

Only 21 days are left to raise \$12,850 defense fund for the appeals of Angelo Herndon and the Scottsboro boys. \$2,150 received to date. See blank on page four of this issue. Rush contributions to International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., New York City.

# Daily Worker

CENTRAL ORGAN COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A. (SECTION OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL)

Make This Figure Grow  
PRESS RUN  
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## 2,000 STRIKE ON BRIDGEPORT FORCED LABOR

### Hathaway Appeals for Mass Rally for Ordoqui Monday

### LIVING COSTS SOAR IN WAKE OF ROOSEVELT MEASURES

#### Prices Rise On News of Silver Deal

Officials Admit Prices Will Continue to Mount  
**SPECULATORS GAIN**  
Further Inflation Is Called a Certainty

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The price of daily necessities will rise in the coming weeks and months as a result of the present Roosevelt inflation measures, the A.A.A. crop destruction, the drought, and prospective further devaluation of the dollar, it is now freely admitted in official circles.

Already the price of bread, eggs, milk, and coal are leaping upward, slashing the pay envelope of every worker in the country.

Food prices are now 21 per cent higher than when Roosevelt took office. Department store articles, such as clothing, home furnishings, furniture, are 28 per cent higher than last March.

**Grain Market Up**  
As a result of the Roosevelt silver purchases, which will add about \$75,000,000 to the already swollen bank reserves, the commodity markets boomed upward yesterday with grains touching peak levels.

With heavy trading there was profit taking by the speculators with resultant small declines, particularly as the basic business conditions continue to show further crisis.

The Roosevelt silver measure in itself will mean large profits to silver mining companies. Of itself it is not a measure that will affect business. But in its implications of policy, taken with the fact that the Roosevelt government faces a severe drop in production and declining retail sales, the silver purchases are decidedly inflationary in meaning.

**See More Inflation**  
The existence of tremendous un-sold stocks of goods in certain industries will perhaps still work for price declines. But this can only be of a temporary nature since Roosevelt will have to pump further inflationary water into the body of American capitalism to keep the prices indices rising. Further inflation, such as the devaluation of the dollar, is a certainty.

Hogs, lard, cotton, wheat, rubber and corn prices leaped swiftly on all the exchanges, giving speculators millions in new profits.

With the A.A.A. program having destroyed more than one-third of the country's crops, as well as with the tremendous drought destruction, food supplies will be at a premium. This is admitted now by leading officials.

**Officers Fire 35 C.C.C. Workers After a Strike Against Rotten Food**  
LAUREL, Miss., Aug. 10.—Thirty-five C.C.C. workers were today dishonorably discharged from Camp Overt, near here, after they had refused to eat the rotten food served them.

The workers had gone on a food strike as a protest against the quality of food. The strike followed another early this week when workers protested and won promises of better food. The camp officers, however, failed to keep their promise to improve the quality of the food and 35 workers went on strike yesterday.

#### Workers Will Greet Herndon At Two Big Mass Rallies in Manhattan and The Bronx

##### Heroic Negro Leader to Speak Wednesday and on Aug. 22

NEW YORK.—Angelo Herndon, heroic Negro leader of the working-class, will speak in this city at two great mass welcome meetings, called by the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights.

The first meeting will be held at the Rockland Palace, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, next Wednesday evening. The second meeting, expected to be one of the greatest turnouts in New York labor history, will be in the Bronx Coliseum on Aug. 22, the anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, commemorated by the I. L. D. as National Scottsboro Day, in the struggle for the freedom of the nine Scottsboro boys.

His first public appearance since the tumultuous mass welcome accorded him on his arrival in this city last Tuesday, following his release on bail pending appeal, Herndon will be greeted by the outstanding leaders of the revolutionary movement. Besides Herndon, speakers at the Harlem rally will include Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party; Anna Damon, of the National Office of the I. L. D.; James W. Ford, William Fitzgerald, Joe Brodsky and Israel Amter. Ben Davis, Jr., Herndon's lawyer and editor of the Negro Liberator, will be chairman.

Herndon will be greeted in the Coliseum mass meeting by Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker; Ben Gold, Harry Haywood, national secretary of the I. S. N. R.; Robert Minor, Ruby Bates, key witness in the Scottsboro case; Ben Davis; Gil Green of the Young Communist League, and others.

Revolutionary entertainment is being arranged for both meetings.

Bronx workers' organizations are planning to form a mass torchlight parade to the Coliseum meeting.

Herndon, still seriously ill from his treatment in the Atlanta, Georgia prison, is at present under doctor's care, but is anxious to get into the campaign for the freedom of Thaelmann and the Scottsboro boys and for the raising of the \$15,000 needed to take the Herndon and Scottsboro appeals to the United States Supreme Court.

#### Protests to Governor Against Ives Loyalty Bill Urged by Teachers

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Workers' and intellectuals' organizations are being urged by the Unemployed Teachers Association and Classroom Teachers Groups to send immediate protests to Governor Lehman demanding that he veto the Ives Loyalty Oath Bill which the Senate approved Wednesday.

The Ives Bill requires an oath of allegiance from teachers to the Federal and State constitutions. If this bill is passed all progressive-minded teachers would face loss of their jobs if they dare to express their views. The bill is also an affront to teachers who engage in working class activity outside of school and challenges the right of teachers to organize militantly for better working conditions.

Protests should be sent immediately to Governor Lehman, Albany.

#### Fight Urged for Foreign-Born Workers; Committee Appeals for Protests to Perkins

NEW YORK.—The Committee for Protection of Foreign Born yesterday issue an appeal to all workers' organizations to join in their campaign against the persecution of foreign born by United States officials and departments.

The campaign calls for the circulation of thousands of post cards addressed to Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins, protesting the support of the department to fascist attacks on workers in San Francisco and throughout the country. Cards are one dollar per hundred and can be obtained from the Committee at 80 East 11th Street, Room 430, New York City.

The Committee for Protection of Foreign Born plans to intensify the fight to regain citizenship rights for Emil Gardos and to force cancellation of deportation warrants for Edith Berkman, William Zaslavak, Jack Schneider and others. The committee is also backing the bill for Right of Asylum for Political Refugees.

#### Trotskyites Fur Workers Push Betrayal Win Increase In Truck Strike In 200 Shops

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 10.—Contrary to false reports circulated by news agencies, the strike of Minneapolis truck drivers has not been called off, although Trotskyite leaders of the strike have suspended picketing while the Federal Court decides whether martial law shall be lifted or remain.

Governor Olson, testifying before the court in an effort to retain military rule, resorted to the lowest type of provocations against the Communist Party. Affidavits submitted by National Guard officers seek to put the blame for violence on the workers under the leadership of the Communist Party but these documentary falsehoods are so crude that even the address of the Communist Party headquarters is incorrectly stated on them.

The documents, which confuse the street addresses of the Party and Unemployment Council headquarters, are inept fables about social revolution patterned after Hearst's home-made sensations.

Governor Olson made free use of these transparent stool-pigeon methods before the court, however, to cover up the strike-breaking activity of the Farmer-Labor Party leadership. Nearly 200 workers are still imprisoned in the military stockade. The Communist Party has issued a statement exposing these new provocations and calling on the workers to renew their picketing and to demand the withdrawal of the troops.

#### Thugs Assault Leaders of Taxi Drivers Union

NEW YORK.—Brutally assaulting Sam Orner and William Gandall, leaders of the Taxicab Drivers Union of New York, thugs wielding night-sticks attacked an open-air meeting of the union before Katz's garage, 13th Street and Avenue B yesterday.

Gandall suffered injuries about the head.

#### Darcy to Speak Aug. 19

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 10.—With Sam Darcy, district organizer of the Communist Party and candidate for Governor, as principal speaker, the annual Workers' Press picnic will be held Sunday, Aug. 19, at Royal Palms Grove, one mile west of Point Firmin, San Pedro.

#### Workers to Gather at Consulate Demonstration Comes on Anniversary of Machado's Fall

NEW YORK.—Workers will mass at the Cuban Consulate, 17 Battery Pl., Monday, 10 a.m., demanding the release of Joaquin Ordoqui, leader of the Cuban National Confederation of Labor, flung into a dungeon by Mendieta.

The demonstration, on the first anniversary of the overthrow of Gerardo Machado, former dictator of Cuba, will also support the demands of the Cuban masses against the Wall Street-Mendieta terror and for all workers' and toilers' rights.

On the same day at 8 p.m., a meeting on Ordoqui's arrest will be held at the Julio Mella Club, 1413 Fifth Ave., near 116th St., N. Y. C., where speeches will be made in English and Spanish.

Two hundred dollars are needed for the defense fund. Funds should be sent to the Ordoqui Defense Fund, Daily Worker, 80 East 13th St., N. Y. C.

In an appeal, following that of Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party; Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker and member of the Central Committee, yesterday called for demonstrations and actions to win the release of Joaquin Ordoqui.

"This especially our duty to our class brothers in the colony of Wall Street, Cuba, to join them in their fight to win the release of their militant leader, Ordoqui," Hathaway said.

"Ordoqui is hated by the Mendieta government because he fights against them and their Wall Street masters, who plunder and exploit the Cuban masses with ruthless brutality. But it is these same capitalist exploiters who are the enemies of the American working class. In fighting for Ordoqui, we are joining hands with our Cuban comrades in their fight against our common enemy, American imperialism.

"Therefore, I earnestly urge all workers and anti-imperialists to join in the demonstration before the Cuban Consulate on Monday morning, and to send funds to the Daily Worker for the fund to help free our imprisoned comrade."

#### ILD Seeks Writ to Halt Deportation of Seaman To Fascist Germany

NEW YORK.—In a last-minute attempt to save Frederick Beijerbach, 22-year old seaman, from deportation to fascist Germany, where he will face certain imprisonment, the International Labor Defense fought yesterday for a writ of habeas corpus.

Beijerbach, an active member of the International of Seamen and Harborworkers, escaped from Germany when Hitler came to power. Living in France, Beijerbach stowed away on the Leviathan. Seized by federal agents, he was sent to Ellis Island on Aug. 7 for deportation to Germany. The Leviathan sails at 10 a.m. today.

#### CUBA C. P. ASKS FIGHT TO END WALL ST. REIGN

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
HAVANA, Aug. 10.—For the first anniversary on Sunday of the overthrow of the bloody Machado government, the Communist Party of Cuba today issued a manifesto to the workers and peasants calling upon them to unite against the Mendieta government, which protects the Machado military officers, for the jobs to take possession of the wealthy homes and plantations, and for the peasants to seize the lands upon which they toil.

The Mendieta government has demonstrated its intense fear of the Communist Party by prohibiting all public gatherings on the day of the anniversary. It has arrested Ordoqui, the leader of the militant trade unions.

Nevertheless, the Communist Party is preparing to hold street demonstrations celebrating the end of the hated Machado rule and calling for the smashing of the yoke of Wall Street imperialism.

#### UNEMPLOYMENT COUNCIL OF U. S. URGES NATIONAL JOINT ACTION ON RELIEF

NEW YORK.—The National Unemployment Council of U.S.A. has issued a call for the formation of a National Arrangements Committee to carry on unified activity in the struggle for adequate provision for the unemployed, and other problems.

The National Unemployment Council proposes that this National Arrangements Committee shall plan an appropriate action on this issue, issue a call for the action and supervise its arrangements and organization.

The call is directed to the General Executive Council of the A. F. of L., the international unions, state federations of labor and central labor bodies, to independent and T.U.U.L. unions, to all unemployed organizations, to the Socialist, Communist and Farmer-Labor Party, to veteran, youth, Negro farmers, women and fraternal organizations, etc.

The National Unemployment Council asks that all organizations immediately take up the call and select their representatives. For further information communicate with the National Unemployment Council.

(Continued on Page 2)

#### Grand Jury Indicts All Hillsboro 11 Union Locals Aid Painters With Funds

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Indictments were returned against the militant Hillsboro Eleven, Thursday, by a Montgomery County Grand Jury. Reports received today indicate that other workers were also indicted.

The presiding judge suppressed all details of the Grand Jury hearings, announcing that no information would be given out until Friday morning.

The eleven known to be indicted are all working class leaders who were jailed two months ago for their leadership of the struggles of the unemployed in Montgomery County. These struggles, which won for the jobless far improved relief, caused the businessmen and fascist elements to organize both legal and illegal attacks against the movement.

The result was the arrests of the eleven leaders on charges of conspiracy to overthrow the government. Presumably the indictments just voted are on that charge.

#### Revolt At Scheme of S.P. Mayor

McLevy Refuses To Act When Workers Ask Pay for Work TO RALLY TODAY

Head of Socialist-Led Group Calls on Members To Scab

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 10.—More than 1,000 workers responded to the call of the rank and file general action committee of the Unemployed Relief Workers League last night at Redmen's Hall and voted to strike on all city relief jobs, after hearing a speech by Herbert Benjamin, national organizer of the Unemployment Councils.

Nearly 2,000 marched off the jobs this morning and gathered at City Hall where a delegation saw Socialist Mayor Jasper McLevy and demanded twelve dollars cash wages and other demands.

All relief workers in Bridgeport were recently put on a complete forced labor scheme whereby they were made to work for a miserable food basket each week.

Previous to this, the relief workers were paid \$5.60 plus the food basket, for a 24-hour work week. Under the present ruling the workers' pay was made to apply to monthly rent checks and gas and electric bills.

McLevy answered that the unemployed were to blame for the present situation because they did not vote right for the last twenty years. He said his hands were tied, but that the workers should carry the fight for more relief to Hartford and Washington.

The delegation reported to the waiting workers that the mayor will do nothing, and called for spreading of the strike, active picketing and a big demonstration at Washington Park Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Edgar Leake, chairman of the Socialist-controlled Relief Workers League, issued a strikebreaking statement calling upon members to scab, as the strike "was fomented by Communists."

#### 3 More Shops Join Strike In Knit Trade

NEW YORK.—Three open shops yesterday joined the general strike of knitgoods workers here. The shops were taken down by the Knitgoods Workers Industrial Union, militant organization in the trade.

The fight for the unity of the workers in the industry, urged by the K. W. I. U. upon the International Ladies Garment Workers Union and the U. T. W., the other unions in the industry, was answered by the workers of the I. L. G. W. I. U. who formed a common picket line with members of the Industrial Union to keep scabs from entering the Commodore Knitting Mills. Attempts of the police to disperse the pickets proved to no avail.

Leaders of the International and U. T. W. have not yet answered nor acknowledged the unity offers of the Industrial Union.

Many manufacturers have filed applications for settlement with the Industrial Union. These have not yet been acted upon.

#### Detroit Packing Strike Ends As Men Win Gains

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 10.—The strike at the Detroit Packing Company ended today when the workers agreed to go back and prepare for a more determined struggle in the near future. Wage increases were won for some.

The strike, which started Monday, was led by the United Sausage Workers Union, affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League, which recently signed victorious agreements with 13 companies.

Get Daily Worker Subscribers

#### Denver Goes Over the Top in 'Daily' Drive

DENVER was the second District to meet its drive quota, surging to 122.0 per cent during the last week. In reaching this mark, Denver passed Connecticut, which slipped back to 225 new readers, the exact number needed to fill its quota.

Boston closed in on Fort Worth in the fight for third place, by jumping from 58.1 to 84.5 per cent. Fort Worth moving up to 86.6 per cent.

Eleven Districts gained readers during the week, the most noteworthy gains being made by Pittsburgh, Newark, North Carolina, Milwaukee, Florida and South Dakota.

Serious losses were encountered in New York, Cleveland and Omaha. The total net loss for the week was 470 readers, or 2.4 per cent of the 20,000 new reader quota.

#### Changes in Circulation by Districts Since July 30

| DISTRICT           | Today's Saturday Circulation | Today's Mon.-Fri. Circulation | Increase or Decrease Over July 30 | Percent Increase Since Start of Drive Quota |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1 Boston           | 2,251                        | 1,411                         | 158                               | 697   |
| 2 New York City    | 19,126                       | 15,772                        | -677                              | 2,296                                       |
| 3 Philadelphia     | 3,728                        | 2,334                         | -8                                | 228   |
| 4 Buffalo          | 873                          | 621                           | 5                                 | 199   |
| 5 Pittsburgh       | 1,128                        | 626                           | 54                                | 169   |
| 6 Cleveland        | 3,581                        | 1,732                         | -117                              | 325   |
| 7 Detroit          | 2,976                        | 1,758                         | 11                                | 357   |
| 8 Chicago          | 5,569                        | 3,588                         | 58                                | 437   |
| 9 Minneapolis      | 1,672                        | 798                           | -11                               | 193   |
| 10 Omaha           | 396                          | 226                           | 65                                | 6   |
| 11 North Dakota    | 576                          | 216                           | 7                                 | 22  |
| 12 Seattle         | 1,484                        | 698                           | 24                                | 41  |
| 13 California      | 1,259                        | 715                           | 44                                | 285   |
| 14 Newark          | 1,281                        | 1,289                         | 19                                | 325   |
| 15 Connecticut     | 651                          | 78                            | 14                                | 225   |
| 16 North Carolina  | 175                          | 179                           | 17                                | 51  |
| 17 Birmingham      | 253                          | 172                           | -69                               | -136  |
| 18 Milwaukee       | 962                          | 537                           | 82                                | 69.5  |
| 19 Denver          | 879                          | 755                           | 65                                | 214   |
| 20 Fort Worth      | 229                          | 179                           | 1                                 | 75  |
| 21 St. Louis       | 313                          | 313                           | 13                                | 191   |
| 22 West Virginia   | 179                          | 91                            | 9                                 | 12.9  |
| 23 Kentucky        | 87                           | 64                            | 6                                 | 48  |
| 24 Louisiana       | 136                          | 103                           | -8                                | -23   |
| 25 Florida         | 188                          | 172                           | 11                                | 13.7  |
| 26 South Dakota    | 175                          | 149                           | 13                                | 21.3  |
| Canada and Foreign | 693                          | 393                           | -12                               | 18  |
| TOTAL              | 51073                        | 38713                         | -178                              | 337   |



# WARDEN OF MOABIT PRISON HIDES THEAELMANN'S WHEREABOUTS BY PREVENTING LEADER'S SIGNING REGISTERED MAIL RECEIPTS

## Committee Urges Thousands Send Return Receipt Letters Demanding Leader's Signature

### Furniture Union Gets an Acknowledgement Signed by Nazi

NEW YORK.—That thousands of workers immediately send registered letters of greeting to Ernst Thaelmann at the Moabit Prison in Berlin and demand that Thaelmann himself sign the receipts, is the appeal just issued by the National Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism.

This appeal is occasioned by the fact that a receipt has just been received from Berlin signed not by Thaelmann but by the fascist warden of the Moabit Prison acknowledging a letter of greeting sent to Thaelmann by the Furniture Workers Union of New York.

Thus it is clear that the fascist officials are keeping Thaelmann in complete isolation, or are incapable of producing him alive.

No Word in Weeks  
There has been no word from Thaelmann in the past few weeks since the Nazi raids in which hundreds were killed. He is being shunted from prison to prison, it was recently reported.

But the demand of the workers that he sign the receipts for his letters is a demand for some definite information as to his health and his whereabouts.

Letters of protest sent to Hitler in Berlin and letters of greeting sent to Thaelmann are a powerful weapon for wresting the great leader of the German working class from the hands of the Nazi jailers. All anti-fascist fighters and organizations are urged to send registered letters to Ernst Thaelmann, Moabit Prison, Berlin, Germany, with a demand that the authorities send back a return receipt acknowledging the letters.

