies about Russia.

At the beginning of the revolution we read in this paper that the bolsheviks were preparing to proclaim the Prince Alexis Czar of Russia. The next day we read about them being in the pay of Germany's late kaiser. Today we read in the same sheet what purports to be a quotation from the Odessa Izvestia:

"Our Red Army last spring filled the mouths of 18,000 peasants and workers in the Kharkov district with earth because they killed the local commissariats and robbed the grain houses . . ."

At the same time, The Seaman, official organ of the Seamen's Union of that district (published in Odessa), reports that the grain for the aid of the stricken districts was collected a WEEK ahead of the schedule!

In the Moscow Izvestia of October 5, 1924 (the last one to reach us), Comrade Rykov, chairman of the People's Commissars, and chairman of the special committee to combat the results of the bad harvest, publicly thanks all workers and peasants who were connected with the collection, transportation and distribution of the grain for sowing purposes in the stricken districts, for the prompt and vigorous aid.

"Within a month it was necessary to collect and transport over 9,000,000 poods of grain for sowing," says Comrade Rykov.

"With unparalleled energy and swiftness the peasant committees prepared the grain, the railroad and water transport workers took up their task and about a week ahead of the schedule the work was finished.

Grain Delivered on Time. "I traveled all over the affected districts and convinced myself that the grain for sowing was delivered in time. The peasants see in that a great aid from their Soviet government. They have more self-confidence. This timely delivery of the grain will not only save the sowing area but will increase it in comparison with last year."

In the report to the All-Russian Central Control Committee (Izvestia, Oct. 4, 1924), Comrade Kujbyshev touching upon the harvest states:

"The general figures of the harvest are 2,642 million poods against 2,759 million poods of last year. To this figure we have to add 162 million poods left over from former years. Thus we will have 2,804 million poods. "The needs of the rural population are 2,286 million poods and of the cities—314 million, a total of 2,600 million poods. Thus we have a surplus of 204 million poods."

Does that look like a terrible famine with food riots and killings by wholesale!

These official figures given to government institutions of Soviet Russia for their guidance are also available to the brass check correspondents of the prostituted press. But they don't wait for authentic facts. What they want is stories about rebels buried alive, dogs feasting on bodies of the executed, disorders and riots, or bomb plots of the stool pigeon Daily News kind.

And it is not only the enemy press in the English language that is conducting this poison gas barrage against Russia, but also the so-called friendly press in the foreign languages.

Forward Still Busy. The most notorious of the yellow sheets, the Jewish Daily Forward, is competing with the Tribune, and the local white guard Russian sheet is reprinting the lies of both and adding "home made" stuff to it. Thus the Russian sheet had a few days ago an editorial bemoaning the "requisitions" of grain from the peasants, conducted according to the Tribune by the bolsheviks. And this dirty sheet is receiving the Moscow Izvestia and has the facts in its possession!

Subscribe for "Your Daily," the DAILY WORKER. It's your paper—Build on it!

This Is Joe Hirt



JOE HIRT. THIS is Joe Hirt, champion DAILY WORKER salesman of Detroit. During the recent convention of the National Creation Benefit Society here Joe sold over 125 copies of the DAILY WORKER to the delegates on their friends. Comrade Hirt sells at least 40 DAILY WORKERS every day, and in addition 3 boxes of 20 copies of each issue of Radnik. He is 12 years old and an active member of the Young Workers League.

You're Hired! Until Nov. 7.

LOWER EAST SIDE IS SCENE OF LAST RED NIGHT IN NEW YORK

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The final "Red Night" in New York City arranged by the Workers Party has been arranged in the lower East Side, the 12th Congressional district, on Saturday night, October 25th. On this night the "Red Forces" will attack the lower East Side, the stronghold of the Socialists and will hold at least fifteen meetings thruout the district with a grand windup at Rutgers Square. The comrades are making all the necessary arrangements to have this "Red Night" in the old Socialist stronghold one long to be remembered by the workers in this section. The meetings on this night will be held on the following corners:

- Rutgers, corner Madison street. Henry, corner Clinton street. Chrystie, corner Grand street. Division, corner Clinton street. Norfolk and Livingston street. Norfolk and Grand street. Clinton and East Broadway. Jefferson and Madison street. The final rally will be held on Rutgers Square at 10:30 p. m. The main speakers at this final windup at Rutgers Square will be, Harry M. Winitzky, candidate for Congress; Moissaye J. Olgin, candidate for Senate; Boris Lipshitz, candidate for Fourth assembly district; Dr. Abraham Caspe, candidate in the Secor assembly district; Rose Pastor Stokes, Ludwig Lore, Juliet Stuart Poyntz, Rebecca Grecht, William Weinstein, Fannie Warshafsky, Alexander Trachtenberg, Schaone Epstein and many others in English and Jewish.

In addition to these meetings of the Workers Party the workers of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, the Cloakmakers and the Furriers will also hold meetings with their own speakers for the Workers Party candidates. It is expected that at least 35,000 people will be reached by this Red night and tons of literature will be distributed thruout the East Side. Remember! The "Red Night" on the East Side, Saturday, Oct. 25.

LEWIS GANG IN PITTSBURGH USE SHADY METHODS

Officials Are Illegally Nominated, Charge

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 23.—True to the predictions of the progressive miners' committee, the crooked officials will, and are using all methods and crooked tactics to get the local unions to nominate their slate.

Not only this but a campaign of slander and lies is leveled at the progressive candidates, and the old over-worked cries of "red," "Moscow," "Fosterism" to "dualist."

The committee announced today that the officials thru their tools held an illegal meeting of local 818, West Newton, with but six men present and nominated the reactionary machine. This local is one of the most progressive locals in the district and at the next meeting it is expected the local will repudiate the action of the previous meeting and nominate the progressive ticket. The constitution is specific about the number of members which constitute a quorum, which is seven.

Officials Nominate Themselves. Reports coming from the Wyano show that the officials are up to. M. D. Eagan, board member of that sub-district and labor faker par excellence gathered a handful of men and held a "meeting" at which the official slate was nominated. In both of these locals the membership knew nothing of the meetings until after the gang had gotten away with their crooked work. The officials would have no show in a local meeting with the men out in force.

The present board member of the sixth subdistrict is on the payroll because of the fact that he is a dependable machine man. The district constitution states that candidates must receive the nomination from three local unions before going on the ballot. In this sub-district there is but three local unions and at the last election the faker received two, and the progressive candidate one nomination. Still he went on the ballot "unopposed" and for the past two years has vied with the other fakers in turning in "expense accounts."

Used Threats. The progressive committee is informed that a local meeting in the Charleroi section, the officials were there in full force and stated to the local that if they nominated the progressive ticket their charter would be revoked for supporting a dual organization.

The officials are centering their attack on several prominent candidates: Reports from West Newton state that the officials have spread the "confidential" information that Pat H. Toohy, secretary of the campaign committee had received a half million dollars from "Roozha" to lick the officials, and that the Guiler-Harmon-Toohy aggregation are all members of an organization which are trying to overthrow the United States government.