Send 100 Letters  
BUCHANAN, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Workers here have entered the campaign for the rescue of Thaelmann and liberation for all anti-fascist prisoners in Germany. In the next mails a hundred postal cards will go forward from this small city to Thaelmann, Moabit Prison, Berlin.

Begin Signature Drive  
HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 10.—As a result of the meetings addressed by Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld and Aneurin Bevan of London actions are being prepared here to assist in the Thaelmann campaign. Signatures and penny collections as well as further mass protests are being arranged.

### Artists' Union Meets For Reorganization

NEW YORK.—A general reorganizational meeting of the Artists Union was held last Wednesday evening. Its purpose was to clarify to the general membership the necessity of fighting out their economic problems cooperatively and militantly.

Realizing the difficulty in organizing artists and professional workers in a fight against meek starvation, the Artists Union called this extraordinary meeting to formulate demands and to wipe out the shilly-shallying procedure which has characterized the organization up until now.

The new reorganization meeting got off to a good start, and a list of demands was laid down that got the full support of the large membership present. These demands include the reestablishment of the Public Works Arts Projects, with a minimum wage of \$38.50 per week; it called for the maintenance of every unemployed artist on the relief rolls, without going thru the Pauper's Oath, until he was put on the P. W. A. P. payroll. It called for the election of supervisors on Arts Projects from the artists themselves and by themselves, instead of the imposition of a supervisor, with his own ideas on art, from above. It demanded that lay-offs and wage cuts be stopped immediately.

Y.C.L. SECTION TO MEET  
NEW YORK.—A membership meeting of Section 2, Young Communist League, will be held Monday at 7:30 p.m. at the Spartacus Club, 269 West 25th Street. All units have been urged to arrange their unit meetings either early Monday or Tuesday evenings.

Classified  
COMFORTABLE single room, shower, reasonable, 270 W. 4th St., near 11th St. Apt. 15.  
SPACIOUS modern room, every convenience, quiet, clean, suitable for 1-2. Call after 8 P.M. or all day Sunday, 2280 Olivville Ave. Apt. B-26, Bronx, Pelham Parkway Station.  
COMFORTABLE room, Comradely atmosphere. All improvements. Shower. Reasonable, 333 E. 131st St. Apt. 6.  
LARGE furnished room, elevator apartment, reasonable, 337 W. 14th St. Apt. 51.  
LARGE, light room, elevator, telephone, modern improvements. For 1-2. Reasonable, 331 W. 143rd St. Apt. 6-D, Broadway 2-9170. Come Saturday and Sunday all day, weekdays 8-7 P. M.  
WANTED to buy automobile for organizational tour. Good condition. Box 3 c/o Daily Worker.

### Gutters of New York



"Games will be used in the drilling of O'Ryan's new police rifle regiment."—News Item.

## Gets 6 Months on Chain Gang For Having Anti-War Leaflet

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 10.—murderous chain gang, and fines of \$200.  
Since May First, when several workers arrested during May Day demonstrations were released, the Alabama rulers have sharpened up their ordinances against the tolling masses, black and white, and their militant organizations. Several new ordinances, aimed at smashing the militant labor movement, suppressing workers rights of free speech and assembly, have been passed.

The Birmingham office of the International Labor Defense has issued an appeal to all workers and intellectuals and their organizations to rally to the defense of the rights of the Alabama toilers. Rush protest telegrams and resolutions to Judge Martin, and Police Commissioner Downs, City Hall, Birmingham, Ala. Send protests to Gov. Miller, Montgomery, Ala., demanding a halt to the fascist terror against the working-class and Negro masses, and the immediate, safe and unconditional release of the Scottsboro boys.

## ILD Attorney Bronx Court And Johnson Rules for Segregation

NEW YORK.—In an outrageous decision, upholding segregation and discriminative high rents against Negroes, Magistrate Marjion, in the court at 161st St. and Washington Ave., Bronx, on Thursday upheld Bronx property owners in their drive to evict fourteen Negro families from 1636-40 University Avenue.

Throughout the trial of Silas, one of the Negro tenants, the magistrate hampered the defense, preventing testimony by defense witnesses. The defense attorney, Edward Kuntz of the International Labor Defense was even prevented from questioning defense witnesses, including the city editor of the Amsterdam News. The magistrate ruled that the tenants must move or be evicted.

## COMMENTS ON SPORTS

By William Fuchs  
PROFESSOR ATLAS, the strong man, toppled over the other day, and the world paid little heed to his passing. He received hardly an obit in the newspapers. He was an insignificant man, and he died grubbily, as many men do. History will have none of him. He was not even one in his field. There are many Professor Atlases, strong men.  
He was a symbol, though, and that is why he deserves comment. He was a symbol of a thinking that has gone into the limbo—a thinking that had its academy in the advertising pages of the wood pulp magazines. It used to be familiar to every one who read these shoddy publications in the 1920's. In 12 easy lessons the professor offered to make a man of anyone.  
THE offer usually appeared between pages advertising courses for men desirous of becoming secret service agents or the best bookkeepers in their firms or between pages devoted to correspondence schools in dancing or the advertising of art pictures just arrived from France. Remnants of these alluring prospects still parade through the wood pulps but they have an obviously comic and ghostly aspect. Business is unmistakably on the rocks.  
IT IS a truth that youths, for it was to them that the Atlases mostly appealed, no longer want to become strong men in 12 easy lessons. They have other things to think about. The economic crisis took away all their ambitions to be lion men. It took away their jobs and took away their money. No 12 easy lessons by such correspondence schools can advertise in the wood pulps can be of any use to them.  
THESE strong men courses were, I to be sure, all fraudulent. Yet, thousands of people answered their ads. When Benny Leonard retired from the ring, he lent his name to one of these enterprises. Every champion of the ring has been tempted to get in. Farmer Burns, indeed, the old time wrestler, took it up, and his figure, wrapped in tiger-skin, used to decorate full pages in the periodicals.  
Usually the ads offered free literature. It was free literature that never stopped coming. Once you handed your name in you were on the list for life. Not only on one list, but on most of the lists. The lists were always co-operatively exchanged between the various colleges. You got literature from all of them.  
With every letter from the strong men, however, the price of the courses would be reduced. Usually they started with a few for parthenalia and a fee for the courses, both taken at great sacrifice. But as time went on the professors became willing to sacrifice more and more, both on parthenalia and the courses. Eventually you could get for as low as \$10 what had been initially offered at great sacrifice for \$60. If you gave them \$3 down they were even willing to take the \$10 in installments.  
It was those who bought the courses, however, who realized what kind of sacrifice the professors were actually making. The courses usually consisted of pictures of the professor stretching himself and bending low, a set of dumbbells and sometimes one or two items for arm and back exercises, and such physical culture instructions as one gets from the anaemic tenors over the radio in the morning.  
THE professors themselves had minds as dull as the minds of movie magnates or managers of Broadway hotels. Nearly all of them were illiterate. Upon occasion I talked with one of them and his gibberish was hardly human. All of them boasted of the same thing, however. It was that their tiger skins were real.

## Des Moines Workers In Aid Appeal Sub Drive Registers 1,500 Gain

Bail Needed for Three Who Continue On Hunger Strike New York, Cleveland Chicago, Other Cities Have Increases

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 10.—The three workers held in the Polk County jail here for their activity in the relief workers' strike today began the eleventh day of their hunger strike in protest of the excessive bail of \$5,000 each on charges of "criminal syndicalism."

The three workers, Joseph Porter, member of the Communist Party; John Nordquist, member of the rank and file strike committee which was in the leadership of the strike; and Ira Meade, former workers' candidate for Mayor, were all in the forefront of the relief strike.

Carl Burkman, county attorney, has resisted all attempts by working class organizations to obtain a reduction in the bail.

Joseph van Nordstrand, chairman of the joint defense committee set up by the relief workers and the International Labor Defense, today asked that all workers, or property owners in Iowa who can put up property bond, write immediately to P. O. Box 108, Des Moines, Iowa.

F. P. Russell, farmer-lawyer of Manson, is acting as defense counsel. Russell, who was Socialist candidate for Attorney General, was defense counsel for the farmers who were charged with "criminal syndicalism" at the time of the Sioux City farm strike.

## Jobless Council Urges Joint Action

Council 80 E. 11th St., N. Y. City. The text of the call follows: "The situation of the workers in this, the sixth year of the crisis demands drastic action. July 15, 1934, one unemployed with millions without any prospect of obtaining work. Millions of youth have never seen the inside of a factory and are doomed to remain jobless. The situation of the Negro workers is appalling.

"Appropriations for relief are being cut, the government refusing to make adequate provisions. But the same government does not hesitate to provide billions for war purposes, for the semi-military C.C.C. camps, etc.

"A winter of bitter suffering faces us unless we act. "Promises have been made by the 'new deal' government. Unemployment insurance was promised—but has not been furnished. Roosevelt now talks about a 'program of security'—another promise to keep us from struggle for our rights.

"Facing this situation, the National Unemployment Council considers that the time has come for the broadest united front action on the part of all sections of the following population—the unemployed workers in shops, unions, fraternal, veteran, Negro, farmers, youth organizations, etc. No matter what may separate us otherwise—whether on religious, national or political grounds—the situation demands united action on the questions of self security and workers' rights if millions are not to starve, if children are no longer to go without milk, if the desperation which hundreds of thousands are driven to is to come to an end.

"The National Unemployment Council of the U.S.A. proposes that a NATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE be set up, representative of all unemployed organizations, of the A. F. of L. unions, independent and T.U.U. unions, political parties like the Socialist, Communist and Farmer Labor Party, veteran, farmers, fraternal, Negro, youth, women's organizations, etc. This National Arrangements Committee to consider the problems confronting the unemployed and part-time workers, the need of unemployment and social insurance. It shall weigh at the question of a national action at the time of the opening of the 74th session of the United States Congress in order to exert pressure on Congress the Na-

SUBSCRIPTION activity for the past week produced the first net gain since the drive started, with fifty-nine readers over the number subscribing on June 19. A total of 220 new subscribers were secured during the period, bringing the quota standing up to 37.6 per cent, or 1,504 of the 4,000 quota.

The most perceptible gains for the week were scored by New York, Boston, Detroit, Cleveland, Philadelphia and Chicago.

Only one District reported a loss for the week, Kentucky dropping from 2.0 per cent of its quota to zero. Louisiana was the only District to remain stationary, with 4.0 per cent of its quota. All other Districts gained for the week.

With plans being made for the combined Daily Worker and Central Committee financial drive, it is highly important that all Sections and Units continue subscription activity. New subscribers offer an additional source of financial aid. The two drives should be linked up by the entire Party membership.

Subscriptions July 31-August 6

| DISTRICT       | Increase or Decrease Since June 19 | Quota New Subs | Subs for Week | Total for Sub Week | Percent of Quota |
|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 1 Boston       | 53                                 | 250            | 26            | 60.4               |                  |
| 2 New York 37  | 275                                | 31             | 77.8          |                    |                  |
| 3 Cleveland    | 12                                 | 400            | 22            | 5.5                |                  |
| 4 Buffalo      | 30                                 | 75             | 5             | 6.7                |                  |
| 5 Pitts.       | —8                                 | 100            | 4             | 4.0                |                  |
| 6 Cleveland    | —25                                | 350            | 24            | 6.9                |                  |
| 7 Detroit      | 30                                 | 300            | 25            | 8.3                |                  |
| 8 Chicago      | —33                                | 500            | 20            | 4.0                |                  |
| 9 Minn.        | —11                                | 200            | 6             | 3.0                |                  |
| 10 Omaha       | —12                                | 75             | 2             | 2.7                |                  |
| 11 N. Dak.     | —15                                | 80             | 2             | 2.5                |                  |
| 12 Seattle     | 8                                  | 150            | 3             | 2.0                |                  |
| 13 Calif.      | 9                                  | 250            | 9             | 3.6                |                  |
| 14 Newark      | 1                                  | 200            | 10            | 5.0                |                  |
| 15 Conn.       | 18                                 | 100            | 4             | 4.0                |                  |
| 16 N. Carolina | 8                                  | 50             | 2             | 4.0                |                  |
| 17 Birm.       | —                                  | 75             | 3             | 4.0                |                  |
| 18 Milwa.      | —4                                 | 150            | 8             | 5.3                |                  |
| 19 Denver      | —12                                | 75             | 2             | 2.7                |                  |
| 20 Ft. Worth   | —7                                 | 400            | 22            | 5.5                |                  |
| 21 St. Louis   | —15                                | 50             | 1             | 2.0                |                  |
| 22 W. Virg.    | —4                                 | 50             | 4             | 8.0                |                  |
| 23 Ind.        | —                                  | 50             | 2             | 4.0                |                  |
| 24 Louisiana   | 2                                  | 50             | 0             | 0.0                |                  |
| 25 Florida     | —2                                 | 50             | 2             | 4.0                |                  |
| 26 S. Dak.     | —4                                 | 50             | 2             | 4.0                |                  |
| TOTALS         | 59                                 | 4000           | 220           | 5.5                |                  |

Youngstown Fills Quota  
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 10.—The Youngstown section of the Communist Party has filled its quota of 5,000 nominating petition signatures. Carl Sandberg, State election campaign manager, announced today.

The total of signatures collected and notarized is now 11,700. Sandberg said, but he estimated that there are 30,000 signatures collected and still in the hands of individuals and "section" organizations. He urged that all such petitions be submitted at once to the State campaign committee.

In Youngstown and vicinity the drive for signatures lagged until a few weeks ago, at which time only a few hundred had been collected. Energetic efforts set into motion by Section Organizer Steuben resulted in Youngstown's success. The "shock troops" in the Youngstown drive will be rewarded by a trip to Cleveland and a copy each of "Labor and Steel". The deadline for all Ohio signature collections is next Wednesday.

Illinois Campaign Still Slow  
(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Signatures lists for the placing of Communist candidates on the ballot in Illinois are continuing to come in very slowly. Only 200 were received Tuesday.

The Communist Party State Campaign Committee today issued an official statement which declared: "There is real danger that the Party will not be placed on the ballot, unless work is immediately intensified."

South Side Communist candidates will speak at a great mass meeting Sunday at Pythian Temple, 3737 S. State St., at 2:30 p.m. Comrades Joe Jackson, Herbert Newton and Doty will be the main speakers.

A. Guss, State campaign manager, today pointed out that it was necessary for all workers, particularly trade unionists, to mobilize behind the Communist ticket, in order to crush threatened police suppression of left wing unions.

Party Nominates in Arizona  
PHOENIX, Ariz., Aug. 10.—With its place on the ballot assured, the Communist Party in this State held a significantly successful nominating convention attended by more than 100 delegates.

Clay Naff, active leader of unemployed and agricultural workers, was chosen as candidate for Governor. Ramon Garcia, militant Mexican worker, was nominated for United States Senator, and Martin E. Gehon, pioneer farmer of the Salt River Valley, was selected as nominee for Congressman.

Other candidates chosen by the convention are: James Porter for Secretary of State; Eggerth and Carr for Tax Commissioners; R. H. Williams for Supreme Court Justice; Harvey for Attorney-General; W. W. Eccles for Corporation Commission; Lorain Taylor, a young worker, for School Superintendent; L. Vomocil for State Treasurer, and Mrs. Taylor for State Auditor.

Candidates chosen for Maricopa County were: Clarence Lynch for County Attorney; George Clatone for Sheriff, and Walter Caswell, Charles Latell and William Rose for County Supervisors. County states will also be placed in Yuma and Lima Counties.

The platform for the election campaign is based on the fight against hunger, war and fascism, linked with specific demands of local importance.

Plans for an intensive campaign are already being put into action for the distribution of tens of thousands of copies of election campaign literature; numerous rallies with the use of loud speakers; and the use of the radio during the campaign. All workers are urged to cooperate actively and financially. For further information write or apply to the Communist Party Provisional Election Campaign Committee, Lynn Workers Center, 70 Munroe Street, Lynn, Mass.

## Youngstown, Lynn Double Their Quotas Of Ballot Signatures

Illinois Campaign Still Slow—Arizona Communist Party Nominates Leader of Unemployed, Mexican Worker, Pioneer Farmer

LYNN, Mass., Aug. 10.—The Communist Party Provisional Election Campaign Committee, operating in the Seventh Congressional District in Massachusetts, reports that they have gone over the top with a big margin to spare in the signatures' drive to place the Party Candidates on the ballot. Whereas, 1,000 signatures were necessary in the entire State to place the state candidates on the ballot, this committee alone obtained more than 800 signatures on the state nomination papers with numerous districts in the State yet to be heard from.

In addition twice the necessary 1,000 names were obtained to place Joseph Leedes, leader of the militant shoe workers of Lynn, on the ballot for Congress. Of more than 1,200 names obtained in the City of Lynn alone, more than half were names of shoe workers. The cities and towns of Peabody, Salem, Revere, Lawrence, Saugus, and Wakefield, cooperated in this work.

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PIERRE DEGEYTER TRIO-CHORUS OF 50 VOICES-DANCES  
Dancing-Swimming-Large Athletic Field-Fun Galore!  
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a car direct to camp from 2700 Bronx Park East. 10:30 A.M. daily,  
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IMPORTANT NOTICE  
To All Comrades Planning to Vacation at Unity  
Please plan to come out on Sunday instead of Saturday to avoid unnecessary crowding, if you expect to vacation for longer than a week-end. We will be able to supply adequate accommodations after the week-end crowd checks out Sunday after dinner.  
Yours for a happy, healthful vacation,  
LOUIS PASTERNAK,  
For the Management



# Iowa Unemployed and Small Farmers Unite for Action

## Map Campaign For Workers', Farmers' Bills

### State Committee Named to Lead Struggle for Relief Demands

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 10.—Unemployed workers' delegates and poor farmers met at the State Unemployment Conference here Wednesday and laid plans for a mass campaign for the enactment of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill and the Farmers Emergency Relief Bill, pledging themselves to a militant program of struggle for the immediate needs of the unemployed.

A state committee was elected with Ira Meade, now in jail for participation in the recent relief workers' strike, as state chairman, and P. E. Banks, state treasurer. Theda Allen was elected temporary chairman until the release of Meade.

The conference, which adopted the program of the Unemployment Councils in full, adopted immediate demands for a 55-cent an hour minimum wage on work relief with a guaranteed weekly wage of \$13.20 weekly. Cash relief demands include \$7 weekly relief for each worker plus \$2 for each dependent.

The delegates pledged full support to working class and dirt farmer candidates in the coming elections. Resolutions were passed demanding the immediate release of the three workers now in the Polk County jail for their participation in the relief workers' strike here, for the release of Tom Mooney and the Scottsboro Boys, and for full support to the American League Against War and Fascism.

At a mass meeting held after the conference, the work and resolutions of the delegates were reviewed and approved by 300 workers.

## The 'Daily' Helped Us, Say 'Hillsboro Boys,' Urging Big Circulation

NEW YORK.—In a letter to the Daily Worker, the Hillsboro prisoners, arrested several months ago for leading the fight for more relief for poor farmers and jobless workers, appealed for support in the circulation drive of the "Daily."

The letter follows: "Dear Comrades: "We, Hillsboro prisoners, wish to add our voice to the appeal for increasing the Daily Worker."

"We are following the results of the drive with great concern. We here experienced the fullest powers of the Daily Worker. Had it not been for the immediate call of our 'Daily' for protests when we were arrested, we faced the greatest danger of lynching. But the fascist hounds cramped under the barrage of protests unleashed by the readers of the 'Daily.'"