Rank and File Snicker. If the district officials only knew how the rank and file took this they probably would keep quiet for a while. Nevertheless the "rumors" are a source of laughter and amusement to the rank and file.

William A. Guiler who is a candidate for district president for many years has been the chief thorn in the side of the fakers. He was largely responsible for the formation of the Progressive International Committee, and for years has been a leader of the left wing. Has been a member of the U. M. W. A. for nearly 30 years. The committee will soon prepare an article giving the history of the candidates.

Progressive Miners' Committee, 805 James St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RED NIGHTS IN NEW YORK CITY



Corner of 110th St. and Fifth Ave., Night of Oct 10.

OUR CANDIDATES

THE first Communist election campaign is of historic significance.

Never before in America has so much Communist propaganda and agitation been gotten out. This election struggle will come to be regarded as the real beginning of a mass Communist movement. Most important in the present election campaign are the candidates for office. Around them crystallize the various campaign issues. Here are the Workers Party candidates in various states:

For President: William Z. Foster, Chicago, Ill.
For Vice-President: Benjamin Gitlow, New York City.

INDIANA
Presidential Electors: W. F. Jackson, Indianapolis; H. W. Garner, Hammond.

OREGON
Presidential Electors (to be written in): Alma Krieger, Lee Boyd, N. F. Folen, Bendt Pederson, Louis Berry.

WASHINGTON
Presidential Electors: Joseph Havel, Seattle; William H. Jones, Seattle; John Lawrie, Seattle; H. G. Price, Seattle; George Halonen, Seattle; Mike Kronholm, Bryant; John H. Wepler, Mt. Vernon.

OHIO
For Governor: Scott Wilkins (to be written in).
For Presidential Elector: Lotta Burke (to be written in).
For Congressmen: A. V. Severino, 22nd district; J. Brahten, 21st district; C. E. Ruthenberg, 20th district.
State Senators: George Schlein-kofler, Cleveland; Harry Checel, Cleveland; Paul Luchacis, Cleveland; H. Wagenknecht, Cleveland; Ida Knip-child, Cleveland; Anna Morgan, Cleveland.
Representatives: Rose Checel, Cleveland; Rebecca Sacharow, Cleveland; Jacob Heinrich, Cleveland; R. Altenbernd, Cleveland; Michael Eddie, Cleveland; Elmer Boich, Cleveland; S. Holzman, Cleveland.
County Clerk: John Fromholz, Cleveland.
County Sheriff: William Elliott, Cleveland.
County Treasurer: Max Charkin, Cleveland.
County Surveyor: G. A. Karr, Cleveland.
County Commissioners: Carl Hacker and Thos. Bradley, Cleveland.
County Recorder: M. H. Ess, Cleveland.

MINNESOTA
Congress, 4th District: J. F. Emme. State Legislature, 35th District: Emil S. Youngdahl.
Presidential Elector: Frank E. Minor.

WISCONSIN
Governor: Severi Alanne, Superior.
Lieutenant-Governor: Charles Kuzdas, Milwaukee.
Presidential Electors: Martin Udj-binac, Racine; Martin Markovich, Milwaukee; Henry Hill, Herbater; A.

J. Hayes, Superior; Aaron Kivisto, Iron River; Arvid Nelson, Superior; Louis Maljtan, Milwaukee; Marko Ebenha, Kenosha; Carl Gerlach, Kenosha; Clara Knappe, Milwaukee; Fred Podello, Kenosha; Carl Schradi, Ferdinand Placek, Milwaukee.

IOWA
Presidential Electors: Wm. A. Walker, Centerville, and Henry Bilterman, Hiteman, Electors-at-Large; P. R. Matkowski, Mason City, 4th congressional district; A. P. Kramer, Council Bluffs, 9th congressional district; Isador Merlin, Sioux City, 11th congressional district.

ILLINOIS
U. S. Senator: J. Louis Engdahl, Chicago.
Governor: William F. Dunne, Chicago.
Lieutenant Governor: John Watt, Springfield.
Secretary of State: Moritz J. Loeb, Chicago.
Attorney General: David J. Bentall, Chicago.
Representative in Congress, State at Large: Robert Minor, Chicago; E. B. Hewlett, Chicago.
Congressional Candidates: Gordon Owens, 1st district, Chicago; Joseph Podkolski, 4th district, Chicago; H. Epstein, 5th district, Chicago; Frank Pellegrino, 6th district, Chicago; S. T. Hammersmark, 7th district, Chicago; George Maurer, 8th district, Chicago; Jack W. Johnstone, 9th district, Chicago.
Presidential Electors: Ross White, Sesser; J. Schuessler, Chicago; M. P. Morrissey, Joliet; Joseph Tumulty, Springfield; Albert S. Stewart, Chicago; J. Oswald, Rockford; Fahle Burman, Waukegan; D. E. Earley, Chicago; N. Juel Christensen, Chicago; Harry Brooker, Chicago; Frank Watts, Silvis; Elmer Bratcher, Peoria; L. Cejka, Chicago; N. F. Holm, Chicago; Mrs. Helen P. Judd, Chicago; Robert Garver, Chicago; Harrison George, Chicago; Margaret Browder, Chicago; L. Doty, Chicago; Frank Stiska, Chicago; J. McCullom, West Frankfort; Henry Corbishley, Zeigler; Luke Coffey, Belleville; Dan Slinger, Marissa; Tom Perry, Divernon; Emil Holt, Chicago; Mrs. Gep. Leach, Chicago; Freeman Thompson, Springfield; Hyman Schneid, Chicago.

NEW JERSEY
United States Senator: Rudolph Vollgraf, East Orange.
Congressional Candidates: Francis Steiner, 11th congressional district, Union Hill; Christian E. Blum, 12th congressional district, Jersey City.
For members of the General Assembly, Hudson County: Charles Kiehn, Hoboken; Frank Boglietti, W. New York; Louis F. Wolf, Weehawken; Mary Zaparka, W. New York; George Pearlman, Union Hill; Abraham H. Bergen, W. New York; Frank Hrkek, North Bergen; Bessie Mansfield, W. New York; Adolph Millich, Guttenberg; William Lehmann, Weehawken; Herman Jelpke, Jersey City.
Presidential Electors: Simon Smelkinson, Passaic; Jack Lefkowitz, Paterson; Henry Bernfeld, Elizabeth; Fred Millbrath, Linden; Herman Ficker, Garfield; Gustav Hoffman, Verona; William Herzog, Garfield; Mathias

Sticheuner, Hudson Heights; Aton T. Zaparka, W. New York; Jack Feurer, Weehawken; Human Harris, Weehawken; Sam Baron, Weehawken; Mayer Semoff, Weehawken; Julius Grapentine, Woodcliff.

MASSACHUSETTS
Governor: John J. Ballam, Boston.
Lieut. Governor: Edward Rand Stevens, Boston.
Secretary of State: Winfield A. Dwyer, Boston.
Treasurer: Albert Addie, Brockton.
Attorney General: Harry J. Canter, Boston.
Auditor: James J. Lacey, Boston.
U. S. Senator: Antoinette F. Kolckow, Boston.
Presidential Electors: George Kras-ka, Winthrop; M. M. Plepys, Boston; Robert Zelms, Boston; Charles Hed-rich, Roxbury; Hyman Levine, Brock-ton; William Martilla, Worcester; Levis Marks, Dorchester; Onni Saari, Norwood; Louis F. Welis, Sr., Worcester; John Louko, Norwod; Wirno Sointu, Walpole; Samuel D. Levine, Boston; Eva Hoffman, Dorchester; I. I. Hurwitz, Boston; Sarah R. Ballam, Boston; Emma P. Hutchins, Boston; J. E. Sinisalo, Fitzburg; William Jan-hoven, Gardner.

RHODE ISLAND
Governor: Edward Theinert.
Lieut. Governor: Arthur Staveley.
Secretary of State: Helen A. Siegel.
Treasurer: Chas. Herrman.
Attorney General: Thomas Clark.

PENNSYLVANIA
State Treasurer: John S. Otis, Turtle Creek.
Auditor General: Ed Horacek, Pitts-burgh.
Presidential Electors (at large): Tom Ray, McDonald; J. C. Small, Cannonsburgh; John Latvala, Can-nonsburgh; Gus Anderson, Cannons-burgh; James C. Strong, Houston; August Arnal, Houston; D. Osessia, Houston; William Schmidt, Pitts-burgh; Mary Horvat, Pittsburgh; Saul Chudnof, Pittsburgh; N. Horovitz, Pittsburgh; Anna Davidson, Pitts-burgh; John Klivo, Pittsburgh; Mor-ris Newfeld, Pittsburgh; Louis Asno-vitz, Pittsburgh; Martin Setller, Pitts-burgh; Anton Wist, Bentleyville; Kate Krollie, McKeesport; Anton J. Tom-ac, McKeesport; Victor Ahola, Dalsey-town; Mrs. J. S. Otis, Turtle Creek; Theodore Mower, Turtle Creek; Robert Holmes, Turtle Creek; Frank Wil-kus, Wilmerding; Thomas Folley, Chester; H. O. McClurge, Philadel-phia; John Lyman, Philadelphia; Sam-uel Bail, Philadelphia; Abe Rosenberg, Philadelphia; Pauline G. Olken, Philadelphia; Morris Yusem, Philadelphia; than Gershon, Philadelphia; Robert Leepa, Philadelphia; Louis Zoobock, Philadelphia; R. Guenther, Fountain Hill; R. E. Weaver, Reading; Wilson K. John, Reading.

NEW YORK
Governor: James P. Cannon.
Lieut. Governor: Franklin P. Brill.
Secretary of State: Lily Lore.
Comptroller: Abraham Epstein.
Treasurer: Edward Lindgren.
Attorney General: Arthur S. Leeds.
State Engineer and Surveyor: Richard J. Verhagen.
Congressional Candidates: Alexan-der Trachtenberg, 10th district, Brownsville; Harry M. Winitsky, 12th district, Lower East Side; Ludwig Lore, 14th district, East Side; Juliet Stuart Poyntz, 20th district, Harlem; H. M. Wicks, 23rd district, Bronx.
Senatorial Candidates: George Primoff, 7th district, Brownsville; Moissaye J. Olgin, 14th district, East Side; Nathan Wilkes, 18th district, Harlem.
Assembly Candidates: Dr. Abraham Caspe, 2nd district, East Side; B. Lif-schitz, 4th district, East Side; Rubin Saltzman, 6th district, East Side; Carl Brodsky, 8th district, East Side; Emil Kreisinger, 14th district, Yorkville; Wm. W. Weinstein, 17th district Har-lem; Dr. A. Markoff, 18th district,

Harlem; Jos. J. Padgug, 3rd district, Bronx; Rebecca Grecht, 5th district, Bronx; Paul Scherer, 6th district, Wil-liamsburg; Sam Nasin, 14th district, Williamsburg; Fanny Warshefky, 23rd district, Brownsville.

Presidential Electors: Fred Macy, Hampstead; Jacob, Kossova, Far Rockaway; Peter Midolla, Brooklyn; Lilly Lore, Brooklyn; Herman Kreis-sig, Brooklyn; Edward Lindgren, Brooklyn; Margaret Unjus, Brooklyn; Jacob Mindel, Brooklyn; Gustave Rit-ter, Brooklyn; Charles Kaplan, Brook-lyn; Morris Moss, Staten Island; A. Caspe, New York City; Adolph Grecht, New York City; Kate Gitlow, New York City; Fred Cammer, New York City; Rose Engelberg, New York City; Frank E. Fite, New York City; F. Van Praet, New York City; Simon Felshin, New York City; Abraham Markoff, New York City; Robert Baer, New York City; Louis Baum, Bronx; Jeannette Winitsky, Bronx; Belle Robbins, Bronx; Carl Johanntges, Yonkers; I. Musin, Newburgh; Simon Wiess, Rosendale; Jennie Drutz, Al-bany; Paula Rose Addy, Troy; C. H. Carr, Johnstown; Herman J. Mullen, Malone; Joseph Furgal, Fulton; Peter Kraus, Utica; Frank Pistek, Bingham-ton; Clara Kosoff, Syracuse; Esther Wright, Geneva; Emil Maki, Newfield; James Vanniel, Rochester; John Peterson, Rochester; Samuel Cohen, Buffalo; William Perry, Buffalo; Na-than Bass, Buffalo; Edwin Petterson, Jamestown; Leo. Hofbaur, New York City; Bertha Zunsar, New York City.

CANNON ON NEW YORK TOUR



JAMES P. CANNON
Communist Candidate for Governor of New York.

James P. Cannon, candidate for governor of New York on the Workers Party ticket, is scheduled to speak on the following nights:
Oct. 28, at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton street.
Oct. 29, at Hennington Hall, 214 Second street.
Oct. 30, at Hopkinson Mansion, between Pitkin Ave. and East New York Ave., Brooklyn.
Nov. 1, at 8 p. m., at Workers' Hall, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx.
Nov. 2, at 2 p. m., at Webster Hall, 119 East 11th street.

The Circle A Mark of Accomplishment

No campaign of the DAILY WORKER to in-crease its circulation has received the success of the present one.

Thousands of workers with the progress of the Labor movement at heart have become active participants of the DAILY WORKER Bricklayers' Union and have sent us the load of subscription "bricks" that are pouring into the office to "Build the DAILY WORKER."

These workers believe that a most effective method to aid the American Labor movement is by working for the success of a Daily newspaper that has championed actively, aggres-sively the workers' cause in every struggle.

They believe that, and much more—and work for it. If you do also—and want to see the cause of Labor more effectively promoted, and reaching more workers, you will cut out this brick below and add directions and remit-tance. Around the length of subscription that you desire for the worker you have induced to subscribe—you will place a circle. Then send it to the DAILY WORKER.