"In our hunger strike, the 'Daily' won half the battle for us. We join the other political prisoners of the country in stating that our fate would be twice as bitter without the Daily Worker."

"The circulation chart is an indicator of utmost importance. We hope to see it rise."

"For the prisoners, "JOHN ADAMS."

## Two Strikers Are Held In York After Police Attack Demonstration

YORK, Pa., Aug. 10.—Despite the fact that police with tear gas and clubs had attacked a peaceful demonstration of 3,000 workers in front of the T. E. Brooks cigar plant at Red Lion on July 26, two strikers were today being held for trial on charges of "rioting" and "attacking an officer."

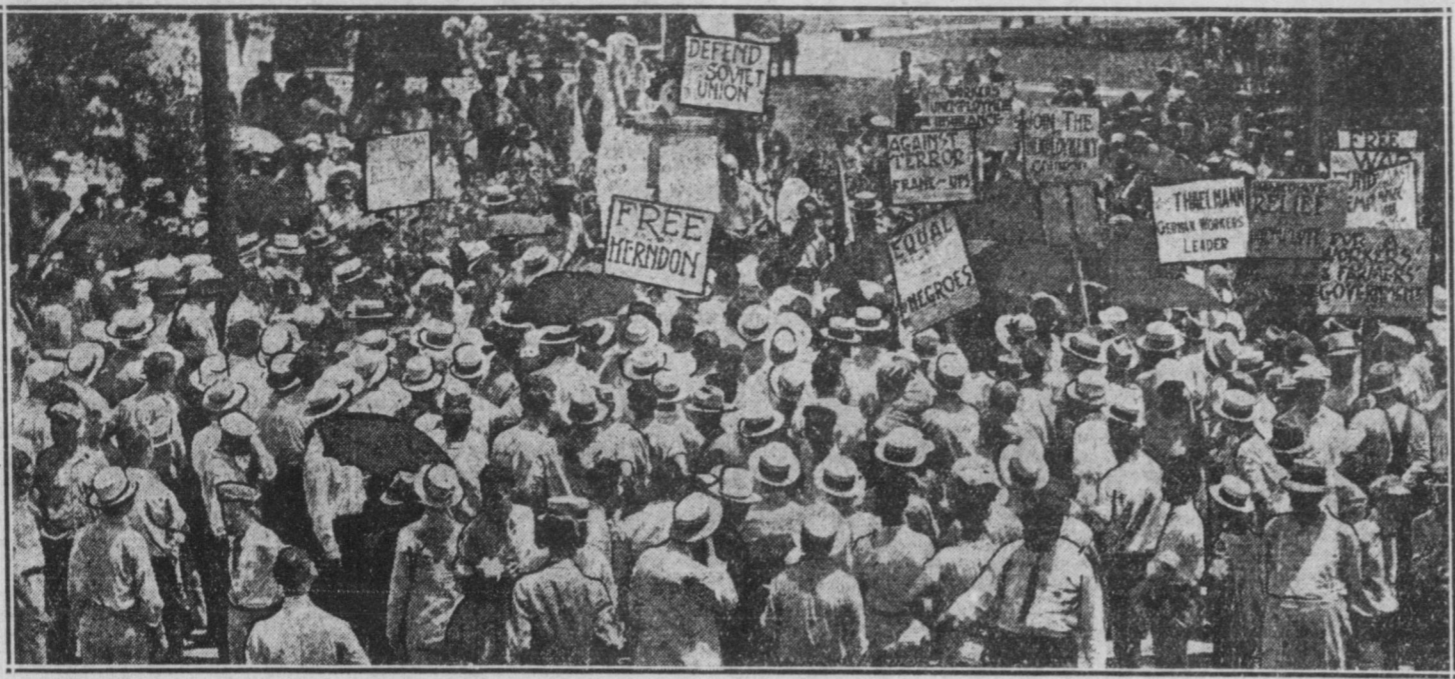
The workers are Arthur Kelly and W. W. Hitz. Proof that there had been no disturbance before the police attack, firing tear gas into the crowd, was disregarded by Alderman Paul Shive, who heard the cases.

Seven others in the demonstration were discharged. Fifteen more of the 55 arrests will be heard later today.

**SUNDAY Aug. 12th** Excellent Entertainment Refreshments Dancing Singing  
**GRAND PICNIC**  
Tibbets Brook Park, Bronx, N. Y.  
Auspices: Young Communist League, Sect. 5

Get A Return Trip to the U.S.S.R.  
AT THE  
**13th ANNUAL MORNING FREIHEIT PICNIC**  
Sat., Aug. 11 -- Ulmer Park  
West End Line to 25th Ave. Station, Brooklyn  
When you buy a ticket save the coupon, you may be the one to get a free round-trip to the U. S. S. R.  
Refreshments of all kinds at city prices—First class Jazz Orchestra for dancing—Workers Laboratory Theatre in a new performance  
Admission at the gate.....35 cents  
Tickets in advance.....25 cents  
With organization ticket.....15 cents  
Tickets on sale now at Morning Freiheit office, 35 E. 12th St., 6th floor, and in all Workers' Centers  
Come to the Biggest Affair of the Season

## New Orleans Workers, Defying Terror, Demonstrate for Relief



With hundreds of National Guardsmen on one side of the City Hall to defend Huey P. Long's interests and hundreds of armed policemen on the other side, mobilized by Mayor Walmisley in the dispute of the two capitalist political factions, 5,000 Negro and white workers took part Tuesday in one of the most militant demonstrations ever witnessed in the South.

The workers carried banners demanding passage of the Workers' Unemployment and Social Insurance Bill, payment of the Soldiers'

bonus, equal rights for Negroes, the use of all war funds for the unemployed, for a workers' and farmers' government in the United States and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

The meeting was called by a united front of Communists, Socialists, the Unemployment Councils, the Maritime Workers' Industrial Union, the League for Industrial Democracy and other labor organizations.

## Puget Sound Fishing Fleet Men Quit Nets

(Special to the Daily Worker)  
ANACORTES, Wash., Aug. 10.—Two thousand fishermen, comprising the entire Puget Sound purse-seining fleet, struck here against a 33 to 50 per cent wage slash. All the men on the 200 vessels of the gill-nets fleet, and a majority of the tender crews have also walked out.

As the strike spread to the canning plants, six large canneries were tied up by strikes today with 500 workers out, and the two remaining trap canneries are expected to follow.

The fishermen have elected a rank and file strike committee of twenty-five, electing members of the Cannery Workers Industrial Union in the leadership. The national secretary of the union was arrested, and the fishermen, jamming the streets, issued an ultimatum to the merchants and the Chamber of Commerce that no settlement would be made until he was released. Almost immediately the national secretary was freed.

In solidarity with the striking fishermen, the rank and file longshoremen today refused to load salmon cases. Aroused by the growing mass support, the fishermen are determined to stay out until all demands are won.

The men voted solidly to stand behind their demands, including recognition of the union and for no discrimination against striking workers in the plants and on the fleet.

## Sec. 14 of Communist Party Plans Election Actions in Conference

NEW YORK.—Communist Party election campaign plans are rapidly moving forward in the Sixth Assembly District of the Bronx following the election conference held Monday, at which delegates of the Communist Party and Young Communist League of Section 14 and representatives of fraternal organizations endorsed the Communist election platform.

The conference received pledges from delegates of funds for the campaign and laid plans for street meetings, parades and other actions to bring the platform and candidates before the attention of workers in the district. The district is divided into four separate campaign headquarters, with a central office at 685 Morris Park Avenue.

## Mass Layoffs Sweep Detroit As General Motors Cuts Melon

By A. B. MAGIL  
DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 10.—A new series of lay-offs is sweeping through the auto plants here. The entire night shift of the Briggs Mack Avenue plant, involving about 4,000 workers, was recently laid off and there are reports that on Aug. 15 the Briggs Highland Park plant will shut down completely.

The third shift at the Plymouth plant (2,000 workers) has been laid off. A worker at the Termstedt plant, a subsidiary of General Motors, was told by a foreman that a complete shut down of Termstedt's was expected today. This will throw 3,000 workers, most of them women, out of jobs (8,000 were laid off at this shop in the month of June).

Only about 2,000 out of the normal 18,000 are now employed at the three Hudson plants, and most of these are working only two or three days a week.

The Ford plant, according to reliable information, will shut down completely on Aug. 26 for a week and possibly two.

Though more than two-thirds of the auto workers have been laid off, with the vast majority of the rest working only a few days a week, production has declined much less proportionately. For the week ended Aug. 4, automobile production in the United States and Canada totaled 58,554 units. This is only 1,537 units below the corresponding period of last year, at which time employment in the industry was close to the peak for the year. This is accounted for by the tremendous intensification of speed-up and intensification of production.

Two dicates that when the production season starts again next year, many workers will be permanently unemployed. Despite the laying off of tens of

## Drive Against Terror Opened In Pittsburgh

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Ruby Bates and Congressman Ernest Lundeen, who introduced the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill, H. R. 7598, in Congress, will be the featured speakers at an open-air meeting in West Park, North Side, Aug. 24, held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense and the Unemployment Councils.

This and other meetings arranged at which Ruby Bates will speak are part of the campaign of general protest being carried on in the Pittsburgh district by the I. L. D. against all fascist terror, local and national.

Ruby Bates will speak in Scotts Run, W. Va., Aug. 19, and in McKeesport Aug. 20. Her first address will be at a defense banquet at 805 James Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, on Aug. 18, at which all ex-tenured prisoners who have served terms in jail for working class activities will be the guests of honor.

Lundeen's talk will be the opening event of a concerted drive by the Unemployment Councils and other unemployed organizations which have been drawn into the united front against hunger, to secure the enactment of adequate relief legislation by the state legislature, and the passage of the Workers' Bill by Congress. A five-point program has already been drawn up for presentation to the special session of the legislature when it convenes, and a hunger march will converge on Harrisburg shortly afterward to demand its enactment.

## Unemployment Council Leaders Meet Sunday to Plan Hunger March

NEW YORK.—All functionaries in the Unemployment Council have been called to a special meeting to be held Sunday, Aug. 12, at 10 a. m. at Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place.

All members of the executive committees of the locals and all delegates to the County Councils must also attend the meeting.

In addition to a report on organization, plans will be finally adopted for the unemployed and relief workers march on the City Hall on Sept. 15th, and plans will be made for a statewide hunger march to Albany on October 18th.

## Newark Police Attack Unemployed Delegation

NEWARK, N.J., Aug. 10.—Mounted police and patrolmen attacked a mass delegation of unemployed workers at the Central Avenue relief station here yesterday, when one hundred workers gathered to protest against denial of relief and discrimination.

## Lay Off 15,000 Toilers As 3 Steel Plants Close

McKEESPORT, Pa., Aug. 10.—Three plants of the National Tube Steel Co. will shut down today, throwing between 15,000 and 20,000 men out of work for at least two weeks, plant officials disclosed yesterday. The plants to close are located in McKeesport Pa., Lorain, Ohio, and Ellwood City, Pa.

## South Bend Taxicab Drivers Vote Strike

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—South Bend, Ind., taxicab drivers plan to strike today at midnight following the failure of negotiations to bring any tangible results. One of their major demands is the recognition of the Taxicab Drivers Union.

## 5,000 Lynn Shoe Workers Back at Work

### Local Leadership's AFL Policies Result in Unfavorable Pacts

LYNN, Mass., Aug. 10.—All but 1,000 workers are today back at work following the strike of 6,000 Lynn shoe workers that started Monday morning as a protest demonstration. Twenty-six shops are signed up and 13, including larger shops like Parina and Shaves, Leopold and Bender, are yet to be signed.

The agreements are being signed by the local leadership of the United Shoe and Leather Workers Union with the consent of the Resident General Executive Board. The agreements run for 18 months at the prevailing wage scale and contain, in some cases, clauses providing for compulsory arbitration.

There has been no organized mass picketing or meetings of shoe workers where reports or discussion on procedure could take place. The leadership is thus conducting the strike in typical A. F. of L. fashion against every principle laid down by the Amalgamation Convention.

A group known as the Edge Makers Council of New England has been formed which expresses intentions to take a strike vote of all edge makers in the district today for an increase of 12 1/2 cents. While this move is regarded favorably, the leadership of Local 6 has been criticized for not exerting mass pressure for an increase of all shoe workers. The rank and file are alertly watching that the Brockton Brotherhood leadership of Goodwin and Murphy do not use the edge makers as a wedge to bring disunity into the ranks of the United workers.

## Cleveland District Steel and Metal Meet To Be Held Sept. 9

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 10.—The Cleveland District Conference of all local unions of the Steel and Metal Workers Industrial Union will be held here Sunday, Sept. 9th, at 10 a. m., it was announced yesterday.

All locals throughout the district have been sent calls asking that delegates be elected on the basis of three delegates for each local of less than one hundred members, and five delegates for each local of more than one hundred members. Delegates are expected from Massillon, Canton, Lorain, Toledo and Columbus.

The affair is arranged to raise funds for Red Builders' uniforms. Refreshments will be served. Admission will be 25 cents; 20 cents in advance. Tickets are on sale at the Workers Bookshop 50 E. 13th Street; Daily Worker district office, 35 E. 12th Street, and may be obtained from Red Builders.

## Communist Party of Spokane Expels H. Kendall as a Spy

### Stool Pigeon, In Party a Short Time, Disappears With Funds —Is Revealed as Faker

Herbert H. Kendall (J. Coopers), of Spokane, Wash., has been expelled from the Communist Party as a spy and a thief.

He was in the Party for a short time (less than a year) and had managed to become a literature agent.

He disappeared in February 1934, with about \$60 of literature funds. Later, from a letter of his own, it was established that he had joined the Party as a spy.

Description: American; about 35 years old; about 5 ft. 5 in. in height; about 140 pounds; has a lump on the right side of his neck which causes him to lean his head to the left; while in Spokane, he always wore overalls and an overall jacket, and pretended to be a lumber worker.

## Chicago Organizations Seek Housing Facilities

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Action to insure the success of the Second National Congress Against War and Fascism to be held in Chicago Sept. 28, 29 and 30, has been started by Chicago workers.

In the drive to secure sufficient housing for delegates, 3,000 blank requesting accommodations have been distributed. A financial drive has already resulted in a pledge of fifty dollars from the International Workers Order, which will be paid within ten days.

Skeleton committees on various phases of the arrangements have already been established, and a meeting is scheduled for next week which will establish a broad, well functioning apparatus to carry out necessary preparations.

## N. Y. Red Builders To Hold Festival Saturday, Aug. 18

"Sniper," a Soviet anti-war film; "America Today," a workers' news reel showing strike scenes, etc., and a cartoonist will be among the features at the entertainment and dance to be given by the New York Red Builders Saturday, Aug. 18, at 8:30 P. M. at the United Front Supporters Hall, 11 W. 18th Street, third floor.

The affair is arranged to raise funds for Red Builders' uniforms. Refreshments will be served. Admission will be 25 cents; 20 cents in advance. Tickets are on sale at the Workers Bookshop 50 E. 13th Street; Daily Worker district office, 35 E. 12th Street, and may be obtained from Red Builders.

## S. P. Jobless Group Joins With Councils

### Socialist Leaders Had Refused to Enter United Front

NEW YORK.—Members of the Independent Unemployed Workers Union, located at the University Settlement House at Eldridge and Rivington Streets here, last week voted to affiliate with the Unemployment Councils.

The unemployed local, formerly local 15 of the Workers Unemployment Union, disgusted with the do-nothing policy of the Socialist leadership, broke with the Workers Unemployment Union after the refusal of the Socialist leadership to enter into a united front with the Unemployment Councils.

Shortly after Henry Forbes, downtown secretary of the Unemployment Council, outlined the policies of the Councils, the membership voted to take out a charter with the Unemployment Council and issue Council membership books.

## Pennsylvania Workers Face More Lay-offs

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 10.—Many more track workers and machinists employed on the Eastern Region of the Pennsylvania Railroad are in danger of losing their jobs following the layoffs last week of 1,200 workers, all of whom have been with the railroad up to ten years.

Some of those laid off will be given the opportunity of taking the jobs of newer employees in other sections. Some can go from Lancaster to Trenton. However, those accepting these jobs must find boarding places for themselves and, at the same time attempt to maintain their families at their regular residence. Lack of money and insecurity of jobs prevents them from moving their families over.

## Brooklyn Jobless Battle Police to Halt Eviction

NEW YORK.—Two hundred neighbors of Harry Feinstein, a discharged relief worker, living at 408 Williams Ave., Brooklyn, fought off the attacks of the police emergency squad for an hour Thursday night in an attempt to stop Feinstein's eviction.

The marshall had begun to move the furniture when sixty neighbors of Feinstein carted the furniture back into the house. In response to the marshall's call, a score of police were summoned to the scene. As the police swung into the workers ranks, more than 150 more workers joined in the attempt.

Feinstein was on work relief until six weeks ago when he was transferred to home relief. Although food tickets were received, the home relief bureau refused to pay the rent.

## WHAT'S ON

KEEP Sunday, August 26, Open! Daily Worker Picnic at North Beach Park. Splendid program being arranged.

**Saturday Manhattan**  
CAMP FIRE arranged by the Harlem Section of the Young Communist League in Palisades. Refreshments—entertainment—fun. Meet at Dyckman St. ferry at 8 p. m. Proceeds to Cogh Defense Fund.

**Sunday**  
GRAND Picnic Sunday, August 12, at Cullin's Park, Coney Island. All Day and Night Swimming, dancing, sports. Tickets 25c. Direction: 10th St. to 20th Ave. Station, and follow the right hand direction. Given by Tobacco Workers Ind. Union and Spanish Workers Center.

**Party** for the benefit of Crown Heights Workers School at home of Comrade M. Top Any's house, 1287 Bedford Ave., near Bergen. Grand program, spacious place, Brooklyn.

**GALA PICNIC** at Tibbets Brook Park, Bronx. Excellent entertainment, refreshments, dancing, singing. Auspices: Y. C. L. Section 5.

**PICNIC** at Tibbets Brook Park, Lot No. 8. Eleven a. m. till evening. Delicious refreshments, games, evening camp fire, mass singing. Admission free. Take 21st St. White Plains train to 228th St. then bus to Tibbets Brook Park. Auspices: Mt. Eden Young and Adult Branch, F. S. U. GRADUATION Exercises of Scandinavian Workers six weeks' Summer School at the Scandinavian Workers Summerhome, Pullman Ave., Annandale, S. I. Splendid program. Workers Lab. Theatre, Workers Singing Chorus, speaker: Mindell from Workers School, 720 E. 14th St. Buses leave from St. George, S. I. all day starting 10 a. m. direct to grounds.

**ACQUAINTANCE DANCE FESTIVAL**. Open Air Dancing, given by Brooklyn Section Associated Workers Clubs at Frank's Inn, 1507 E. 92nd St., Coney, 7:30 p. m. Ben Pomer and his music. Program: Workers Lab. Theatre in "Free Theatricals." "The Great Marriage," "Duncan Red Dance," "Dinner in Person." Eat, drink, beer, fun galore! Tickets for sale at Workers Book Shops, 50 E. 13th St., 369 E. 12th St., Brooklyn, and at all Workers Clubs. Direction: B. M. T. 14th St. Line to Avenue K. Admission 25 cents.