That is your mark of accomplishment for the Labor movement.

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"The National Labor Daily"

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The World of Labor • Industry & Agriculture

On a Labor Faker's Trail

PEABODY COAL BOSS PAID TO SLUG MINERS

Farrington and Operators Blacklist Rebels

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY, (Article Eleven.)

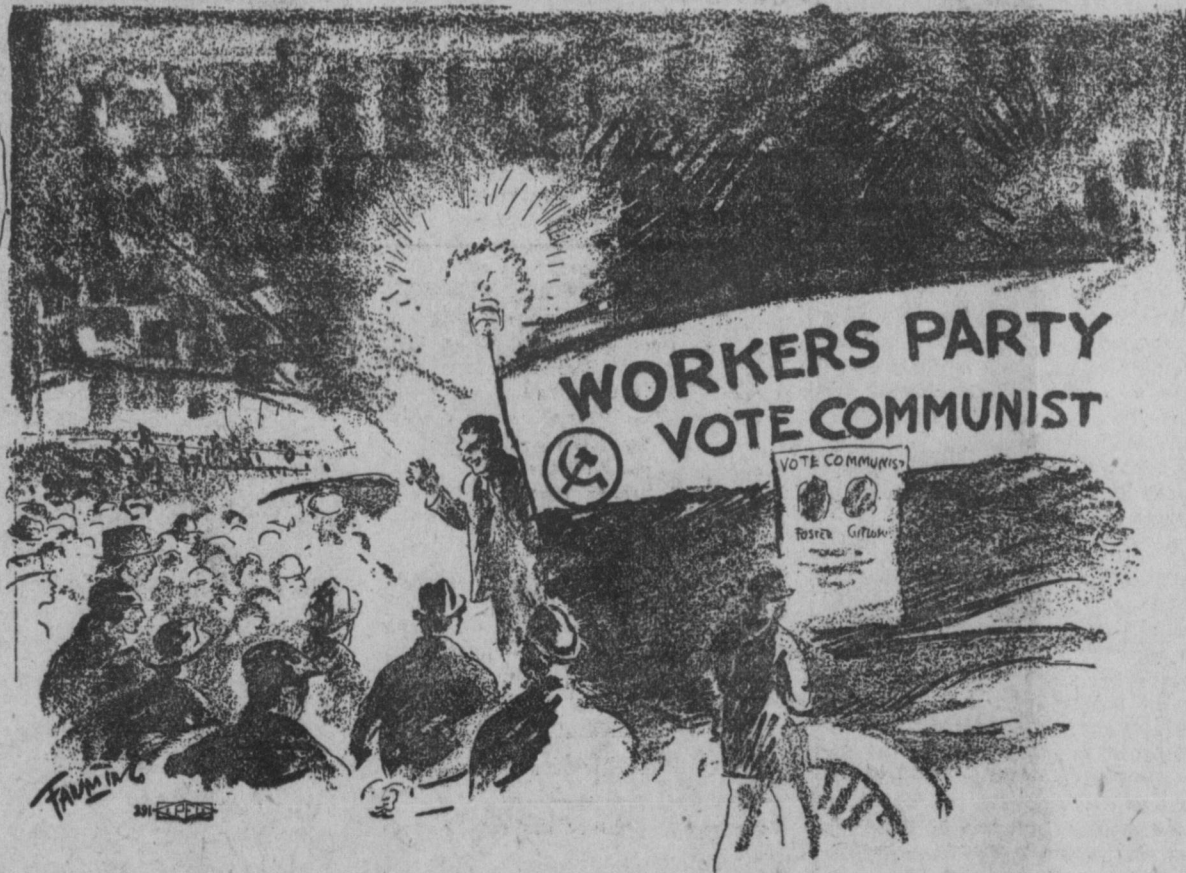
After the brutal slugging of the Collinsville delegation by the notorious "Jack" Brown, then boss for the Peabody Coal company at Andrew, Illinois, and at the present time a Peabody boss at Kincaid, who was assisted by Edward Maher and William Wall, the latter two now running for the jobs of legal investigators, now elective, but until the last convention appointive, the movement to organize the miners for the purpose of calling a special convention and kill the automatic fine clause, grew rapidly.

The state policy committee issued a call for a state-wide strike to be effective until their demands were met by the operators. Farrington having refused to accede to the demand of the rank and file for a convention, the policy committee issued a call for a special district convention to be held in Springfield, Illinois, Tuesday, August 19, 1919.

Convention Call
The call reads:
"Belleville, Ill., Aug. 13th, 1919.
"We the Policy Committee of the various local unions in District 12, now on strike for a readjustment of the wage agreement having been ignored in a demand for a Special Convention by the District Executive Board request that all local unions elect delegates to a convention to be held in Springfield, Ill., Tuesday, Aug. 19, 1919.

"The purpose of the convention shall be to devise ways and means to secure immediate adjustment of the wage scale and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.
"Delegates are requested to present

RED NIGHTS IN NEW YORK CITY



A preliminary meeting on a lesser corner to announce the bigger Red Night Meeting more centrally located.

credentials from their local unions.
"All local unions are to continue on strike and ask all others to join the strike, subject to the action of the convention."

Angered Miners
While the miners in all parts of the state had grievances which they wanted redressed it was the brutal treatment of the Belleville delegates by Farrington's slugs and the actions of his paid gunmen through the mining regions that set fire to the discontent that was smoldering in the miners' ranks.
The following excerpt taken from a speech delivered by Delegate Kohler, at the state convention held in Peoria, from March 16 to March 20, 1920, gives a picture of the feeling among the miners over the outrageous conduct of the district president.

Hohler said: "... as a representative of Peoria I want to give you the true facts as far as I

can. As you know, we have the Moon-ey headquarters in Peoria and we did all we possibly could to get Moon-ey free, because we were informed by our own officers that Moon-ey was innocent. We felt that man was innocent and that he had no business in jail; therefore we created a (Mooney Defense League in Peoria. It was called the headquarters of the Mooney Defense League.

"When we came out on strike on July 4th the sentiment of the officers was against us, and as a consequence we were fined. We did not care so much about being fined, but we wanted it done in a legitimate way. We were under the impression that we had no agreement at that time. The International Convention afterwards showed that we were right and that we had no agreement. When the Belleville fellows came up here there was discontent in the Peoria field and it was easy to get them in line. We were told in the Peoria meeting that was held on Sunday that the delegation from Belleville had gone to Springfield and tried to get an interview with the district officers.

Farrington's Statement
"We were told that they were slugged, beaten up, and that the statement was made by the president that Belleville was too small to dictate to the state of Illinois. We take it that if Belleville had enough members to call for a special meeting they had that right. At least they had a right to interview the president, and if they could not get satisfaction from him they had a right to call a special convention.

"We contended that we had no contract, and on that account the Peoria fellows were in favor of having a convention.
Thus Farrington's brutal tactics as much as the resentment against the automatic fine clause was responsible for the strike involving 75,000 men in defiance of the threats from Farrington's office. The reactionary officials were not able to handle the rank and file even with the aid of their gunmen, so the coal operators and the government was called in to save them.

Gunmen Turned Loose
Deputy sheriffs were appointed from the ranks of the miners who remained loyal to Farrington. Gunmen and criminals of all descriptions were organized to terrorize the strikers, charters were revoked and the coal operators on Farrington's suggestion issued orders to the strikers that unless they returned to work their jobs would be forfeited. Here were the bosses and the government working hand in hand with strikebreaker Farrington.

Farrington henchmen were ordered to hire "union strikebreakers" to work in the struck mines. These gangsters went around with guns in their hip pockets, broke into meetings and subjected the wives of the insurgents to a continual stream of abuse. The union delegates who went from town to town carrying the message to their fellow workers were met on the highways by gunmen hired by Farrington.

Beaten on Highways
A statement was issued by these delegates, which sets forth the object of their mission and its peaceable character, telling of the treatment they received at the hands of Farrington's gunmen and winding up with: "We also appeal to the mine workers in

every part of the state to rally to our support and defeat the aims of the Farrington machine that is now using the treasury of the Illinois Mine Workers to hire every crook and thug to defeat our efforts in the cause of humanity."

"The Farrington strikebreakers were offered \$6.50 per day and expenses." The manner in which Farrington paid his strikebreakers and the conditions under which they worked is shown from the following testimony given by Martin Bolen:

The Way It Was Done.
"I, Martin Bolen, president of local Union 1307, Kincaid, Illinois, depose and say: On or about August 14th, 1919, Ed. Bowen notified me in front of the Kincaid Miners' Hall to go up to the Sub-District office in Taylorville, Ill. When I appeared there, the sub-district board was in session, the Sub-District President, Allen Haywood asked me if I wanted to be put on the payroll for the purpose of putting the striking miners back to work.

"I agreed and my name was put on the payroll. President Haywood stated to me that he had been instructed by District President Frank Farrington to put all the men he could get on the payroll to crush the rebellion. I further seen a list of the names of men in the sub-district office who were then on the payroll, among them appeared the name of Bert Savage and Mark Mason, of L. U. 517, Tovey, Ill., and John Brukowski, of L. U. 721, of Pana.

"The first check I received for this kind of work was in the Winton Hotel in Cleveland, O., the check was issued by Walter Nesbit, State Secretary Treasurer, was O. K'ed by Allan Haywood and the amount was \$26.90 and stated 'Advance to delegate to National Convention.' I later received a second check which came thru Henry Houser, Sub-District Secretary-Treasurer, the amount was \$29.15 and I receipted for same as 'doing field work for the miners.' When I turned in the time worked by me to the Sub-District President, he gave me a letter referring me to the State office.

From Post To Pillar
"I went to Springfield and presented the letter to Vice-President Fishwick, as President Farrington was not in at the time. Fishwick referred me back to the Sub-District office, stating that the money for field workers would be sent there in bulk, and advised me to tear up the letter in my possession so as not to cause Henry Houser to suspect anything. I tore up the letter, but told Houser what Fishwick had said to

me, as I wanted to keep Houser posted. I did not receive the money then, but was paid thru the Sub-district office. Fishwick told me to deny getting any of this money if ever asked about it.
"Signed: Martin Bolen.
"Subscribed and sworn to before me by the said Martin Bolen, this 7th day of November A. D. 1919.
"Signed E. D. Henry, Notary Public.
Seal
(State of Illinois)
(Sangamon County)
In the Selling Business
It is not surprising that Farrington would consistently sell the miners votes to the government of the state of Illinois. During the stormy days of 1919, hundreds of special deputy sheriffs similar to those appointed at the request of Gary in the steel strike were appointed by the state and county officials at Farrington's request. These deputies were union strikebreakers and not paid by the county which appointed them. These deputies were paid out of the \$27,000 fund of which Farrington refused to give an itemized report until compelled to do so by the International convention.
Here was the edifying spectacle of Farrington, president of a great labor organization paying officers of a capitalist government to put the members of his own union in jail. Wives of

WEINSTONE GETS EXCELLENT MESSAGE ACROSS TO WORKERS IN DEBATE WITH SOCIALIST

NEW YORK CITY, Oct. 23.—William W. Weinstone, representing the Communist position in the four-cornered political symposium which turned into a debate between the Communist and socialist speakers, in the Community Church on Sunday afternoon, flayed the socialist party and its representative, Charles Solomon, candidate for lieutenant-governor, as having completely given up every shred of socialist principles in supporting LaFollette in the present election.

LaFollette Supporter of Capitalism.
Outlining the main issues in the present campaign, the menace of new wars, the growing unemployment, the use of the government against the

workers, the capitalist offensive and the open shop drive resulting in low wages and long hours, Weinstone showed that for the two old parties and their representatives that spoke before him these issues did not at all exist, and that LaFollette's platform was entirely futile and impotent and would not solve a single one of these pressing problems of the working class. "LaFollette," he declared, "like the two old parties, is a staunch supporter of the present system of private property." Referring to the former platforms of the socialist party and the declaration of their chief spokesman, Morris Hilquit, Weinstone challenged Solomon who was to follow him, to explain on the basis of socialist doctrine, why LaFollette should get the support of the labor party. He particularly called upon Solomon to state whether he believed in the platform of LaFollette which was a movement back to 1776—a return to the old individualistic competitive system of production with its miserable wage for the workers, long hours and sweat shop conditions a period in which labor was weak and poorly organized.

MacDonald Serves Capitalist Class
Discussing the MacDonald government whom the socialists support, Weinstone pointed out that MacDonald was continuing the policy of the capitalist politicians in enslaving the colonial workers, in using airplanes and bombs against the natives of Egypt and Iraq, in bringing into existence the Dawes plan which was a policy of continuing the war against Germany with economic means, and which would lead to another world war in which America would play a leading part.

Wisconsin A Model of Capitalist Rule
Taking up Wisconsin, the speaker showed that as far as the working class was concerned this state which has been bossed by LaFollette, was run in the interests of the capitalist class in the same manner as in every other state of the union and that there the big trusts rule the workers as they do generally in the United States. He ended his speech with an appeal for the support of William Z. Foster as the candidate on the only ticket which stands upon the platform exclusively devoted to the interest of the toiling masses of this country.

Admitted Futility of LaFollette Platform
Charles Solomon, who spoke after

Weinstone, evaded the issues raised by the Communist speaker and failed to answer the questions put to him. Admitting the futility of the platform of LaFollette, he pleaded that "we must give this movement a chance." He said: "The socialist party had at last applied common sense to its politics and that it should have taken the present stand years ago and gone along with the reform movements."