**MILITARY** United Front will hold a Concert and Dance, 7:30 p. m. Friday, August 10, at Coney Island. Program: Sullivan Balalaika Ensemble, N. Broffman, radio artist; Famous Dance Band. Part of Proceeds for Women's Anti-War Congress.

**ISRAELI AMTER** National Secretary of Unemployment Councils of U. S. lectures on "The Struggle for Unemployment Insurance and How to Conquer It." Monday, August 13, 8:30 p. m. at Coney Island Workers Club, 2674 W. 27th St. near Mermaid Ave. Admission free. Auspices: Unemployment Council of Coney Island.

**SHOW BOAT CRUISE** up Long Island Sound on "SS Ambassador" Friday, August 17, 8 p. m. Entertainment—dancing. Leaves Battery Park, Pier 1. Tickets 65 cents in advance, 90 cents at pier.

**JACK STAGHEL** will review Lenin's "Left-Wing Communism, an Infantile Disorder" on Friday, Aug. 17, 8 p. m. at 79 E. 18th St., 2nd floor. Auspices: Workers Book Shop. Adm. 25c. or by purchase of \$1 worth of literature from Workers Book Shop.

**HOUSE Party** given by Prospect Park Branch F. S. U., 1071 Bergen St. near West End Ave. Admission 15 cents. Dancing—games.

**ROOF Party**, Entertainment, East at home of Dr. Wallman, 266 Stone Ave., 8:30

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# Class Battles Grow As Crisis Undermines Capitalism

## New Crisis Outbreaks Loom As Mass Poverty Grows, Production Falls

### Capitalist Press Conceals Recent Sharp Drop in Production—Unemployment, Cost of Living Due for Further Rise

By MILTON HOWARD

EVIDENCE has appeared in the past few weeks that American imperialism is teetering on the edge of a new downward plunge, a renewed intensification of the crisis.

The capitalist press has deliberately played down the highly significant development that within the past few weeks there has occurred a sharp drop in the total activity of American production, a drop which has exceeded the usual seasonal decline to be expected at this time.

This development, coupled with another significant fact reported by the United States Chamber of Commerce, that unsold stocks of goods now total 11 per cent higher than last year, unquestionably points to new storms of crisis.

The growing "poverty of the masses" (Marx), the root cause of the crisis, is vividly reflected in the reports of the National Industrial Conference Board, which states that "distribution and trade moved generally downward in June, with retail trade in department and chain stores declining both in dollar values and in physical volume."

The renewed accumulation of unsold goods and the steady decline in the amount of goods purchased by the American masses are but two sides of the same development—the intensification of the fundamental factor in the world capitalist crisis.

And inevitably these signals of the renewed outbreak of further economic crisis are also signals of maturing political crisis.

SINCE the last week of June the weekly index of business activity published by "Business Week" reveals a drop of five points, from 86 to 81, the sharpest decline in this index in the last twelve months.

The progress of this index reveals that the war and inflation program of the Roosevelt government succeeded in increasing production from 50, the low point reached last March, to 88 in December, 1933.

Since December, however, all the efforts of the Roosevelt government to expand business activity have failed, and were effective only in barely maintaining the level achieved by the enormous artificial inflationary stimulation of 1933.

Today American capitalism has again reached the point where the inflationary effects of the 1933 Roosevelt measures are rapidly wearing off, and the abyss of further crisis stares it in the face.

COMRADE STALIN, at the Seventeenth Party Congress, pointed out with the true Marxist-Leninist keenness that the bourgeoisie of the biggest imperialist powers had succeeded in overcoming the lowest point of the crisis. And he warned very realistically that the factor of the normal eating-away of accumulated surplus must not be overlooked as a factor making for revived production.

It is in the light of this insight of Comrade Stalin that the appearance of new surpluses of unsold commodities, towering 11 per cent above last year, takes on its real meaning.

For this proves that the economic measures of the government have failed to solve the fundamental question of the capitalist crisis, the widening gulf between production and the world market, and that the temporary rise from the lowest crisis levels is rapidly collapsing.

After twelve months in which the N. E. A. codes were aimed at severely restricting non-monopoly production of the small business man, after a prolonged, deliberate attempt to "plan" production of the biggest monopolies in accordance with the demands of the market, American imperialism once again finds itself confronted with the monster that will destroy it—the monster of unsalable surplus commodities in the presence of squalid poverty.

## 552 Men Killed In U. S. Mines In Six Months

Deaths from accidents averaged more than three a day in the coal mines of the United States during the six months from January to June, 1934. In all, 552 mine workers were killed—409 in soft coal mines and 143 in anthracite.

Last year, 430 mine workers were killed during the first six months. Increased output in the first part of 1934 meant increased exposure to mine hazards.

As usual, falls of roof and coal took the highest toll, killing 238 bituminous miners and 76 in hard coal mines. It must always be remembered, as we pointed out in Labor and Coal, that such falls are largely preventable, provided the miners are allowed time at the company's expense to prepare supporting pillars and ceiling. But too often, such safety precautions are considered as "dead work" with no pay for the time worked.

The next thing the bosses said we had to do was to set safety posts, sprays, and snub the coal. They didn't mention pay. We called a special meeting—elected a chairman, discussed the dead work. The result—not to do it without pay."

ALL these developments once again confirm the scientific precision and correctness of the analysis of the Communist International.

It was the Communist International alone, under the Marxist-Leninist guidance of Stalin, which pierced through the demagogic trappings of Roosevelt's N.R.A. program and revealed to the masses

## War Makers Sift Iron Junk Piles

### International Traffic in Scrap Iron Feeds War Machine

By SI GERSON

JUNK piles, on the whole, don't seem to be particularly dangerous. The average citizen passes them by with hardly a glance.

But military staffs in Japan, Poland and Czechoslovakia think differently about the matter. The old bedstead which is discarded (not so soon anymore) by the average housewife doesn't seem like a lethal weapon. But that's only because she isn't engaged in the manufacture of ammunition.

If you were present on the docks of Norfolk, Va., at about the beginning of this week, you would have seen tons and tons of scrap iron being piled diligently into the hold of a sailing vessel.

Wreckage of ancient Ford's rusted cornices, twisted bolts, old bedsteads—all kinds of scrap iron came from all over the country in a veritable flood of junk to the docks of the Virginia port. The scrap metal, 150 freight cars full, amounting to approximately 7,700 tons, were carefully stowed aboard the British vessel, "Bonnevillie," bound for Yawaka, a Japanese port.

There will be held on the ship a large ammunition plant and used in large shells and bombs. The ultimate destination of these shells can be guessed by discerning people by the fact that most of the Japanese guns are turned towards the West and South, towards the Soviet Union and the Soviet districts of China.

That the British owners of the "Bonnevillie" are truly international in viewpoint is evident at a glance. Flying the Union Jack, the ship goes to Philippines, from where it takes sugar to the United States. From the States it carries scrap iron to Japan, all under the flag of the Empire.

That its prices are extremely reasonable is shown by the fact that the charge for carrying the metal is only \$8.50 a gross ton, the low rate being explained by the fact that the scrap iron is listed as "ballast."

An interesting fact in connection with the price is the fact that settlements are made through the medium of the Chase National Bank, Rockefeller-controlled institution.

Today the steady pounding of the crisis has destroyed these reactionary theorizings of social-fascism and its diverse wings, from Trotskyism to Norman Thomas.

The firm, penetrating Marxist-Leninist line of the Communist International alone remains the tried and tested guide of the working class in its struggle against capitalism. The Communist Party alone correctly appraised the course of the crisis in its relation to the Roosevelt program.

The capitalist press, with William Green and the Socialist Party "New Leader" were busy debating whether the San Francisco general strike has national or local significance.

Comrade Browder ripped this reactionary tripe to pieces by boldly and truly proclaiming that the San Francisco strike had international significance!

This is the key to the coming political developments in this country. American imperialism faces growing revolutionary storms. A stage has now been reached in the capitalist crisis where the slightest demand of the workers for better conditions undermines the foundations of the whole capitalist rule. This brings the capitalist state power as an active antagonist into the smallest strikes.

The American masses are coming face to face with the capitalist state power as their hated enemy.

In America, stronghold of world capitalism, the revolutionary crisis matures. The struggle for bread for life, becomes a struggle for power. The question of the smashing of capitalism and the seizure of power is becoming an organic part of the fight against the employers.

## Gorki Letter Cited in Fight for Herndon

### "Dollar Is Worth More to Capitalism Than Human Lives"

By FRANK LEONARD

If any person... be in any manner instrumental in bringing, introducing or circulating within the state any printed or written matter, pamphlet or circular for the purpose of executing insurrection, revolt, conspiracy or resistance on the part of slaves, Negroes, or Free Persons of Color in this state against citizens of this state or any part of them, he shall be guilty of high misdemeanor which is punishable by death—Georgia Statute of 1861, on which Herndon was sentenced to the chain gang.

Angelo Herndon's "guilt" lies in trying to bring white workers and Negroes in the South together in violation of Georgia's old slave law. Angelo Herndon was one of the organizers of the first all Southern Scottsboro conference of Negro and white workers which was held in Chattanooga, Tenn., in June, 1931, to arouse mass protest against the frame-up of the Scottsboro boys.

Angelo Herndon was one of the first men in the South with the courage to fight for Willie Peterson, tubercular 20-year-old Negro, sentenced on a framed-up rape charge, in spite of the fact that the Governor of Alabama, who commuted Peterson's sentence from death to 20 years in prison, himself admitted: "There is a grave doubt as to his guilt."

## U. S. Coal Production Drops Below Level of 1933 Output

### But Administration Hides Decrease, Plays Up Amount of Unused Coal Stocks—Payroll Totals Now Only Half of 1929 Figure

By ANNA ROCHESTER

Production of soft coal in the United States took a sharp drop about April 1, falling from about nine million net tons in the closing week of March to about five and one-half million in the first week of April. Wavering about the six million ton level for the weeks of May and June, the line of production then fell below the 1933 level.

By the week ending July 7, 1934, output of soft coal was 5,118,000 tons as compared with 5,530,000 tons for that week a year ago. By the closing week of July the U. S. Bureau of Mines estimated the production as 6,020,000 tons whereas in the corresponding week a year ago it was 7,550,000.

Anthracite production has also fallen below the 1933 level. For the week ending July 26, hard coal output was estimated at 816,000 tons, as against 1,044,000 a year before.

But these cold figures do not fit into the optimistic picture of the "New Deal" promoted in the newspapers at the request of the Administration. So the "New York Times" buries them away in a news item headed "Coal Stocks Increase" in which the increased reserves in the hands of retailers and industrial consumers are played up as if they were an advantage to the industry.

For foreign consignment. Handling material mainly for Japan and Poland, the company is making shipments from all over the Atlantic seaboard as well as from ports along the Gulf of Mexico.

In Poland the scrap iron is received and shipped to Upper Silesia where it is converted into ammunition and shipped to Czechoslovakia and Germany, where Mr. Hitler needs the ammunition, no doubt, for a little pacifist, defensive war.

SCRAP iron dealers have very acute political noses. In fact, their sudden prosperity for some of the larger dealers, depends entirely upon the world situation and the probability of a new war.

In these sensitive circles discussion about a war between the Japan and the Soviet Union goes on daily. They are expecting the Japanese war lords to make the attack almost any month. In fact, they're licking their chops in anticipation.

But what do the workers of the world say about it?

The final answer depends upon the fear of that answer, more than anything else, prevents it.

The scrap iron dealers from making their attack on the workers' fatherland, the Soviet Union, sooner

than they are uniting with the white laboring masses against their common oppressors. They are taking an active part in the fight against American imperialism.

The bourgeoisie is afraid the rebellion is growing among the millions of Negro toilers, among the workers and the peasants. They are taking all possible measures to liquidate the growing fighting forces of the Negro and the white workers.

Why Herndon was Jailed This letter was written by Gorki at the very time Angelo Herndon was organizing the first All Southern Conference in Chattanooga. The Ku Klux Klan and the police warned that the conference would never be held. Herndon, defying all opposition, proceeded with the work.

The Ku Kluxers served notice through the press—"the rascals of the pen" as Gorki calls them—that no conference in which Negroes and white workers sit and deliberate and plan to fight together would be permitted. The conference was held. Four hundred Negro and white workers attended it. Police and detectives, citizens armed with guns and revolvers, surrounded the hall. A massacre was fully expected by all the delegates to the conference. But not one stayed away. The courageous example set by the organizer, by this young man, Angelo Herndon, was sufficient to hold the conference together.

It is for that reason that the State of Georgia dug up its old slave law of 1861, invoking it against Angelo Herndon. As Gorki points out, it is because the Negro and the white toilers are learning the lessons of solidarity that the white rulers are mobilizing the full forces of their "culture" against the working class.

It is precisely for this reason that the workers must show still greater solidarity, still greater fighting spirit. In addition to mobilizing all the workers and their sympathizers, and in addition to circulating the petition for 1,000,000 signatures, funds must be raised at once. The International Labor Defense, whose work has drawn the praise of Maxim Gorki, needs that \$15,000 immediately for the expenses of the appeals in the Scottsboro and Herndon cases.

Those workers and sympathizers who agree with Gorki that "capitalist culture" cannot be expected to be humane" will enlist in this campaign immediately. Funds must be rushed, at once, to the International Labor Defense, Room 430, 80 E. 11th Street, New York City.

The proletarian must protect

of course, unused stocks of coal on hand indicate low production levels of consuming industries.

Employment in bituminous mining stood at 72 per cent of the 1929 average in April (latest figures), while employment in anthracite mining stood at only 58 per cent of the 1929 level.

## Anthracite Unity of Working Class

### Wages Cut Necessary in the Fight Under NRA Against War, Fascism

### Recent Article Cites Open Violation of Pay Agreement

By JACK KLING

That wage agreements are openly violated by anthracite operators is shown by a recent article in the Wilkes-Barre Record, entitled "Butler Miners Take New Face." The Butler Colliery of the Pistone Company (a Morgan concern) had been shut down for two years.

On opening up again the company offered miners a new rate sheet which the men, long jobless, were forced to accept. Former wage rates called for by the anthracite agreement were \$8.80 a day for miners and \$7.70 a day for mine laborers. New rates at the Butler Colliery are now \$5.75 for miners and \$6.13 a day for company laborers.

Where the former tonnage rate was \$2.60, it is now \$2 per ton in headings, \$1.85 in solid, and \$1.75 per ton in pillar. It is, of course, no news that hard coal operators have been ignoring the established rates but the Butler Colliery now furnishes an exact record of such a cut. It represents wages higher than are now paid in some of the other anthracite mines. Of the 1,037 grievances presented to Umpire James A. Gorman, of the Anthracite Conciliation Board, at hearings concluded in July, many had to do with the low wages paid.

### Japanese Army Morale Affected By Intense Poverty of the Masses

TOKYO, Aug. 10.—So desperate is the poverty of Japanese peasants and silk worm cultivators that the War Ministry has been forced to promise aid.

Premier Okada and War Minister Hayashi today conferred with the President of the Sericulture Federation and learned that silk worm cultivators were too hard hit to be content with the plans of the Agricultural Ministry.

Hinting that the unrest of the peasants was "bad for the morale of the army," he demanded 10 per cent of the army budget to quiet the agriculturists.

### Fishermen Dump Catch Into the Sea in Protest

DOURNAZEZ, France, Aug. 10.—Breton fishermen, romanticized in bourgeois literature, were the heroes of a struggle never mentioned in polite novels.

They threw their night's sardine catch back into the sea, refusing to accept starvation prices for their labor.

### Jailed for Telling Truth

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—Plain talk put a Bielefeld worker in jail today. He declared that Hitler was a homosexual as much as was Roehm, and ought to be shot likewise.

## Million Names, \$15,000 Sought for Herndon, Scottsboro Boys

against these murders. It must realize that capitalism cannot avoid murder. It must realize that capital must attempt always to snatch from its ranks, to murder its best leaders. The dollar is worth more to capitalism than human lives."

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### Incidents in Capitalist Terror-Wave Cited to Prove Urgency of United Front Actions Against All Working Class Enemies Here and Abroad

By JACK KLING

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The question of united action in defense of the most burning issues confronting the working class as a whole and the youth in particular has been time and again raised by the Communist Party and the Young Communist League. Recent events on both an international and national scale makes working class unity against capitalism the most burning problem before the whole working class. The growth of fascism on an international scale, fascist attacks in various countries in Europe and in America and the burning danger of imperialist war faces the whole working class regardless of what their political opinions may be or organizational connections they may have.

The Young Communist League in the past and today has realized that only the united action of the working class youth, student youth, together with the entire working class will be able to destroy fascism and carry on a very successful struggle against imperialist war. And precisely because of this, the various Young Communist Leagues under the leadership of the Young Communist International, have made headway in bringing about united action among Socialists, Communists, workers in reformist trade unions and organizations, in spite of the resistance of many leaders of reformist groups to bring about this unity.

In France, the Young Socialist organization has united with the Young Communist League in a struggle against fascism, imperialism. In England, to a much higher degree, the Guild of Socialist Youth has affiliated to the Young Communist International in a struggle against imperialism, war, fascism, and other problems confronting the youth in England. In Austria, there are at the present time negotiations between the revolutionary socialist youth organization and the Young Communist League of Austria against fascism and imperialism.

In the United States too, we have some examples of local groups developing unified action with the Young Communist League on the problem of war and fascism (Camden, New Jersey; Hartford, Connecticut; California). There is a growing realization among the working class youth in this country and in the city of Chicago for the necessity of unity, of united action, against imperialism and fascism.

The Young Communist League in the Chicago district, just as well as nationally, has consistently, for several years, attempted to bring about united actions against fascism, imperialism, war, between the Young People's Socialist League and those under their influence and the Young Communist League. This is especially significant today.

The recent raids on the Packing House Workers Union and arrest of its leaders, the raid on the Bakers' union affiliated to the A. F. of L., the arrests of over 40 youth in the course of the struggle for Negro rights, for the right of the Negro youth to use all beaches, the recently coming into Chicago of Fred G. Clarke, chief of the Crusader movement who declares that the "Crusader organization of business and professional men are undertaking a new campaign on behalf of American democracy as opposed to Communism and Socialism." These events make working class unity and working class youth united action in the city of Chicago the most burning problem on the order of the day. United action cannot be delayed.

On July 27th, 28th, and 29th, there was a Midwestern Jubilee of the Y. P. S. L. in the Friends Camp. The Y. C. L. sent a delegation to this camp to propose a program of united action to the Y. P. S. L.'s who were present at this Jubilee. There were present many Y. P. S. L. members from Cleveland, Detroit, Indianapolis, Chicago, Milwaukee, and St. Louis. What were our proposals?

1. United action between the Y. P. S. L. and the Y. C. L. in a struggle against imperialist war and fascism on International Youth Day September 1st.
2. For the freedom of Thaelmann and all anti-fascist prisoners of Germany.
3. Against the terror on the west coast and for the immediate release of all arrested workers.
4. United action in Chicago for the right of Negro youth to use all beaches.
5. Joint mobilization for the second youth U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism.

After much difficulty, being sent from one person to another, our delegation was able to secure the floor to this conference on Sunday, July 29 to present our proposals.

After we got through presenting our proposals, the delegates were enthused and expressed their enthusiasm with applause. However, the leadership of the Y. P. S. L. present—Winston Dancis, national secretary; a leader from the New York Y. P. S. L.—requested that we leave so that they can have their discussion. What was the character of the discussion following?