In his concluding remarks Weinstone replying to Solomon's argument pointed out again that movements, no matter who supports them, must be analyzed from the point of view where they are going and whether they are in the interest of the working class, and he further declared that the LaFollette movement was taking the working class off the path of independent working class political action onto the path which leads into the wilderness of capitalist politics. "The socialist party, in adopting the so-called policy of common sense was acting the same as the old reactionary parties in following any policy which would bring votes," declared Weinstone.

In answering questions from the audience, Solomon resorted to the cheap debater's tricks of evading questions where he could not answer them and in one instance denying that the movement of LaFollette was supported by millionaires. The question was turned over to be answered by the Communist speaker who pointed out that not only did millionaires back him, but that the directing committee of the LaFollette campaign had as its leading members the drug millionaire Rawleigh, the sugar King Spreckles, and among other such representatives as John M. Nelson who voted for the war, the espionage act and the exclusion of Victor Berger from congress; and that the millionaire banker Vanderlip was the one whom Wheeler declared had "had conspired him for candidacy to run along with LaFollette." "Such leaders," declared Weinstone, "showed that this was a movement of a section of the capitalist class who are using the labor movement as a cat-paw for their boss' interests."

The audience consisted chiefly of students of the colleges of the city which in a straw ballot, gave LaFollette 291 votes, Foster 34, Coolidge 15, Davis 13 and Eugene V. Debs 5.

miners were thrown in jail, some of them with babies at their breasts. The coal operators got busy and hundreds were indicted and held on heavy bail.

Then John L. Lewis came to the assistance of Farrington. According to the International Constitution of the United Mine Workers of America the International President only has the right to revoke the charters of districts, sub-districts and locals, but Lewis delegated this right to Farrington in the state of Illinois with the result that the latter revoked the charters of 24 locals and made an agreement with the coal operators that none of these who took leading part in the insurgent movement should be employed in the mines. To use Farrington's own words: "It is our understanding that the operators will not pick the ringleaders in the strike, which has crippled the mines. . . . If any do get positions and are admitted to a local we intend to file charges against them and oust them from the union."

The Final Blow
Thus the faker Farrington was using the operators to deliver the final crushing blow to the men who dared to stand up for their rights and who were proved to be justified in their position by the International Convention.
The sum used by the Farrington

THE BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEV PAYS VISIT TO BUFFALO, NEW YORK

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 23.—The Beauty and the Bolshievik will be shown in the Broadway Theatre, Broadway near Jefferson street, Saturday, Oct. 25. Matinee at 2:30 and evening at 7:30. Every worker in Buffalo should see this great comedy-drama of love in the Red Army. It is the first great feature film made in Soviet Russia.

An added attraction of "Russia in Overalls," a three-reel survey of economic life in Soviet land, will also be shown. Tickets are 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children. Tickets are on sale at the Workers Party office, Room 3, 36 West Huron St., Bass Barber Shop, 299 William St., and at the Broadway Theatre.

Another Mystery Cleared.
DIXON, Ill., Oct. 23.—Mystery surrounding the finding of two human heads on the Lincoln highway near here Sunday was solved today when the sheriff's office learned they had been used in research work by a local doctor.

Your Union Meeting

FOURTH FRIDAY, Oct. 24, 1924.

No.	Name of Local and Place of Meeting
122	Blacksmiths, 64th and S. Ashland Avenue.
429	Boiler Makers, 105th and Avenue M.
434	Boiler Makers, 55th and Halsted.
533	Boiler Makers, 62nd and Halsted Streets.
182	Electricians, 19 W. Adams St.
683	Engineers (Locomotive), Madison and Sacramento.
845	Engineers, 180 W. Washington St.
674	Firemen and Enginemen, 5428 Wentworth Avenue.
45	Fur Workers.
118	Hod Carriers, 1850 Sherman Ave., Evanston.
4	Lithographers, 639 S. Ashland Blvd.
237	Bakers and Confectioners, 3420 W. Roosevelt Road.
	Building Trades Council, 180 W. Washington Street.
	Carpenters' District Council, 505 E. State St.
1	Carpenters, 175 W. Washington St.
2200	Carpenters, 4339 S. Halsted St.
15	Conductors (Sleeping Car), 912 Capitol Bldg., 10 a. m.
3	Electrotypers, 175 W. Washington Street.
35	Grain Cutters, 180 W. Washington St.
199	Machinists, 113 S. Ashland Ave.
492	Machinists, 55th and Halsted Streets.
746	Machinists, S. E. cor. Lexington and Wells.
1225	Machinists, 53rd Pl. and Halsted Street.
6	Metal Polishers, 119 S. Throop St.
73	Pattern Makers, 119 S. Throop St.
310	Plasterers, 180 W. Washington St.
853	Plumbers, 512 S. Halsted St.
1268	Railway Carmen, Blue Island, Ill.
1307	Railway Carmen, 52nd and Robey.
853	Railway Clerks, 9 S. Clinton Ave.
401	Watchmen (Stock Yards), 3749 S. Halsted St., 9 a. m.
9	Electricians, 2901 W. Monroe St.
84	Glass Workers, Emily and Marshfield Ave.
	Ladies' Garment Workers, Joint Board, 328 W. Van Buren St.
113	Machinists, 113 S. Ashland Blvd.
532	Painters, School and Sheffield Ave.
612	Plumbers, 525 S. Chicago Ave.
1	Piano and Organ Workers, 810 W. Harrison Street.
998	Railway Carmen, 11405 Michigan Avenue.
306	Railway Clerks, Atlantic Hotel.

machine to crush the strike according to a report made by Secretary-Treasurer Nesbit at the Peoria State Convention in 1920, was \$27,299.59.

Why should the coal operators bother about hiring gunmen when the president of the miners' union spends the money paid into the treasury by the members of the union, to put these very men in jail or beat them up or both?

The forthcoming articles of this series will cover other high spots in Farrington's career, but his part in crushing the 1919 strike is enough to damn him forever in the eyes of all honest workers.

Pioneer Organizer Dies.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Edward J. Cantwell, secretary of the Natl. Assn. of Letter Carriers for the past 26 years, and editor of the Postal Record, is dead at his home here. He was a pioneer in the organizing of postal employees and bringing them into trade union affiliation.

Secretary Wanted

Woman stenographer, competent to prepare manuscript for publication. Must have extensive knowledge of labor movement. Position open in December. Age between 35 and 50. Single.

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OUR DAILY PATTERNS

FOR MATURE FIGURES

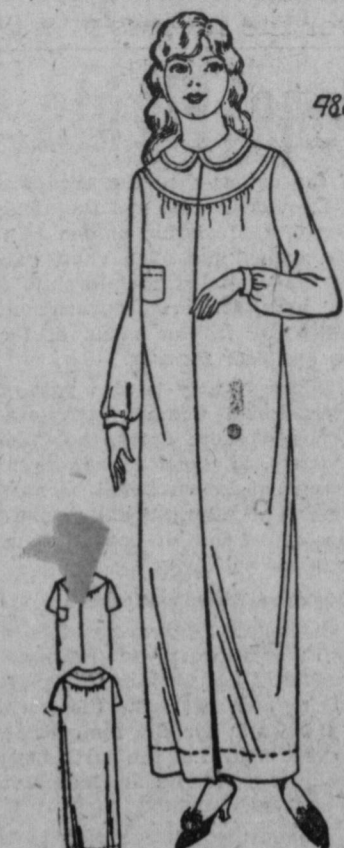
A COMFORTABLE NIGHT GOWN



4589. Velvet or satin, would be very attractive for this model. It is finished in slip on style. The plait portions afford becoming fullness at the sides. The facing and collar are new features.

This pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust measure. A 38-inch size requires 5 1/2 yards of 40-inch material. For collar and facings of contrasting material 1/2-yard is required. The width at the foot is 3 3/4 yards.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Send 12c in silver or stamps for our UP-TO-DATE FALL & WINTER 1924-1925 BOOK OF FASHIONS.



4584. This style is good for cambric, longcloth, crepe, of outing flannel, also for crepe de chine, and silk. The sleeve may be short, or in wrist length.

The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: Small, 34-36; medium, 38-40; large, 42-44; extra large, 46-48 inches bust measure. A medium size requires 4 3/4 yards of 36 or 40-inch material, if made with long sleeves. If with short sleeves 4 1/4 yards will be required.

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J. LOUIS ENGAHL, Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE, Business Manager
MORITZ J. LOEB

Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

Ourselves and the Prince

A Canadian capitalist paper is terribly distressed because we took editorial cognizance of the peripatations of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, who recently visited the money-hogs of Long Island, New York, and the four-footed species in the Chicago stockyards. What we had to say about Edward P. did not please the loyal ears of our Canadian contemporary.

What could we say about the prince except that he danced frequently, how well we do not know, but apparently to the satisfaction of the American female parasites who waited in line to receive the royal terpsichorean attentions?

We said the prince could punish his liquor, which is no disgrace to royalty considering the reputation enjoyed by "Merry King Hal." It is even rumored that Queen Elizabeth, the reputed virgin, could hide away a hooker of booze preparatory to embarking on one of her very unvirgin-like escapades. Indeed, we are afraid that her virginity was as mythical as Calvin Coolidge's wisdom.

What more can be said about a prince who has nothing to do? If he can drink and make life more agreeable for the female section of the parasite class, he is worth his booze money. For us he provided an excellent object lesson: to show the American workers how their masters live.

We can assure the irritated Canadian editor that The DAILY WORKER would like nothing better than to have half a dozen princes as dumb and as chronically drunk as the Prince of Wales making the rounds of our big cities from one year to the other. He would provide us with excellent propaganda material.

We hope the prince will drop around again whenever Haig and Haig loses its kick and the home-brew of our American patriotic law abiding boot-leggers appeals to him. Ramsay MacDonald and the other socialists will look after his empire, so H. R. H. should worry.

The Bill Collector

While the stoopigeons under William J. Burns and Harry Daugherty were busy investigating radicals, other investigators were on the job investigating the investigators. One of those whose past history was dug into happens to be Calvin Coolidge the mythical Samson of the republican party.

The current issue of The Searchlight, a Washington publication that noses around in the sewers of capitalism and likes it, is almost entirely devoted to telling "The Plain Truth about Calvin Coolidge." "Cal" has led such a colorless life, that there is not much to be told. But for the myth that his banker friends have built up around him, there would not be enuf of a story in his life to cover a postage stamp.

Coolidge was a very small bore lawyer. Even the corporations would not hire him. Tho they are not in the market for honesty, they insist on brains. Calvin's specialty in the legal line was collecting bills. He never got beyond that until Murray Crane, the Mark Hanna of New England republicanism picked him up as a likely cog in his machine.

His political career was the result of his "regularity" and the Boston police strike, which found favor for him in the eyes of the capitalists thruout the country.

As a president Coolidge makes a good bill collector for the capitalists and what more do they want?

Smoked Out

Congressman LaGuardia of New York is one of the cleverest demagogues in this country. In the early days of the world war he could not wait until Morgan was ready to jump in on the side of his millions, so LaGuardia offered his services to the King of Italy and had a fine time making recruiting speeches in that country with the nutty poet D'Annunzio. But after the war was over, LaGuardia kept his political ear to the ground and heard the rumblings of the workers' discontent against those who led them into the war and forced them to endure the privations of unemployment and want after the war.

The wily demagogue LaGuardia became a "progressive," the kind that progresses backward. He is now endorsed by the socialist party of New York, and the manager of this faker's campaign is the professional political pie-eater and yellow socialist, Marie MacDonald. LaGuardia's opponent on the Workers Party ticket is Juliet Stuart Poyntz.

Comrade Poyntz challenged LaGuardia to debate, but instead of debating with her, he incited the police to arrest her. He did not get away with it, however, as the workers began to look on him as a coward, so now he has decided to accept the challenge. Major LaGuardia will be shown what kind of a freak a capitalist progressive really is.

How did Spolansky learn that the fellow who exploded the bomb in Wall Street "rubbed his chin" as he peered around the corner of a building at the destruction caused by his act? Spolansky admits "he was observed by nobody" and was never arrested. It looks bad for Spolansky.

Coolidge looks after the nation's nickels, said Dawes. Perhaps—after they are gone. Silent Cal is just about the kind who would busy himself saving nickels while some Jess Smith was getting away with the dollars. "A nickelodeon for president" would make a good campaign slogan.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER

Destroy the LaFollette Illusion

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
Workers-Party Candidate for President

OUR biggest task today is to combat and destroy the LaFollette illusion. This is the greatest obstacle to the development of a working class conscious of its interests and prepared for serious struggle with American capitalism.

The LaFollette program accepts capitalism as its starting point. It completely ignores the fact that all the ills of the working class spring from the capitalist system and can only be abolished with the system that causes them. LaFollette wants to tinker around the capitalist machine and repair it. He wants to soften some of its more glaring evils and make it more beautiful and palatable to the masses. He wants to extend the democratic forms, and lead the workers to look to their reforms for relief, instead of struggling to establish their own power to control society.

Never, however, does LaFollette or his program touch the vital question of power—which class is to rule. He throws a mask over the brutal and obvious fact that the present system is a dictatorship of the capitalist class. He does not propose a single measure that so much as hints at overthrowing that dictatorship.

No Blows at Capital

LaFollette's backers boast that 15 out of 18 measures formerly advocated by him have been enacted into law. They were all of the same sort that he advocates now. One would think, from the boasts of the boosters, that these measures had been a blow at the rule of capital. Nothing of the sort. Capitalism is stronger today by a hundred times than it was when LaFollette began his work, and his measures, so far from weakening the capitalist dictatorship have strengthened it.

Take, for example, the direct election of senators. Formerly senators were elected by the legislatures, and the corruption, the open purchase and sale of votes by means of which the capitalists determined who should fill the offices, constituted a festering sore and an incitement to revolt to the masses. LaFollette "cured" this sore, but did the capitalist lose their control of the offices? Not a bit of it. With their control of party machinery, of the press, of the schools, of the ideas and the means of spreading ideas to the masses, with their complete and undisputed control of industry—the capitalist class continues its dictatorship undisturbed, while the masses are fooled into thinking that something has been fundamentally changed. But it is the same old capitalist system, fitted out with a new dress by LaFolletteism.