Leader by leader followed the most vicious attacks against the Communists. Most of those who were present there were young peo-

ple only in the Y. P. S. L. two, three, four, five and six month. These people actually became scarce when they heard these attacks.

Therefore in closing I want to say, the Young Communist League has been in the past and is read today to meet with a delegation of the Y. P. S. L. to discuss united front action. We will do everything possible to bring about united action. The most important type of united action is between the circle of the Y. P. S. L. and the units of the Y. C. L. in the neighborhoods in the shops, in the various territories. We will attempt to overcome every obstacle in our path. The Young Communist League proposes united action on:

1. Joint struggle against imperialist war and fascism; joint mobilization for second Youth U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism; joint participation in International Youth Day, August 31st.
2. Against the attacks on Negro youth in Chicago, for the right of Negro youth to use all beaches without any discrimination. The immediate release of all those arrested in the struggle for the beaches.
3. The immediate release of Ernst Thaelmann and all anti-fascist prisoners in Germany.

Our actions in the past and our actions tomorrow will prove our sincerity to bring about united action for we realize that it is only the united action of the working class youth that will give strength, courage and ability to the working class youth together with the adults to fight against fascism and imperialism.

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# Toiling America Demands Jobless and Social Insurance

## Majority of Population Is Vitally Interested in Unemployment Act

Earl Browder Says: Great Masses of Americans Growing Up Without Chance to Work Will Back Communist Proposal

By EARL BROWDER

NO ONE knows the exact number of unemployed. But there is no doubt that there are at least 10,000 to 15,000 jobless in this country, even according to the government writers of statistics, whose task it is to conceal the truth.

Furthermore—and even more important—there is no doubt, even among the economists who serve the rulers of this country, that there is no chance under the present social system of cutting down the number of unemployed to any appreciable extent.

This means that for ten to fifteen million American workers in town and country, industrial workers, white collar men and women, professional people, intellectuals and civil service workers, THERE IS NO CHANCE OF GETTING WORK.

A great part of the American toilers are growing up without the chance of ever obtaining regular work, deprived of the opportunity of earning even a miserable wage in a factory, store or office. They will not be able to settle down and establish a family.

American capitalism is unable to provide work for great masses of producers any longer!

IS IT NOT clear that under such circumstances every jobless worker is intensely interested in having the misery of unemployment mitigated by a fixed permanent relief, as is provided for in the bill proposed by the Communist Party, the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill?

It is not clear that under such circumstances every working man and working woman is interested in having the Communist proposal on unemployment insurance made law? What worker knows whether he is not the next recruit in the army of the permanently unemployed? What worker has not before him the sight of children or relatives growing up without a chance to work?

**Women, Home Owners Want Bill**  
It is not clear under such circumstances that every working class woman, faced with the spectacle of unemployment for her husband, and her own daughters, is highly interested in the passage of the Communist proposal for immediate unemployment insurance? Every farmer who will be chased from his land tomorrow—if he has not already been driven off—will he not be interested in unemployment insurance? Every small home owner whose little house has been taken away by the mortgage company sharks—is he not interested?

And is not every trade union member highly interested in a system of unemployment insurance? Would not the right to work be organized in a union of his own choice, the right to strike the best gaining power of the unionist, be tremendously stronger if the worker and his wife knew that he could at least count on unemployment insurance in case of a strike or loss of his job? Would not the trade unions be relieved of their difficulties in paying out strike and unemployment relief if unemployment insurance were a law? Would that not help to lower the cost of living?

Only he who is an agent of the bosses can deny that the introduction of unemployment insurance, as we Communists propose, would create a great rise in the trade union movement.

IT IS NO exaggeration to say that at least seventy per cent of the American population is directly or indirectly interested in the immediate introduction of unemployment insurance. It is no exaggeration to say that at least seventy to eighty million American men and women, young and old, are interested in the passage of the Communist bill.

It is clear that even the immediate introduction of unemployment insurance cannot remedy all the misery, the anarchy, the contradictions of the present insane system. This can only be cured by a radical change of the whole social order and the establishment of a real, true democracy of the workers and farmers. But unemployment insurance can protect the jobless from the deepest abyss of want. It is an aid against the demoralization of which fascism makes use in order to establish its bloody dictatorship.

The principle of unemployment insurance such as the Communists propose is, that every man, woman and young worker over sixteen, shall receive from the day of the loss of his job and for the whole duration of his unemployment, a minimum of ten dollars (\$10) per week as relief, without the degrading examination and red tape of local politicians, and that the cost of this insurance shall be borne by the government and the employers.

Capitalists and their government exclaim: We cannot do that! We cannot afford it! To this we Communists answer: You call yourselves the captains of industry and finance. You fight with all means at your disposal to preserve this situation where you are the captains. You indulge in feasts while the crew goes hungry. We Communists think you should go to hell, and that the crew should take care of the ship. But so long as you keep it by force and take all the benefits, you have to give the crew at least the minimum in order to protect them from

mities of the A.A.A. crop-reduction program and the drought, should adopt resolutions and take actions for unemployment insurance.

There should be meetings, demonstrations and sympathetic strikes in order to exert pressure on the Roosevelt government for the passage of unemployment insurance. There must be systematic actions in every community, in every state.

The election campaign must be used extensively, and every candidate must be asked: What is your opinion about unemployment insurance? Every candidate who promises to work for this bill must be forced to prove it by taking an active part in mass demonstrations. We must not permit the acceptance of vote-catching promises.

Mass mobilization of toiling America for the passage of unemployment insurance in Congress this winter—this must be one of the main slogans of the American working class. The fight for the right to belong to a union of our own choice and for better working conditions is intimately bound up with the fight for unemployment insurance.

We Communists have done our duty in proposing unemployment insurance. We continue in our daily tireless organizing the masses for the passage of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill. In this struggle we are ready to fight together with anyone who really wants unemployment insurance, be he a supporter of capitalist democracy, a socialist, a leader of the A. F. of L., or a man who believes in God. We do not inquire about his political and religious opinions. We do not ask whether he is for or against revolution. We ask only one thing: Are you seriously fighting for unemployment insurance and are you ready for practical arrangements to mobilize the masses for the passage of unemployment insurance during this coming Winter?

The wider the front, the more united the front is in this matter, the easier it will be to attain victory, the easier it will be to overcome all resistance and to compel the politicians and demagogues to give to the people what belongs to them.

If we succeed—and we must succeed—in arousing the millions and millions of toilers at the opening of Congress; when in every town and village, from every home, from every meeting of working men, there comes with the battle cry, Congress, we demand unemployment insurance; when the iron front of toiling America is formed and millions of working hands lift themselves as one iron fist—then, and only then, will Congress surrender to the pressure of the masses.

Organize this mass front! There is an immense work to be done. But there is also abroad among the toilers of America a sound fighting spirit. Our task is now to mobilize the workers of America with a will against the bankers and industrial barons who let toiling America rot in unemployment!

**Councils Arrange Picnic**  
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 10.—Elaborate preparations have been made for the picnic to be held by the unemployed Councils here on August 12 at the Old Anderson Farm, Euclid Avenue and Green Road. One of the big events planned for the picnic is a baseball game between the Negro Scovill Giants and the Single Workers Nine. Both teams are made up exclusively of jobless workers.

Athletic competitions, games, dancing and revolutionary vaudeville will also be offered. Trucks and buses will be provided to transport the picnickers from Euclid Avenue and Green Road to the picnic grounds.

**1,000 IN RACINE**  
RACINE, Wis., Aug. 10.—More than 1,000 workers took part in a militant demonstration against war outside the City Hall a few days ago. The demonstration was presided over by a parade through the downtown section. Workers lined the sides of the streets to watch the parade. The remarks of the speakers at the demonstration were well received by the workers gathered in front of the City Hall. Chairman was John Sekat. The speakers were John Vasey, of the Young Communist League, and Communist Party of Racine.

**Letter Reveals Terror Against Workers in County Prisons**  
LOS ANGELES—Protesting against the organized terror against working class prisoners in the County Jail at El Centro, Pettis Ferry, district organizer of the International Labor Defense sent the following letter to Sheriff George L. Campbell of Imperial County: "Sir: After a long unbroken series of outrages in Imperial Valley, reports continue to be received at this office of further terror against the workers and of inhuman treatment of working class prisoners in the County Jail at El Centro. On July 23, three car-loads of vigilantes visited the Union prisoners at the chain-gang camp at Superstition Mountain. The vigilantes were led by W. F. Aycock, the man who assaulted Attorney Besig. These vigilantes fraternized with the prison guards and very carefully scrutinized Antonio Solorzano who was to be released the next day. And, as you know, on the night after Solorzano was released his home was entered by eight vigilantes who in a cowardly

## Imperialist Powers Aid Japan's Drive in China As Move Against Soviets

By R. DOONPING

The imperialist partitioning of China now has far graver implications than before the World War. It has become part of the struggle between the two worlds, the world of imperialism and the world of Socialism. The partitioning of China is closely tied up with the drive of the Imperialist Powers for a war against the Soviet Union and the destruction of the Chinese Soviet districts.

Both Czarist Russia and Japan were prevented from entirely swallowing up Manchuria before the war by rival imperialists in Western Europe and America. But in 1931 no European or American Power offered any effective opposition, except empty verbiage, to Japan's annexation of Manchuria. Evidently Japan regards the benefit of her position as the Far Eastern spearhead in the imperialist design for war against the Soviet Union. The anti-Soviet issue occupies such a paramount place in the mind of the British ruling class that, in addition to Manchuria, they were willing to permit Japan to extend her influence to North China, where the Kaifeng mines, the largest coal-mining enterprise in the world, are situated. Japan is now proceeding to consolidate her position in North China, which she acquired through the Tanku agreement with Chiang Kai-shek, and to penetrate further in Mongolia. On June 11, the Tientsin Yee-Shih-Pao, an influential Catholic daily in North China, reported that Japan had shortly to seize Chahar and Suiyuan, two provinces in Inner Mongolia, and set up a Great Gostem state to include the northwestern provinces of China.

**Japan Plans New Coup**  
In fact, Japan has already opened custom houses in eastern Chahar, and placed all government institutions under their control. Under the Washington deadline of July 10, William Philip Simms, Scripps-Howard Foreign Editor, reports that "according to reliable sources from the Far East just received by the writer... a new coup designed to enlarge Japan's slice of Asia at the expense of China is impending" and that "the entire area between the Great Wall and the valley of the Yellow River, including the Peiping and Tientsin area... is being systematically 'ripened' to fall into the lap of Nippon."

While Japan is clipping off the map of China from the northeast, Great Britain is engaged in the same work in the west and northwest. Tibet has long been known as a sphere of influence of Great Britain, which is now taking full advantage of the recent death of Dalai Lama, the ruler of Tibet and the quarrel over succession to consolidate the British agent, Sheikdrake, the British agent in Sinkiang (Chinese Turkestan), supported by the Second East India Company, a firm with large business interests in Sinkiang, is engaged in converting Sinkiang into a puppet state of Great Britain. The "China Press" of Shanghai, an American mouthpiece, reported on June 4 that, after a series of conferences between the British agent Sheikdrake and various Moslem representatives, a decision to establish a "Eastern Turkestan Empire" with its capital in Kashgar, was adopted.

**Move Against Soviet China**  
The partitioning of China is accompanied by a systematic attempt of the Imperialist Powers to stamp out the revolutionary movement of the Chinese masses, and above all, to wipe out Soviet China, which is the rallying point and base of operations for the heroic struggle of the Chinese people to liberate China. Using Chiang Kai-shek as their chief agent for this purpose, the imperialists are supplying him with loans and armaments, American financial and political counselors, and German military advisers. Of course, the imperialists do not and cannot cooperate in an organized movement against China. Loans and armaments in China mean trade and profit and increase of political influence and economic control of which each Imperialist Power desires a larger share. But they all

believe in keeping the Chinese people in servility and all are bent upon stamping out Communism, and they cooperate, in their anarchic way, towards this end.

**Prepares Anti-Soviet War**  
For this reason, despite the overwhelmingly strong feeling against Japanese imperialism throughout China, Chiang Kai-shek is consciously preparing war against the Soviet Union under Japan's direction. It is by no means accidental that leading Kuomintang circles are already echoing the Japanese propaganda that China should draw closer to Japan because of the kinship in language and culture. There is every reason to believe that the Kuomintang will fight on the side of Japanese imperialism in attacking the Soviet Union.

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Other words, if the imperialists were forced to withdraw their advisers and to stop loans, armaments, and airplanes to China, China would be Sovietized in a short time. The overwhelming majority of the people of China hate the militarist Kuomintang regime like poison and are sympathetic to the Soviet movement. The socio-economic program of Soviet China has already been sufficiently carried out to set an example and show to the masses what a Sovietized China could be like. Not a programme on paper, but concrete life in Soviet China, is pointing the Kuomintang China. The only thing that is holding back these hundreds of millions from turning their miserable homes into a happy land of Soviets is the white terror and anti-Soviet campaigns maintained with the help of imperialist subsidies in the form of loans, airplanes and armaments bought on long-term credit.

**Must Fight Imperialist Plans**  
It is up to the workers and farmers and other sympathizers in imperialist countries, especially American imperialism, which is the main support of Chiang Kai-shek, to do their part in stopping this imperialist intervention in China and deprive the Chinese landlords and comprador (native agent) capitalists of the main support which keeps them in power. In doing this, the American workers and farmers are not only helping the Chinese people, but are also helping themselves. The stand with which their imperialist government is subsidizing Chiang Kai-shek, for the benefit of Wall Street interests in China, come from the pockets of the American people. By stopping such loans by mass pressure, American friends of the Chinese people are not only depriving Chiang Kai-shek of the money to finance his terrorist campaigns, but are also lightening their own financial burdens. Furthermore, the only way to stop the capitalists of America from using the low living standards of oriental workers to lower the wage scale in this country, is to help the Chinese workers to raise their own living standards and defeat the tactics of capitalists, to set the workers of one nationality against those of another.

The only guarantee for an ever increasing high standard of living of the Chinese workers and farmers is a Soviet China, a China governed by the workers and farmers of China and dedicated to the cause of the workers and farmers and oppressed people throughout the world. By rallying to the support of Soviet China and the Chinese people's struggle for liberation, the American workers and farmers and sympathizers are defending their own interests! You can share by:

1—Demanding the withdrawal of imperialist armies and naval forces, aviation pilots, military and financial advisers from China;

2—Helping to stop the granting of loans and shipment of munitions and airplanes to China.

## The Fighting Negro Reformists Fail In Attempts to Block Negro-White Solidarity

By H. E. BRIGGS

Organizations may come and go, political parties may rise and fall, but the Bonus March of 1932 broke the last barrier of individualism in America. Here, 35,000 veterans set a precedent for the working class in their ten weeks siege of Congress and their battle against the armed forces of the United States. It is not necessary to point out here that the majority of these men did not know that they were—staging a revolt. The main thing to remember is, that they came they learned they shed their illusions.

These things are ably explained by the author of this book, I met Douglas on the Second Bonus March. He was on the inside of every move, and tells the truth about the various leaders, organizations and maneuverings in dramatic fashion. From the first chapter to the last, we are constantly in the thick of the fight for what is today one of the major demands perplexing Congress. Chapter 2, tips the halo of the "Father of Our Country" by showing that he was not only "First in Peace, First in War" but also, first in the pockets of his countrymen. From this Chapter which deals with the "Pay March" after the Revolutionary War and the sell-out by the politicians and misleaders of that period, we march steadily forward to our own time. The tale of George Allman's almost forced march from Oregon and the split between him and Waters is a revolutionary document. Another fine chapter is that which tells the story of the "Battle in the Railroad Yards." It is here that John Pace, ex-Marine, ex-Ku Klux Klansman became one of the outstanding rank and file leaders of the workers and veterans.

The chapter on the "Death March" shows us how the splendid courage of these men was wasted on misleading issues by the swarm of fakers who infested the Bonus March. It was this "Death March" which gave Vice-President Curtis the jitters, and made him in a panic order the evacuation of the Bonus Marchers. It is here that the first show of revolt in the armed forces came about when a detachment of Marines called by Curtis refused to make a move against the veterans. Needless to say, they were immediately rushed back to their barracks.

Those liberals who are led to believe by the vicious publicity of the National Economy League in the capitalist papers that the "Bonus is a Racket" will think differently after reading this book. Its astounding facts and human interest put the name Mayor W. W. Waters and all the authors of those sneering books purporting to deal with the veteran question, on the spot. My only quarrel with this book is the lack of space allotted to the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League; which though small and poorly organized at that time, was still the prime mover behind the march. And at the time of the eviction of the vets, the only group that had a program and rallied the men for a future Rank and File veterans movement in America. To say that this book is important and superfluous. It is the only book on the market at present which portrays the veteran in his true economic role. It is a book that everyone who is even slightly interested in the veteran question and its relation to the rest of the working class cannot afford to ignore. There is an appropriate foreword by John Dos Passos. All in all, it is a swell book for any comrade, friend or buddy.

All Posts of the W. E. S. L. should get a copy of this book for their reference library. There will be special rates to Veteran organizations for quantity orders. Read, discuss and pass the good word along. "The Veterans on the March" by Jack Douglas. Foreword by John Dos Passos. 394 Pages, 28 illustrations. Price \$1.25. Published by Workers Library Publishers, P. O. Box 148, Station D, New York City.

## Communists in Chicago Lead Successful Rally on Jim-Crow Beach, Forcing Police to Back Down On Terror Plans—Negro Misleaders Defeated

By CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT

Note:—The author of this article is the South Side Section Organizer of the Young Communist League, and a leader in the struggle of the Negro workers. He is a candidate for the State Assembly in the coming elections.

CHICAGO—Harry Hayward, in his report to the Eighth National Convention of the Communist Party, pointed out the increasingly treacherous role of the Negro reformist misleaders. These misleaders, he stated, become more active as agents of the white ruling class precisely at a time when our Party and League are engaged in decisive struggles for Negro rights. In some cases they constitute the main danger to the Negro people as an aid to white chauvinism. It is from this viewpoint that we must review the activities of these people in Chicago and their official organ, the Chicago Defender, in recent weeks.

**Jim-Crowism Fought**  
Over a month ago the Young Communist League and the Youth Section of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights uncovered an "unwritten" law of Jim Crowism applied and enforced on the Jackson Park Beach. These organizations immediately organized a struggle to smash this "law."

The Hyde Park Businessmen's and Property Owners' Association, together with the South Park Commissioners and their police thugs immediately launched a terror drive against the unity of Negro and white workers. They scented in this unity on the beaches a step to further united actions for more relief, against high rents, wage cuts and speed-up in the shops, and for other demands of the workers.

**Wide Terror Protest**  
Over forty young workers were arrested for violating Jim Crow regulations on the beach, and were viciously insulted and abused by police. At meetings held to protest against these arrests, hoodlums employed by the businessmen threw stench bombs. Instead of crushing this struggle through terror as the white rulers expected, the bosses were flooded with protests, resolutions and letters from workers and intellectuals, demanding a cessation of the terror and Jim Crowism on the beach.

The South Park Commissioners, becoming alarmed at this growing sentiment, now called upon their Negro agents, the misleaders, to come to their rescue. A mass beach party, scheduled to take place on July 29, had these people trembling in their boots. Again they calculated on terror to smash this demonstration of unity, but they realized that terror on other occasions had only broadened out the issue.