It is a great mistake to suppose because the big capitalists oppose LaFollette now, that this proves LaFollette represents the workers. Capitalism is still arrogant, and thinks it can rule thru a Coolidge. German capitalism also used to oppose the social-democrats of Germany; they hounded and outlawed the socialists; but when their hour of crisis came, and capitalism could have been overthrown in Germany, the ruling class turned to the social-democracy, which deliberately saved capitalism, which shot down revolting workers by the thousands, and turned to patching up the shattered system. The capitalist class of America will similarly turn to LaFollette, and LaFollette will perform the same service for them in America that Ebert and Scheidemann performed for the German capitalist class.

"War Referendum" Is Joke

LaFollette says he is against war, but his program leads directly to war, just the same as that of Coolidge or of Davis. He proposes a referendum on war, but not the slightest move to control and remove the cause of war, capitalism. Such a referendum is more than a ghastly joke; it is designed as an instrument of war itself, for it will become merely a means of more effectively mobilizing the masses for the coming world imperialist war, by fooling them into thinking that they have something to say about the decision.

Even now, so early in the game, the capitalists are quite widely beginning to recognize how valuable LaFollette is to their class interests, and their antagonism to him is being softened a great deal, while a few big ones, like Spreckles and Vanderlip, actually go along and receive decisive votes in LaFollette's councils. But the workers are building up a Frankenstein, by supporting LaFollette, that will turn and devour them, just as did the monster of social-democracy with the German workers in 1918.

Again all this reformism and class collaboration the Workers Party, raises the slogan of the class struggle. We know from history that ruling classes cannot be driven from power by a slow process of reform. In every case that a ruling class has been deposed in the past, it has been thru the open struggle by the rising class. Capitalism itself came into being thru a series of revolutions, that made one world revolution against the prevailing feudal system. American, German, French, Italian and English capitalism were all born in civil war.

We live under the most ruthless,

the best organized, the richest, the most intelligent and militant ruling class that world history has ever recorded. It can be absolutely depended upon that our ruling class will not yield its power without a struggle. Even if the workers should elect their own men to office, the capitalist class would throw aside its mask of democracy and resort to force to maintain its rule. We saw this happen in Italy, where, when the workers threatened the capitalist system, the murderous Fascist, agents of capitalism, destroyed even the pretense of democratic government and drowned the workers' movement in blood. The same thing is being prepared by the capitalist class of America, behind the protective mask

of "progressivism," and the American working class must prepare itself to meet it.

Workers Must Take Power

There is but one way in which the workers will ever gain power, and that is thru sufficient organization, intelligence and militancy, to take power from the capitalist class in open struggle.

The world war was a crisis for capitalism. The working class could have won its freedom at this time by a bold and courageous struggle. But the LaFollettes, the Eberts, the Hendersons, the Vanderveldes, were controlling the workers' organizations. Instead of leading the workers to the battle against capitalism, they took

up the battle for capitalism. They betrayed the working class, just as LaFollette will betray the working class. But since that time a new power has arisen in the world—in all countries—Communist parties have been organized, and have been crystallized in the Communist International. This is the greatest fact in history. For it means that when the next great war, now definitely in preparation, is launched upon the world by capitalist imperialism, the Communist International will raise the slogan of worldwide proletarian revolt, will lead the working masses against their oppressors, and smash once for all the capitalist dictatorship and the capitalist system, and will establish thruout the world the rule of the workers.

THE JUDAS KISS



Drawn especially for the DAILY WORKER by K. A. Suvanto.

Workers Party Alone Fights Labor's Battles

By BENJAMIN GITLOW
Workers Party Candidate for Vice President

CAPITALISM in the United States is going thru a crisis. The winter of 1925 will see factory after factory shut down. The streets will be full of hungry men looking for jobs. About seven to eight million workers will be unemployed.

As a result of all this situation poverty and untold misery is confronting the workers. The campaign to reduce wages will be pressed with renewed vigor by the capitalist class. Workers in every line of industry will have their wages greatly reduced.

No Relief for Agriculture

Every attempt on the part of the workers will be brutally suppressed by the capitalists. The crisis in agriculture will not be ended because of the slight increase in the price of wheat because it is based on the economic demoralization of Europe.

The crisis in industry in America coupled with the crisis in agriculture will greatly intensify the class conflicts going on in capitalist society. The producers, that is, the workers and farmers, in desperation and revolt against the intolerable conditions that the crisis will produce, will become factors in big mass struggles against the capitalists who dominate the economic and political life of the country.

All Power to Workers!

The only party that is organized to battle in the interests of the workers is the Workers Party. It is the only party in the United States in the face of the crisis developing in the United States that has the courage to come out flatfootedly for the working class.

The Workers Party proposes to lead the workers in a struggle against unemployment, wage reductions and the attempt of the capitalists to smash workers' organizations.

The slogan of the Workers Party is work or relief for the unemployed at the union rate of wages. No wage cuts under any price. The solidifica-

tion of the unions thru the organization of the unorganized and the amalgamation of the existing unions as a measure against the open shop war. Against the capitalist dictatorship, a workers' and farmers' government with all power in the hands of the workers and poor farmers.

The Workers Party is also part of the international Communist movement. The Workers Party, the Communist Party, is proud to adhere to the Communist International because the Communist International is more than an expression of international working class solidarity.

Organize World's Workers

The Communist International is a militant, revolutionary, international organization of the working class. It is preparing and organizing the workers of the world for the final struggle to wrest control of the earth from the capitalist exploiters and butchers of the workers.

The Communist International is that world organization of the proletariat that points out to the workers of the world the lesson of the last

world war. It shows the workers that war is the final culmination of capitalist glory, that it results in the butchery of the workers, and in the creation of untold misery for them. The Communist International shows the workers of the world how capitalism is leading the workers of the world into another imperialist world slaughter.

For the World Revolution

And the Communist International is the organization that will turn such a world war into a war against the capitalists. It will help the workers turn the war into a world revolution to abolish capitalism the world over.

Let the Battle Start.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23. — Sir Esme Howard, British ambassador to the United States, declared in a speech here today that the world's greatest need was an international trade arrangement for the development of "an open door with a fair field and no favor" for all countries to all countries.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

IN THE NEXT ISSUE OF THE The DAILY WORKER Magazine Section SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25

1. The Program of the Communist International. (Draft adopted at Fifth Congress.)
2. Forces Making for Imperialism.....By Manuel Gomez
3. The Present World Situation.....By I. Stalin Secy., Russian Communist Party
4. Prepare for the Coming Struggles.....By Alexander Bittelmann
5. Campaign Notes of a District Organizer.....By Arne Swaback
6. Principles of Communist Propaganda.....By Communist International

And Other Interesting Articles

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