**Negro Reformists Brought In**  
They realized that it was necessary to take other steps. Accordingly, the Negro reformists began to cry out, "There is no use for us on Jackson Park Beach. The Communists are attempting to create an issue for agitation. The holding of mixed beach parties by the Communists will create a race riot, as there are people on the beach who are opposed to mixing races." The fence on one side and whites on the other was set up for the purpose of Jim Crowism, but to collect revenue from one side. (Though none was collected and the fence remained.—C. L.)

The traitors of the Negro people went to every length of slander against the Negro workers. "If the Negroes only used one side of the fence," they shouted, "it was because they segregated themselves." It was with these slogans that the white rulers mobilized their misleaders to smash the rising sentiment of unity of Negro and white.

## Coal Barons Plan to Spend \$900,000 to Enforce Code

Sum to Be Used to Pay High-Salaried Executives—Consumers Will Pay Cost in Form of Higher Retail Prices for Coal Next Winter

By Labor Research Association

The bituminous coal industry plans to spend at least \$900,000 during the current year for the cost of administering and obtaining compliance with the code, according to the code authorities' budgets recently submitted to Administrator Johnson for approval. This large sum will be used in paying high-salaried executives, their travelling expenses, and other over-head charges of code administration."

Here are the budgets for one year proposed by the sub-divisional code authorities:

Western Pennsylvania sub-division (division I), \$249,840.26; Eastern sub-division (division II), \$201,050; Ohio sub-division (division I), \$200,000; Illinois sub-division (division II), \$105,000; Indiana sub-division (division II), \$64,087.23; Division III, \$44,556; West Virginia Northern Panhandle (division I), \$25,520; Michigan sub-division (division I), \$9,250.

While these amounts are to be raised by assessments on the companies' 1933 tonnage, it is certain that the costs will be later passed on to the consumers in the form of

increased prices for coal. Already retail coal prices are about 11 per cent higher than in March, 1933, when Roosevelt took office. The National Industrial Conference Board reports that coal prices moved up 1.4 per cent in July, 1934, "an increase which is not generally observed until August."

**Code Violations Exposed**  
How mine foremen help the higher-ups in violating the N.R.A. code is shown by Coal Age in an article on "Mine Foreman Faces Added Responsibilities Under N.R.A. Regime." With great sympathy for the mine foremen, the journal explains how some of them cheat the miners:

"In many instances, however, crafty mine foremen have endeavored to side-step compliance with some provisions in order to reduce the costs of production. Then, when some member of the organization (that is, the union—Ed.) discovers the evasion and brings it to the attention of the mine committee and other members of his local union, resentment naturally is created and attempts at reprisals are sure to follow."

**Defender Supports Police**  
In face of these threats, the Chicago Defender opened up its sheets to a cunningly written article justifying the planned attacks. The article stated that trouble would take place at Jackson Park Beach Sunday, July 29, and the Defender wanted to warn its readers of this situation. The article stated that a huge beach party of Negro and white workers would take place and that police were going to break it up.

It then proceeded to justify this attack by stating that all known radicals would be arrested on sight. It warned its readers that these arrests would not be because the party was mixed, but because the Communists were trying to use the beach for propaganda purposes.

It advised that the Negro workers attending not permit their children to play with others, not to mix with whites, and to call the police to arrest anyone that approached them. This was the heroic support of white chauvinism which the Defender undertook by its efforts to smash the struggle against Jim Crowism.

**Force Rulers to Back Down**  
We spoke of this, our Party and League met and defeated the maneuverers and plans of the white rulers and their Negro agents. By continuing to arouse the masses against these people and their schemes, we forced the authorities to back down. The great wave of protests finally made the Board half-heartedly promise non-interference with the party of July 2.

When, in spite of this promise, hundreds of police were brought to the beach, the solidarity and unity was so great that they did not dare to attack. Every weapon and lie used by the white rulers and their lackeys were defeated.

**Negroes Flock to Party**  
First, we defeated their cry of "creating race riots" by uniting non-revolutionary workers, Negro and white bathers in the party. Second, their cry that Negroes had segregated themselves was exposed when large numbers of Negroes came across the old "color line" to join the party when they so no hostilities were developing.

We likewise forced the commissioners to cut a gate through the fence that had divided Negroes and whites. This partial victory must be followed up until all our demands are won. Our message to the Abbot, McGillivray of the Chicago Defender, Foster of the Urban League, and the whole line-up of reformists is: "Judas, for the wonderful service you rendered your white masters, go get your thirty pieces of silver. If they reproach you for having failed, tell them you did your best, but the unity of the masses, Negro and white, under the leadership of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League defeated you."

## Sheriff Aids Vigilantes, I. L. D. Charges

Letter Reveals Terror Against Workers in County Prisons

LOS ANGELES—Protesting against the organized terror against working class prisoners in the County Jail at El Centro, Pettis Ferry, district organizer of the International Labor Defense sent the following letter to Sheriff George L. Campbell of Imperial County:

"Sir: After a long unbroken series of outrages in Imperial Valley, reports continue to be received at this office of further terror against the workers and of inhuman treatment of working class prisoners in the County Jail at El Centro. On July 23, three car-loads of vigilantes visited the Union prisoners at the chain-gang camp at Superstition Mountain. The vigilantes were led by W. F. Aycock, the man who assaulted Attorney Besig. These vigilantes fraternized with the prison guards and very carefully scrutinized Antonio Solorzano who was to be released the next day. And, as you know, on the night after Solorzano was released his home was entered by eight vigilantes who in a cowardly

attack finally knocked him unconscious and threw him on top of his small children lying on the bed. "Your denial—without investigation—of this bestial assault can only mean that you are once again assuring the vigilantes of immunity in future assaults.

"Further we find that you have not taken one step to arrest the vigilantes who visited the chain-gang camp the night of July 26, who burned a fiery cross, admitted the attack on Solorzano, and who, with knout and hangman's noose, threatened death to Stanley Hancock and Nieto.

"We have learned of your inhuman mistreatment of Dorothy Ray, 19, and of Emma Cutler, confined in the County jail at El Centro for six months. Your giving these young women nothing but half-cooked starches and pork, while holding them in a stifling tank which rises to over 120 degrees, is breaking down their health. Last Tuesday when Emma Cutler was visited she was hardly able to stand. We know no words adequate for your inhuman acts in turning back those who have come to the County jail with milk and fruit for these young women.

"These assaults and persecutions are directed at those guilty of no crime but that of organizing the workers to better unbearable working conditions. We are well aware of the facts. Union workers are rail-rotted to convictions, long sentences and jail through frame-ups and farcical trials. . . . Emma Cutler, convicted of vagrancy, was arrested in her car three hours after she arrived in the Valley. . . . Antonio Solorzano, trial consisted solely of this: Solorzano was brought into court. He was asked in Spanish 'Do you speak English?' He answered 'No.' He was led out. Two weeks later (in prison) he by chance saw an old copy of the Brawley Spanish newspaper 'La Gaceta.' In it he learned he had been convicted and sentenced to ninety days.

"In the name of the 1,500 members of District 14 of the International Labor Defense, we demand: "1. The immediate arrest and prosecution of W. F. Aycock and of all the other vigilantes engaged in the fascist proceedings in Imperial Valley; that you as Sheriff of the County stop acting in implicit obedience to the hand full of big growers, shippers and bankers and in-

stead protect the thousands of workers and small farmers whom these growers, shippers and bankers are exploiting.

"2. Adequate food for Emma Cutler and Dorothy Ray—food which has the necessary elements to restore their health which has been dangerously undermined by the ill treatment.

"3. Protection for the working class prisoners now on the chain-gang and in the County jail at El Centro; protection for workers active in the Union who now are being assaulted and threatened; protection for the workers' lawyers (five of whom have been assaulted or imprisoned) to make possible legal representation of the workers in Imperial Valley. "Because of your actions, much of the responsibility is yours for what has already occurred in Imperial Valley. We now hold you strictly accountable for the safety and health of our prisoners in your charge and for the fulfillment of the above demands."

**Organizer Cites Cases of Brutal Assaults, Slow Starvation**

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# Welfare Officials Try to Starve Miners Into Company Union

## AS ONE AIR-PILOT TO ANOTHER

BY A GROUP OF PILOTS AND MECHANICS

Leighton W. Rogers, executive vice-president of the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce, which represents 95 per cent of the aviation industry both transport and manufacturing in its membership, has made an important announcement. The Chamber will move from N. Y. C. to Washington. This was influenced by the fact that over 40 similar institutions are located in the capital.

Mr. Rogers states that "adequate representation of all branches of the industry" make it imperative that we establish executive offices in Washington. "During the last year the chamber has negotiated the aircraft codes and its several departments will be so arranged as to facilitate cooperation with the N. R. A." "The membership can be served by locating in the capital's new center." The aviation codes presented by the chamber are a model of sacrificial service to the membership. Sample—Article 4, Sec. 1. "No employee shall be paid less than 15 dollars per week in the North and 13 dollars per week in the South in places of more than 50,000 population—Nor less than 14 dollars per week in the North and 12 dollars per week in the South in places of less than 50,000 population. — Except that mechanics licensed by the Department of Commerce shall be paid not less than 16 dollars per week (D) Transport pilots as licensed by the Department of Commerce shall be paid not less than 20 dollars per week. (E) Limited commercial pilots as licensed by the Department of Commerce shall be paid not less than 15 dollars per week.—Minimum wages! They did a swell job—they should—they were well paid.

The aviation workers failed to appreciate the altruistic efforts of the chamber. They went on strike in a number of places. The result was the usual one. They were gassed, clubbed by police, and viciously attacked in the local press. The N. R. A. stepped in.—The A. F. of L. officials were stepping on by their own locals, who started out independent unions stepped out and are growing—at present aviation conditions are in a turmoil. So-o-o the chamber moves to Washington. Events are moving rapidly. The A. F. of L. is well aware of this and is looking blue. The N. R. A. eagle is also feeling as well as looking blue.

The aviation workers—well—they don't like blue. The codes sponsored by the chamber have made a great many of them see another color. The chamber did a swell job there because it is a good color—and fast. It won't fade. Officials of United Aircraft and Transport Company said they "expected" the coming Congress to enact legislation "which will probably make it necessary to separate com-

panies manufacturing equipment from those engaged in transportation." With this in mind they will split the booty three ways. Instead of one holding company there will be three. There will be a stock shuffle, a slight change of names, and another triumph registered for law and profits. United Airlines Transport Corp. will control the passenger business in Hartford and Boeing Airplane Co. will hold the stock of the manufacturing companies. Forty million dollars will be involved in this lily-white transaction. The manufacturing groups in the East "expect" to acquire the Chance Vought Corp.; Hamilton Standard Propeller, Northrop Aircraft, Pratt and Whitney Aircraft, United Airports of Conn.; and 99 per cent of Sikorsky Aviation Corp. We also expect they will take over the aviation workers in Hartford in view of the results of their recent strike will have no difficulty restraining their cheeks over the financial shuffle. Their participation in any benefits will depend on the strength and application of their fine union. They do not "expect" any assistance from Congress.

Two hundred thousand dollars worth of munitions purchased here by Bolivia prior to May 28 will be exempt from the presidential banning of such shipments to S. America. The State Dept. declared the munitions contracted for in good faith; therefore the exemption. Airplanes, spare parts, aerial bombs, hand grenades and mortar ammunition comprise this shipment by the Curtiss Wright Export Co.

Another aviation shuffle is now being negotiated. Mr. La Motte Cohn, the Wall St. stock juggler who controls a number of aviation companies, is again in the headlines. He was formerly president of Aviation Corp.; E. L. Cord the big bad wolf of aviation, got control of Aviation Corp. E. L. Cord, the big bad wolf of aviation, because he wouldn't play nice—just a big happy family. Mr. Cohn is now doing a little shuffling for the National Aviation Corp. to acquire Eastern Air Lines and Air Investors, Inc. The latter company consists mainly of stocks in aviation companies. The money involved in the transaction has not been divulged, but it is indicated that an exchange of stock will be mutually agreed upon.

The usual exchange of paper and names, and a camouflage of conferences and press publicity will result in the same old racket emerging with a different handle—made in Wall Street.

### NOTE:

We publish letters from coal and ore miners, and from all field workers, every Saturday. We urge workers in these fields to write us of their conditions of work and of their struggles to organize. Please get your letters to us by Wednesday of each week.

## UMW Leaders Use Red Scare To Split Miners

By a Mine Worker Correspondent

GALLUP, N. Mex. — August the 2nd the organizer of the United Mine Workers of America called a meeting in the Gameroo mine. They said they had 65 members, so they said they sent a committee over to meet them, but when they got there they found only six men from the mines.

The committee went in and asked for the floor, and got it. Our committee said they were there to call a meeting of all miners to unite them for a fight, regardless of their union belief, as the bosses could see the split, and that was the way they liked it. We must unite the workers first for a better standard of living, and get a committee from all the miners to work up the demands to put before the company.

Here is the stand the scab leader Fontackee took. The N.M.U. is just a hideout for the Communist Party, and we will have nothing to do with them. He said, I know the miners have room for a fight, he stated, but only if they join the U.M.W.A. will we fight for them, and then we won't have to strike to get our demands, as we have three men paid by U.M.W.A. to fight with the government to get us a square deal.

Then a bad egg got up and said, "If we do unite the miners and the company will not accept our demands, what shall we do? We can't strike. So we must join the U.M.W.A."

Now is there any man that can believe that the N.M.U. is Communist, when we have 650 members in Gallup alone who we are sure are not Communists, just real fighting miners ready to fight the bosses at any time, and when they do strike they do not pay a \$1 fine to fakers like John Lewis.

So we, the miners of Gallup, can see very clearly that the U.M.W.A. does not want to unite the miners for a fight, but to unite them for the bosses, for the next war which is very near. We used to have strikes with the U.M.W.A. without bringing in the government, so why not now, and we can still have them by building the N.M.U. like the Gallup miners.

True, we don't have all the miners, but the ones we don't have are the type that don't want a union, or they are just thugs or yellow bellies. The N.M.U. is the only union for the miners with clean leadership. So get up and build it, it is your duty.

NOTE:—This worker is correct in his denunciation of the no-fight, splitting tactics of the U.M.W.A. leadership in Gallup. However, although it is easy to understand his disgust with the U.M.W.A., he is making a serious error in assuming that the members of the U.M.W.A. are "the type that don't want a union, thugs, or yellow bellies." These workers are misled by the poisonous pro-boss propaganda, which is spread by these labor agents of the mine owners.

It is necessary to convince the honest workers in the U.M.W.A. of the sell-out nature of the policies

## Bessemer, Ala., Relief Controlled by T. C. I.

United Strength of Negro and White Being Built to Fight Starvation Campaign

By an Ore Miner Correspondent

BESSEMER, Ala.—The situation at the Muscoda Mine of Tennessee Coal and Iron R.R. Co. is getting worse, while the company is striving to get the miners into a company union.

The mine is shut down now. The Welfare is stalling the miners, trying to keep them off the relief as long as they can—and then give them as little as they can when a miner does get relief.

Here are two examples. One Negro miner, who has a family of four, gets a \$3.14 food check which is supposed to last two weeks. Another Negro miner with 10 in the family gets the following: 4 lbs. of lard, 2 small packages of meal, 2 cans each of salmon, beef and tomatoes, and four cans of milk. This is supposed to be long until actual starvation spreads over Red Mountain.

T. C. I. controls the Welfare. Mrs. Maddox, the Bessemer Relief Administrator, is the wife of A. D. Maddox, the T.C.I. labor agent. Thus, when T.C.I. says the rebellious miners will be starved into good company men, it is no idle threat.

The T.C.I. is trying to win back the Negro workers for good company men by patting them on the back at every turn, and promising them good jobs in the place of the white miners. This is the T.C.I. method of smashing the union while Roosevelt and the N.R.A. look on and do nothing. The workers themselves are already preparing a real fight to keep the union and smash the company union.

The scabs are being treated very well by T.C.I. to keep them in line with the company. For instance, T.C.I. doesn't cut anything out of a scab's pay check (when the miners came back after the strike their first check was cut about 66 per cent for everything imaginable).

of their officials, to show how the officials are working not for the interests of the miners but of the bosses, and to build up a militant opposition under honest rank and file leadership, within this local of the U.M.W.A. We must guard against the mistake of assuming that all workers who do not yet want a united front for a militant, class struggle line of action in trade unions are scabs or bosses' agents.

We must, of course, be on the look-out for the scabs and stool-pigeons, but we must remember that there are numbers of honest workers within the A. F. of L. who do not as yet understand the reactionary role of the A. F. of L. leadership. To educate these workers to the need of militant rank and file leadership, and then build a united front of the rank and file of the U.M.W.A. and the N.M.U. to fight for better conditions and against the attacks of the mine owners should be the aim of our correspondent.

## FERA Strike In Gallup Is Going Strong

By a Miner Worker Correspondent

GALLUP, New Mexico. — The FERA strike is going good. The workers have made up their minds to remain on strike till the 20 per cent cut is restored.

The workers had an open air meeting on Saturday and they got the support from the N. M. U. of Gallup, and today they received a wire from Albuquerque saying the common labor union there had a committee to meet the Gallup workers and go with them to Santa Fe, to present their demands, so we hope to see the FERA workers of Albuquerque fall in line with the Gallup FERA workers, for they too have received a 20 per cent cut, but they got there earlier than the workers in Gallup.

But when they cut the workers here they had a good fight on their hands. Those blacklisted miners are sure fighters, they can't put anything over on them with just saying we cut you out. It don't work.

The government is saying to the workers today we are going to cut your hours and raise your wages. But in this case some one is doing the other thing by cutting the wages and raising the hours. So that is what the New Deal means to the workers in the state of New Mexico.

To all labor unions, send in protests to Governor Huckenbuhl, Santa Fe, New Mexico; H. L. Hopkins, National FERA adm., Washington, D. C.; Dempsey, State N. R. A. Director Santa Fe, N. M.; H. Powers, FERA adm., McKinley County, Gallup, New Mex.; Miss M. Daniels McKinley, Relief Secy., Gallup, New Mex.

## No, Comrade, Johnson Is a Rich Manufacturer

By a Mine Worker Correspondent

CLINTON, Ind.—Can this be true that General Hugh S. Johnson, the NRA Administrator, is starving to death, and looking for a chance to make him some money? We know that since the NRA has been in effect in many places scores of workers have been unemployed. But is it possible that the administrator himself would be in this condition?

If it is true that General Johnson is in such straitened condition, the only way out is for him to join the fight for the Unemployment Insurance and a Soviet America.

Earn Expenses Selling "Daily" Get Daily Worker Subscribers!

our mine committee are to take up the layoff today and report on Sunday's special meeting.

We have a joint agreement which is not worth the paper it is written on. The boss has a right to hire and fire.

Many of the men left. They have taken out their tools. The mine worked two days last week and two days this week. The local turned over to the Logan's Ferry miners \$72.25 to aid them in their fight.

## PARTY LIFE Study Groups Formed in Ore Mines, Steel Mills in South

Comrades in Birmingham District Striving to Raise Political Level of Party

In the July 25th issue of the "Daily" the Party Life Column carried a criticism of the attempts made (or not made) to raise the Marxist-Leninist education of our comrades to a higher level. Perhaps the example of the work started in Bessemer, Alabama, will help the comrades in other places to begin this very important work.

When the Section Committee in Section 7, District 17, decided to devote one half hour of each meeting to study, we found that we could not get the necessary material from the District Literature Agent. Then we sent immediately to the Workers Book Shop (New York) for ten copies of the Communist Manifesto. In addition to this, one comrade wrote to a friend in New York, asking him to get a group of his friends, who are Party sympathizers, to donate literature for this important work. The result was that we received twenty copies of the Communist Manifesto, ten copies of Browder's Report to the Eighth National Convention and ten copies of The Way Out.

This literature was used as follows: Section Committees in Section 7 and 7A are studying the Manifesto, two Ore Mine Unit Bureaus are studying Comrade Browder's Report, one Ore Mine Unit Bureau and one Steel Mill Unit Bureau are studying The Way Out, one Y. C. L. Ore Mine group (just recruited) is studying the Manifesto and another Y. C. L. Ore Mine group is studying The Way Out.

Each of these groups devote one half hour of their meetings to study as follows: 15 minutes of reading and 15 minutes of questions and discussion. The comrades are very enthusiastic about this method of study and have shown a real interest.

In order that the study group continues after we finish a

pamphlet the comrades pay for the pamphlets so we can order more material.

There are from five to nine in each study group. There are study groups in three large Ore mines and one large steel mill. In addition to this the Section Committees are made up mostly of miners and steel workers.

This beginning, it appears at present, will go forward. We anticipate starting more study groups, especially among the women and the young workers. The experiences we have and the success of these study groups will make Bessemer a testing ground for this work in this District.

J. C. Birmingham, Alabama.

## Office Workers Union is Organizing Wall Street Workers

In relation to the Party Life Column of July 28th, entitled "Wall Street White Collar Workers Need Organization," there is a Wall Street Group within the Office Workers Union, which is beginning to function. The points brought out in the column were well taken and the Office Workers Union is beginning to act.

We know that there are many sympathizers both inside and outside of mass organizations, and also within the Party and the Y. C. L., who work in the financial district, who would be anxious to work with this newly formed group. But they do not yet know of its existence. Most of them read the "Daily."

An announcement in the column to the effect that all those interested in this highly important work should get in touch with the Wall Street Group, c/o Office Workers Union, 114 West 14th St., would be of great help in establishing contacts and accelerating our work. THE WALL STREET GROUP.

## Dr. LUTTINGER ADVISES

### ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

**Obstetrics**  
Chilomena—Obstetrics is a branch of medicine which deals with the care of women during child birth. It is scientific midwifery. The obstetrician uses version, anesthesia, forceps and cesarean section, which the midwife is not qualified to do.

### Bromidrosis

Bernard S.—In view of the many remedies you have used to minimize the objectionable odor of the perspiration, there is hardly anything left for us to suggest, except to try more salt in your diet. It seems that in some cases, the addition of an extra amount of salt to the vegetables and other food, has a beneficial effect on the odor of the perspiration. Have you eliminated eggs and the cabbage family from your diet? If not, you might try to get along without these sulphur-containing foods.

### Sensitization to Tobacco

Yama-Yama — Some individuals are sensitive to tobacco. This means that a very small amount is liable to produce signs of severe poisoning; just as the eating of one strawberry will produce a rash in those who are sensitized to those berries. Standard, denticitized and mentholated brands do not differ from each other in this respect.

### A Swindler Jailed

Joaquin R. Los Angeles—You'll be pleased to learn that the "doctor" who swindled you has just been sentenced to 180 days in jail. L. R. Mogie is not a physician, but a chiropractor who also practiced chiropractic by giving massage, "adjusting" and "cracking the neck"; also by prayer or instruction. How a scientific Marxist could fall for such a fraud is beyond our understanding.

## IN THE HOME

By HELEN LUKE

### Briefs

When the Staten Island Woman's Council held its regular meeting very recently the husband of one of the members came to report the death of his wife, who had been ill.—The members of the Council made a collection for flowers for the bier of the dead comrade. Total contributions amounted to over eight dollars. The husband, however, immediately proposed that instead of devoting this substantial sum to the purchase of flowers, it be contributed to the Herndon-Scottsboro defense fund, which has been done.

### Lines from the Land of the Vanishing Carrot

The comrade who sent us the English recipe for steamed carrot pudding last fall again wrote, speaking of her efforts to reach the farm women; and, touching on the wretched conditions of the farmers, speaks of the "half a hundred blood suckers, commission men, railroads, bankers, implement companies, insurance companies, A. A. officials, that fasten themselves on the farm product; the impoverishment of the farm homes, actually reaching the point of starvation during the drought."

She sees also the "conservatism, lawsuit-contract-bound attitude of the farmer, between which and open rebellion he continually vacillates; the slavery to day-long chores, the inarticulateness of farm women; the steady movement left under the leadership of the Party," and concludes her letter:

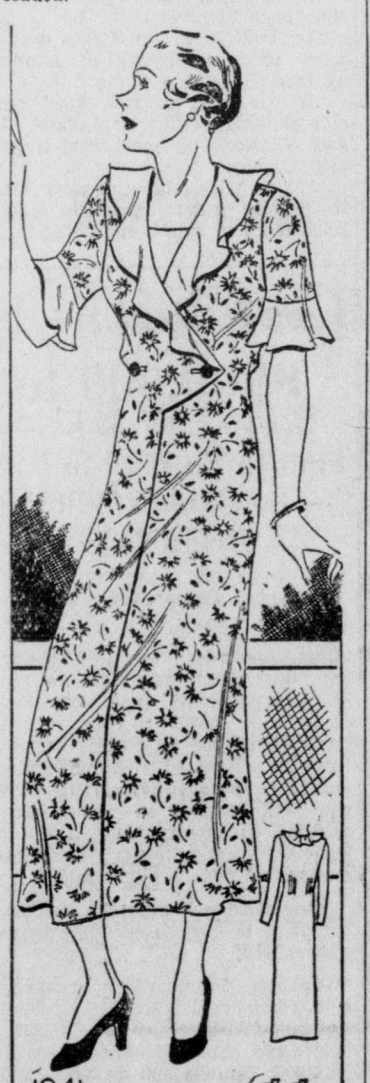
"You may remember me as M. G., who sent you a recipe for carrot pudding. Too hot to cook carrot pudding here now (it's been as high as 117 degrees), and when it's cold enough in the fall there may not be a carrot left in Nebraska."

### War Against H. C. of L. Spreads to Chicago

Watch this column next week for important announcement of steps being taken by Chicago women to lay basis for determined and broad struggles (in line with similar struggles in other cities) against profiteering on food, for cheaper milk, for free school lunches for children of impoverished parents, and similar vital demands.

### Can You Make 'Em Yourself?

Pattern 1941 is available in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50. Size 36 takes 3 1/2 yards 36-inch fabric and 1 yard contrasting. Illustrates step-by-step sewing instructions included.



1941

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE. Address orders to Daily Worker Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th St., New York City.

## WITH OUR YOUNG READERS

Conducted by Mary Morrow, Children's editor, The Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City.

YOU REMEMBER THE LAST TIME WE SAW TIM AND MARGY THEY HAD JUST HELPED A NEGRO BOY FROM THE WATER ONTO THEIR RAFT. THIS IS WHAT HE TELLS THEM.

I COME FROM THE OTHER SIDE OF THE TOWN, SO I DIDN'T KNOW ANY OF THE BOYS, BUT THEY WERE REAL FRIENDLY SO I WAS PLAYING LEAP FROG WITH THEM, WHEN SOME TOUGH-LOOKIN' GUYS CAME ALONG. ONE SAID, 'THERE'S A MOVING TARGET FOR YA. SEE WHO CAN HIT THE LITTLE NIGGER?' SO THEY THREW STONES AT ME AND I RAN IN THE WATER AND SWAM OUT.

## ADVENTURES OF TIM AND MARGY. WATCH FOR THEM IN NEXT WEEK'S PAPER

### Brothers

Charlie Clemens was a new member of the National Guard. He had left the farm just a year after his older brother Dan. At home, both of them had helped support the large family of brothers and sisters. Dan worked in a mill short way from home. When that closed down, he left for good. Charlie hired out to other farmers, did small jobs, but when he could find no more work, he too left. There was not enough to do on the farm anyhow, since his pa sold most of the cows.

From one place to another Charlie went looking for work. Finally he joined the National Guard. At least he could get three meals a day and a roof over his head. And one thing was as good as another. Although he didn't like it so very well. Of course, drilling was something he expected. And it was all right when they had to search the woods for that rich baby when it was kidnapped. But when they had to do their first strike duty, that was different. He didn't think it would bother him so much. Oh, well, he just wouldn't think about it. Strikers didn't mean anything to him.

Now they were sending them off again to put down some labor trouble in a distant town. In the morning they were piled into trucks. It was a long ride through the country. They passed farm houses that seemed about to tumble over and skinny cows in the pastures. The fields were burnt dry. He remembered the beautiful sloping fields around his father's farm. The factory, look at the windows, all smashed." The sheriff nodded sympathetically.

Around the factory building many striking workers were picketing. They stood silently watching the trucks jump down from the trucks. Quickly, the troops stationed themselves along the street. The men stayed at each of the machine guns that were set around. Nothing happened the rest of the late afternoon. The strikers slowly left the factory and went to their homes.

That evening when they were in for the night, little groups gathered around talking.

"Golly," said one guard, "I'm glad things went smooth today."

"Yes, but what about tomorrow? That's when the dirty work will begin," said Bill.

"Gee," said Charlie, "some of those guys looked awful mean."

"Why shouldn't they?" said Bill. "You've got to be tough if you have to fight for And that's what they're doin'. And all they want is decent pay."

"Yeah? How do you know?" piped up Frank—"probably gettin' more dough than you are."

"Maybe. But guys don't go around getting their heads busted if they're getting enough." Bill was talking loud now. Others gathered round him.

"Tomorrow, we got to see that those strikers behave. You heard the captain. He says to throw the gas bombs and give them the machine gun if we have to. And who are those guys out there? Are they criminals? No, they're our own people, our own brothers."

"Aw, heck, we've got to make a living, too. And they only go around wrecking things," said Bud.

"You'd wreck things, too," said Art, "if the lousy boss kept making life miserable and handed out wages only fit for starving. I say it's rotten when we have to go out and fight our own people."

"Sure it is," said Frank, "but what can we do?"

(To be continued next week)

### ANSWER TO LAST WEEK'S PUZZLE.

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EACH ROW OF PICTURES STANDS FOR A DIFFERENT WORKING-CLASS PRISONER.

## S. O. S. COMRADES!

Unemployed! Men! Women! Boys! Girls! Friends of the Daily Worker: In a dozen cities new Red Builders have shown that anyone can sell from 25 to 150 copies of the Daily Worker each day on street corners, at factories, trolley junctions, in homes—everywhere!

Why don't you get into this Parade of Red Builders? Earn expenses and at the same time help the Daily Worker in a march toward 20,000 new readers!

If you live in or near the cities listed below go to the addresses given and say: "I want to help the Daily Worker, give me my first bundle and assign me a good location." (Each new Red Builder gets 25 copies free each day for two weeks)

NEW YORK CITY  
35 E. 12th St.  
BOSTON  
919 Washington St.  
PHILADELPHIA  
46 N. 8th St.  
BUFFALO  
185 Virginia St.  
CLEVELAND  
1322 Prospect Ave.  
DETROIT  
508 11th St.  
MILWAUKEE  
1110 W. North Ave.

If you live in or near any other city write direct to the Circulation Department, 50 E. 13th St., New York City. We'll put you on the job at once!

## Free Herndon and Scottsboro Boys!

"It pleased me greatly to have received your letter today if I did receive unpleasant news a few minutes before. It didn't weaken my courage and faith whatever so long as I know you will stick by me. . ."

Letter from Haywood Patterson, Kilby Prison, June 29, 1934.

## \$15,000 SCOTTSBORO-HERNDON EMERGENCY FUND \$15,000

International Labor Defense  
Room 430, 80 East 11th St.  
New York City

I contribute \$..... for the Scottsboro-Herndon Appeals and Defense.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

"Since the Georgia Supreme Court upheld my sentence of 18 to 20 years, the bosses and their jail tools have increased the pressure on me. I am deathly sick as a result of the murderous treatment accorded me during my two years of confinement. My only hopes of ever being in the ranks again is in your strength."

Letter from Angelo Herndon, Fulton Tower Jail, June 7, 1934.





# CHANGE THE WORLD!

By SENDER GARLIN

WORD comes from California that Langston Hughes, famous revolutionary poet and novelist and president of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, has been driven from Carmel, Cal., by a vigilante group which calls itself the "Citizens' International Defense Committee," consisting of 200. This same committee, it appears, has also taken upon itself the job of "watching" the John Reed Club of Carmel.

The "anti-red" drive in Carmel is an extension of the attacks upon workers' organizations in San Francisco and all along the Pacific Coast which began as part of the campaign to break the General Strike. In the arrests which followed hundreds of leading militants and rank-and-file workers were seized in a general dragnet. Among these was Tillie Lerner, a 21-year-old Communist organizer. It is interesting to note that the World-Telegram on Thursday devoted almost a full column to her case because of the special circumstances that she also happened to be a writer.

### There's Profit in "Early Genius"

ROBERT CANTWELL, author of "The Land of Plenty," one of the best labor novels published in years, in a review of "little magazines" in the July 25th issue of the New Republic, had singled out Tillie Lerner's story, "The Iron Throat" which had appeared in Partisan Review, organ of the John Reed Club of New York, as "the work of early genius." Cantwell selected this piece out of 200 stories published in the magazines covered in his survey.

As was to be expected, publishers, ever on the alert for "early genius" that can be exploited commercially, began to flood Cantwell and Partisan Review with letters and telegrams in a frantic effort to locate Tillie Lerner. The mystery of her whereabouts was finally solved by the receipt of a letter from her to Partisan Review which revealed that she had been arrested in the raids on workers' headquarters in San Francisco and that she had just been released on bail.

Further light on the mystery was cast when Harry Hansen, book critic of the World-Telegram, published a letter from Robert Cantwell which gave full details of her arrest and trial, and which called upon writers "to help convince the court that she is not a vagrant but a writer of high talent."

An interesting sidelight on the young writer's trial is found in Cantwell's letter. He writes: "She was looked up for a couple of weeks. Judge Steiger, the fire-eating Judge who said, after handing out a bunch of sentences, 'if only George Washington could see us now!' called her a mental case because she wouldn't answer his questions and demanded a jury trial. Judge Golden asked her if she had become a Communist after benefiting from our marvelous educational system. 'No,' she said, 'but I've become pretty well converted since my residence upstairs—meaning the jail. She is out on bail now, and her trial comes up soon.'"

### Letters From a Revolutionary Writer

TILLIE LERNER's letters to Partisan Review gives us an idea of the new type of revolutionary writer which the Communist movement is producing. Here is no sophisticated, jaded, hot-house product of the Tess Schlesinger variety, whose novel, "The Unposessed" is so popular among bourgeois critics and nice old ladies of Womrath's lending library, eager for a malicious bit of nose-thumbing at the leftward-moving intellectuals.

Tillie Lerner was born and reared in Nebraska. Her father was for many years the state secretary of the Socialist Party in that state, but she is an active young Communist, who despite her youth, has already found time to work as a tie-presser, housemaid, model, ice-cream packer, book clerk and hack writer. She has written since the age of 10, she says, "when I grinded out an Eddie Guestan ode to 'Gene Debs who dandled me on his knee.'"

Robert Cantwell's high praise for Tillie Lerner's work threw the bourgeois publishers into a fever. But Tillie Lerner, unlike so many of our literary hangers-on, did not become intoxicated with the flattering proposals of the publishers. She was more interested in having her novel reach the masses who cannot afford to pay the stiff prices bourgeois publishers charge for their books than she was in winning the approval of the Van Doren trust and their amiable "literary guilds." In a letter she writes:

"... But what I'd like best of all would be to have it published in a very cheap edition so the people I really want to read it would get a crack at it."

### Novel of Life in a Coal Mine Town

THE novel which Tillie Lerner is now completing deals with the life of coal miners, and, judging by the excerpts already published, it promises to be an original and imaginative contribution to proletarian literature. She is also writing a piece of reportage on the General Strike and the vigilante raids which will appear in the next issue of Partisan Review, expected off the press the last week in August. I am looking forward to her personal account of the San Francisco events.

John Reed Clubs throughout the United States should follow the example of the New York club in sending telegrams to the California authorities demanding the release of all prisoners jailed during the raids and the cessation of attacks upon the John Reed Club of Carmel and other California cities. I learn, too, that the New York organization is planning a protest meeting to be held next week at which prominent writers will be invited to speak.

### Absentee Fault-Finders

IN RECENT months, especially, members of the various John Reed Clubs have found themselves in the front ranks of the workers' struggles, and many of them have landed in jail in the process. Right now, Jan Wittenber, an outstanding artist of the Chicago club, is behind the bars in Hillsboro, Ill., for helping to organize the unemployed. Readers of the Daily Worker are already familiar with the valuable work of John Howard Lawson, noted playwright and member of the New York John Reed Club, whose trial for "libel" is soon to come up in the Birmingham, Ala. courts. Lawson's "libel" consists in his having sent dispatches to the Daily Worker on the ore miners' strike and on the treatment accorded Angelo Herndon and the Scottsboro boys.

The first John Reed Club was formed in New York nearly five years ago. Since that time more than 20 other clubs have sprung up throughout the country. It has become fashionable among some of the "arrived" writers to dismiss, with a contemptuous shrug, the writers active in the John Reed Clubs as "party line" people who are "not capable of creative work." To those aloof writers it apparently seems that creative work is reserved only for those who have but yesterday been writing fugitive little poems and book reviews for the bourgeois liberal magazines—that pay.

I, for one, am not interested in giving a clean bill of health to the John Reed Clubs, which, of course, have made many mistakes. But it is obvious that the criticism of these superior people, who disdain to attend the organizational meetings of the club and who take no active interest in its work, must necessarily be of a sterile kind.

The fact is that it is in these young writers who have grown up and are functioning actively within the movement in a disciplined way that proletarian literature can place its most genuine hopes.

# Thousands Demand Relief As Huey Long, Walmesley Factions Fight for State Graft

## 5,000 Communist and Socialist Workers in United Front

By HOWARD BOLDT

FOR more than a full week New Orleans, under partial martial law, saw one side of the City Hall barricaded by National Guardsmen, called out by Huey Long to protect his share of the loot—appointments to city jobs, graft from the city treasury, gambling houses and houses of prostitution.

On the other side were arrayed 840 police armed with machine guns, and re-inforced by 500 deputies sworn in to protect Mayor Walmesley's right to the loot.

While these two factions of the Democratic Party, the party of the Roosevelt New Deal of hunger, fought for the major share of the graft and plunder, unemployed workers by the thousands were driven further and further into starvation. Federal Emergency Relief administrator Harry J. Early announced that 15,000 "unemployables" sick, blind, crippled, thousands of expectant mothers, and children would be cut off relief on Aug. 1, unless the state provided funds.

On Aug. 6, about 5,000 workers massed in the square facing the City Hall, and demanded immediate relief, demanded that the city administration, which could find funds to equip the National Guard and the police with machine guns, immediately appropriate funds for the jobless Negro and white workers.

While the city, state and federal officials agreed that none of them had taken any steps to feed the 15,000 "unemployables" and to provide adequate relief for the other thousands of jobless, Lafayette Square rocked with the demands of the unemployed in a huge united front of unemployed workers.

The mobilized forces of the state were hurriedly armed with tear gas guns, gas grenades, side arms and

### Protest Expulsion of Langston Hughes from Carmel by "Vigilantes"

NEW YORK.—A vigorous protest against the expulsion of Langston Hughes, noted Negro writer, from Carmel, Cal., was sent to Gov. Meriam of California yesterday by the John Reed Club of New York.

The protest at the same time denounced the reign of terror against militant workers' organizations, the mass arrests and the raids by the vigilantes and the police, and demanded the immediate release of all jailed workers.

A protest meeting against the terror in California and the persecution of revolutionary writers and artists will be held at the John Reed Club headquarters, 430 Sixth Ave., Friday evening, Aug. 17th. Prominent writers will speak.

### Reactionary Educators of California Forming New Capitalist League

By a Teacher Correspondent  
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Recently candidates for assembly and state senate received a questionnaire from the "Committee of 1934 of the California Civic League." This league claims to be an organization sponsored by a group of educators whose "chief object is to join all teaching groups in one united effort to maintain the best in education for the children of California." In order to carry out this laudable purpose it proposes to "investigate" the standards of the various candidates for office and will back those who promise most.

Let's have a look at this high-sounding organization. Clarence R. Briggs is chairman (and Georgia B. Parsons secretary. Last year Briggs was sent by the Associated Teachers' Organizations of Los Angeles to lobby at the state legislature. He was supposed to do his utmost to see that no bills unfavorable to teachers were passed. Now you will recall that at this legislature one of the most vicious bills, namely the special application of the criminal syndicalism law making it possible to dismiss any teacher who is not American enough to think or talk about present conditions, was passed.

Where was our "friend" Mr. Briggs? Oh, he was there all right. The bill was nothing for him to worry about.

So much for Mr. Briggs. As to Georgia Parsons, formerly president of the L. A. Teachers' Club, it was she who conceived the bright idea of trying to collect a list of all teachers who had contributed financially or otherwise to the recall of the "reactionary three" on the L. A. board of education. This list was to be posted conspicuously in the clubrooms (for the benefit of principals, supervisors and members of the board of education). Even the members of the City Teachers' Club, who are in many respects politically unborn, bowed down this suggestion.

Fellow teachers, this organization is just a new disguise for the T. O. L. A. which in turn is part of the larger and more insidious California Teachers' Association. Wake up before it is too late! If you really want candidates who will fight for your best interests, along with those of the rest of the working class, vote Communist. If you have not registered Communist and are afraid to do so, remember you can still vote Communist in the general election. Vote Communist and give back to the teachers of California freedom of thought, speech and action.



Louisiana national guardsmen taking possession of the New Orleans registration office when Governor O. K. Allen, puppet of Huey Long, proclaimed martial law in the fight against the Walmesley forces.

machine guns as the workers streamed into Lafayette Square.

SINCE the first of the year, all relief funds for the state of Louisiana have come from federal funds. Totally inadequate the federal grants to Louisiana, where 22 per cent of the population is on the relief lists, allowed average relief payments of only twenty-two cents a family a day.

With rising militancy, the Negro and white workers have united in the common fight for adequate relief.

Early in the summer, one hundred Negro women, asking only bread with which to feed their starving families, marched on the relief offices.

Knocked down by the police and relief officials, ten of the Negro women were jailed.

An Aug. 1st, 1,000 Negro and white workers in a meeting against the Roosevelt New Deal of Hunger, fascism and war, demonstrated before the relief offices demanding unemployment relief.

ON AUG. 6th, while city, state and federal authorities agreed that none of them had done anything to provide relief for the 15,000 "unemployables," five thousand workers massed before the City Hall where Senator Long's troops and Mayor Walmesley's police and deputies faced each other with machine guns.

Socialist and Communist workers, workers mobilized by the League for Industrial Democracy, the Marine Workers Industrial Union and the Unemployment Council, cheered when speakers denounced the encroaching fascism of the Roosevelt New Deal, and pledged a united fight against hunger and war.

Louise Jessen, secretary of the Socialist Party, turned to the police

## L. R. A. Exposes Home-Work Sweatshops Under the N. R. A.

By GRACE HUTCHINS

INDUSTRIAL home-work with its notoriously low wages continues despite the prohibition of such tenement work in the needle trades and certain other N. R. A. codes, according to evidence submitted by Labor Recovery Association in a letter to Nathan Straus, Jr., New York State director of the National Emergency Council under N. R. A. In New York State, where the greatest amount of home-work is found, it has now been legalized in a new law effective July 1, 1934, providing that each home-worker shall be licensed.

A recent estimate by Industrial Commissioner Elmer F. Andrews places the number of home-workers at 30,000 in New York State, and 1,000,000 in the country as a whole. By special order of the National Recovery Administration, in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, sent out to New York firms by Commissioner Andrews, "sub-standard" permits will be issued allowing industrial home-work forbidden by N. R. A. code. This order reads in part:

"If your industry is one in which home-work has been prohibited, you are entitled to make application for such sub-standard permits but only when one of the following conditions exist."

N. R. A.'s special order then provides for three important loopholes which, in effect, legalize a large amount of home-work. If the home-worker has some physical defect, not contagious; if the home-worker's services are absolutely essential at home to care for an invalid or someone who is "bed-ridden"; or if the home-worker was always accustomed to the earning of a living by home-work and is too old to adjust in factory routine—under any of these conditions a special permit for a sub-standard worker may be issued. Sub-standard workers, of course, are not paid even the minimum code wage rate.

Mothers with dependent children are not at present included in the permissive class, but a determined campaign to include them is being waged by the Home-Work Protection League, organized by manufacturers who wish to continue profiting from the low wage rates paid for home-work.

HOW low wage rates persist in home-work in the flower and

### Officials Threaten to Cut 15,000 from Relief Rolls

workers. Both factions united in dropping the "unemployables" from the relief rolls. Both factions are united in discrimination and jim-crow against the Negroes. Both factions have in mind the fight for control of the spoils—graft, control of political appointments, and the loot from the houses of prostitution.

The demonstration of the Negro and white workers of New Orleans is an inspiration to the millions of unemployed throughout the country. The demands raised send a ringing call to all the jobless—"Bread and milk for children—adequate relief for all unemployed—no discrimination against Negroes—against the Roosevelt program of hunger, fascism and war—for the right of the New Orleans workers to strike, to picket, and to organize."

### Paris Anti-War Meet Featured in New Issue of The Working Woman

NEW YORK.—The Negro women strikers shown on the August cover of the "Working Woman" are showing a burly policeman and "Them Women Sure are Scappers!" Their story told by Vivian Dahl, young strike leader, inside, tells of the workers' struggle for higher wages, on Seabrook's Farm in New Jersey where children are taken out of school and rewarded for heart-breaking work with pay of 5c an hour.

A special feature is a number of short biographies of a few of the 35 women delegates to the Women's World Anti-War Congress just held in Paris, France. Women are unquestionably taking their part in the fight against war and fascism.

"General Johnson's 'Robbie'" is by Margaret Young of the Daily Worker Washington Bureau. It seems that Frances M. Robinson, Johnson's \$6,000 a year girl assistant has declared: "Do not feel the bunk-owes you a living—Pull is the World—Push and Merit are all that count." (P. S.—She got the job on pull.)

Each month Sasha Small is dissecting a different magazine of the "populist" kind. This month it is "Day by Day in the Saturday Evening Post." The first month it was the Ladies Home Journal.

There is also, the first part of a two-part serial by Paul Vailliant-Couturier, well-known French working class author, called "How Cheng the Peasant Became Red," and other features, such as a doctor's page and the popular "You're Telling Me!" and interesting articles on women's part in current struggles throughout the world.

### Chicago C. P. Opens New Workers' School in Center of City

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—New quarters for the Chicago Workers School have been obtained near the heart of the city as the first step in the realization of the expansion program adopted at a conference a month ago. Located at 505 S. State Street, the new school building will be easily accessible from all parts of the city.

Beatrice Shields, director of the school, announced that other plans in the school program will be carried out, including the strengthening of the branch school system in various heavy industrial centers in and near Chicago.

Bill Gebert, District Organizer of the Communist Party, commenting on the new school building stated:

"The District Committee of the Communist Party enthusiastically greets the opening of the new workers' educational center, and pledges its full support to the expansion program of the Chicago Workers School. The realization of the program will give to the workers of Chicago an improved educational system to train them to be better fighters in the class struggle."

### TUNING IN

- 7:00 P.M.—WAFB—Baseball Resume
- WOR—Sports Resume—Ford Frick
- WAB—Pat Walker, Songs
- WAB—Mary Estman, Soprano; Concert Orchestra
- 7:15—WAF—Comesup—Dr. William H. Foulkes
- WOR—Danny Dee, Commentator
- WOR—Volley, Musical
- WAB—Clyde Walcott, Songs
- 7:30—WAF—Flying Mears, Songs
- WOR—Robert Bell, Organ
- WJZ—Boston Orchestra
- WAB—Jones Orchestra
- 7:45—WAF—To Be Announced
- WOR—Rochester Central Celebration; Rochester Civic Orchestra; Guy Frader Harrison, Conductor
- WAB—Pat Walker, Songs
- 8:00—WAF—Madrigala Orchestra
- WOR—Little Symphony Orchestra
- Phil James, Conductor; Marguerite
- WAB—Pat Walker, Songs
- WAB—Dance Orchestra
- 8:30—WAF—Canadian Concert
- WJZ—Northern Lights—Dramatic Sketch; Major L. Richardson, Narrator
- WAB—Philadelphia Summer Concert Orchestra From Robin Hood Dell, Fairmount Park, Philadelphia; Fritz Reiner, Conductor
- 9:00—WAF—One Man's Family—Sketch
- WOR—Van Ruzer Orchestra
- WJZ—Volley, Musical
- 9:30—WAF—Chicago Symphony Orch.; Henry Hadley, Conductor
- WOR—Della Baker, Soprano; William Harrave, Baritone
- WJZ—Goldman Band Concert at Forest Park, Brooklyn
- 10:00—WAF—Ray Knight's Cuckoo
- WOR—Spouty Orchestra
- 10:15—WAF—Denny Orchestra
- 10:30—WAF—Dancing Orchestra
- WJZ—Barn Dance
- WAB—Michaux Congregation
- 10:45—WAF—Siberian Singers, Directing Nicholas Vasiliev, Tenor
- 11:00—WAF—Lombardo Orchestra
- WOR—Feathered Berens Orchestra
- WAB—Sylvia Fross, Songs
- 11:15—WAB—Gray Orchestra
- 11:30—WAF—Whiteman Orchestra
- WOR—Tutti Orchestra
- WJZ—Lombardo Orchestra

# LABORATORY AND SHOP

Notes on Science and Technology

By DAVID RAMSEY

### What You Eat

IN a profit economy the makers of food products never hesitate to jeopardize or kill a dozen people to gather in a few extra pennies. More than two decades ago the people of the United States were shocked by the news that they were eating diseased, spoiled, verminous and adulterated food. Food laws were passed designed to remedy the evil. But the interpretation and administration of these laws have completely nullified the content of the statutes as far as the well-being of the people is concerned. Today the pure food and drug laws serve almost solely as a means by which one unscrupulous manufacturer can make trouble for and hence hamper the market-exploiting activities of another. The worker is probably confronted by worse conditions in the matter of food and other products for family and personal use than those which the muckrakers exposed.

Arthur Kallet, co-author of "100,000 Guinea Pigs," and an expert on foods and drugs, recently has written a terrific indictment of the malpractices of the food manufacturers in *The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*. According to Kallet, State inspection of meat is almost unbelievably bad. "Many carcasses so obviously diseased that they are not likely to be passed by even the most lenient Federal inspector are held within the safe bounds of intra-state commerce." About a third of the meat sold is never inspected at all. Purrified meats are treated with chemicals to restore their color and odor. According to the Massachusetts Department of Health, 15 out of 26 samples of hamburger steak examined during the second quarter of 1933 contained sulphur dioxide. Obviously government inspection of meat is but a mask that deceives the consumer.

Though milk is easily contaminated at every stage from milking to delivery, Kallet reports that "at no stage is reasonable sanitation maintained in most areas." The milk control boards are in the hands of the dairy trust and their only interest is to raise prices.

Apparently little or no effort is made to assure freedom from disease (even tuberculosis or syphilis) in milkers and other attendants. Sanitary conditions are very bad; filthy floors, unclean containers, and so on. The Board of Health of Indiana—a typical milk state—inspected 415 dairies in October, 1932. Only ten dairies could be rated "good"—and not one could be put in the "excellent" column. One hundred and thirty-three dairies were rated only "fair"; 186 as "poor"; and 86 actually "bad." None of the dairies were shut down, nor were they penalized.

THE report of the Massachusetts Department of Health for 1930 indicated that nearly a million persons in the state were getting milk from potentially tubercular herds; and according to recent reports from the New York State Agricultural Commissioner Charles H. Baldwin, probably 250,000 of New York's cattle, most of them in the dairy districts, were tubercular.

As a final word on milk conditions, it should be noted that despite the big price difference between grades A and B, it is known that with some companies—including one of the largest—both grades come from the same dairies and the same vats.

Kallet points out that thousands of people go to their graves each year because of diseases traced to contaminated meat and milk. That the number is greater is due to the resistance of the human organism—and not to the meat packers and dairy interests.

In order to protect fruits and vegetables from the ravages of insects, lead arsenate and other insecticides that are poisonous to man are used. These poisons can be removed with inexpensive chemical washes. Nevertheless, due to the use for profit, a dozen different fruits and vegetables are sold that bear enough insecticide residue of arsenic and lead to constitute a serious hazard.

Despite the efforts of growers to minimize the danger of the situation, there have been many deaths from eating produce carrying insecticide residues. More than 100 persons were poisoned, some of them fatally, in California during the past few months. The consumer does not feel over from a single apple, but he does store up sufficient amounts of arsenic and lead to do serious damage.

The Food and Drug Administration once stated that it would not permit lead residues to be used on foodstuffs. A Department of Agriculture chemist issued a warning that a certain exceedingly small amount of lead injected daily would ultimately cause chronic poisoning. Nevertheless the industry has legalized a lead residue twelve times as strong as the amount the government chemist said would lead to chronic poisoning.

In bakery products low quality has become the standard rule. The dried and frozen eggs that are used in all stages of decomposition. The butter is so dirty that no grocer would dare sell it. The shortening materials intended to protect the product from weather and temperature make it indigestible.

All these serious and pressing hazards to the great body of the people will continue to exist as long as the food, advertising and publishing interests can prevent even a discussion of their malpractices. They will be abolished when the food racketeers and the system of which they are an integral part are destroyed.

### Radio for Navigation

SIGNOR GUGLIELMO MARCONI, like his friend and patron, Mussolini, is a well known blow-hard. He has a tendency to make announcements of epoch-shaking discoveries which turn out to be either fizzes or modifications of existing techniques.

It is difficult to see how his much heralded invention for the blind navigation of vessels in a fog differs from any of the ultra-wave radio beacons used in landing airplanes by blind flying. Marconi uses two radio transmitting sets, located on buoys 300 feet apart, one on either side of the ship's channel. The incoming vessel finds the halfway mark between the two transmitters where the signal intensity is the same from both sources. It then sails along the line of signal equality. Marconi has also put a loudspeaker nearby from which there issue two notes, one of low and the other of high pitch. The line of the channel is where these two notes are of the same intensity.

In America, airplane landing beacons use a comparable method. Two transmitters give off either short or ultra-short waves on the landing field. They project radio beams at an angle to the ground. The pilot finds his line of equal intensity, just as in Marconi's "method," and then "rides" down the line of slope.

If Marconi uses the comparison of two notes of different pitch to determine the line of channel, he is going back to worse methods. It has been shown that it is more difficult for the ear to compare two different notes for the same intensity, than it is to compare two notes each of the same pitch, coming from different sources.

## AMUSEMENTS

First American Showing of Soviet Talkie!  
**"HOUSE OF GREED"**  
BASED ON FAMOUS RUSSIAN NOVEL, "GENTLEMAN GOLOVLEV" By Saltykov-Schedrin  
With V. Gardin  
(OF "SHAME") ENGLISH TITLES  
—ACME Thea, 14th St. and Union Sq. — Always Cool

**SHOWBOAT CRUISE**  
with unusual entertainment and dancing  
Friday Evening, August 17th  
on board the "Ambassador" sailing up Long Island Sound  
From Pier 1—The Battery at 8 P.M.  
Tickets 65 Cents in Advance 95c at the Pier  
On Sale: Workers Bookshop, 50 E. 12th St.; New Masses, 31 E. 27th St.; American League Against War & Fascism, 213 4th Ave.; World Tourists, Flatiron Bldg.  
Audience: Comm. for Support of Southern Textile Org., M.W.L.U., Amer. League Against War & Fascism. Chartered thru World Tourist.

New Theatre & Film & Photo League present 3 films  
**"Kameradschaft"**  
Pabst's stirring anti-war film  
● SOVIETS SING AND DANCE  
● Charlie Chaplin in "THE COUNT"  
Thurs. New School, 66 W. 12th St. Two showings: at 7 and 9:30 P. M.  
Adm. 35 cents. Tickets at Workers Bookshop.

Help the "Daily's" Drive!  
**CONCERT and MASS MEETING**  
To Celebrate the Opening of MORRIS LANGER LIBRARY as a Memorial to our Martyr Comrade Morris Langer  
Thursday, August 16, 7 P. M.  
CLARENCE HATHAWAY  
Editor "Daily Worker" will speak on "THE GERMAN SITUATION" Also a Fine Musical Program  
IRVING PLAZA & 15th St.

Keep this date open!  
**SUNDAY AUGUST 26**  
DAILY WORKER DAY



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SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1934

### "Provoking" Fascism

AN ARTICLE in this week's issue of the Socialist Party "New Leader" contains a blunt, cynical justification of the terrorism which the California shipowners let loose against the trade unions and the Communist Party.

Just listen to this:  
 "The air became tense. A spark meant an explosion. The Stalinists furnished the spark... the strike was broken. The Stalinists set the dynamite under the works... they furnished an excuse for the landlord fascists of the interior and the pirate fascists of the city to organize vigilantes... In short, the Stalinists have done everything possible to stimulate the activity of fascism..."

Now what does all this mean? The New Leader is saying that the ruling class terrorism against the strike would not have happened if not for the "excuse" which the "Stalinists" gave the capitalists.

What was this "excuse"? It was the activities of the Communists to organize the marine workers to win better wages, better conditions, and the abolition of the hated "fink halls."

Therefore, reasons the Socialist New Leader, the best way to have avoided the ruling class terrorism would have been not to furnish the capitalists with an "excuse"! In other words, they argue, avoid fascism by surrendering to it!

That is to say, the working class will have nothing to fear from the capitalist-fascists as long as they starve quietly and take meekly every kick in the face the capitalists wish to send in their direction.

What a wonderful theory this is—for the fascists! It not only condones their brutality by blaming it on the fact that they were "provoked" by the Communists leading the workers for better conditions. It also helps to spread the very same anti-Communist poison which they themselves are spreading. It conceals the dictatorship of the capitalist state.

WHEN the Socialist Party leadership speaks of the Communists "provoking" the fascist terrorist attacks, it is actually repeating exactly what the employers repeat as the justification of their violence against all workers. It is spreading the anti-working class poison about the "violence of the Reds."

The General Strike was not broken by Green and the infamous treachery of the A. F. of L. leadership. Oh no! Not a word on this. It was the Communists who fought for the three main demands of the workers and who faced the worst police terrorism in the front ranks of the strike!

This is the typical argument of Social-Fascism. It tells the workers to accept the advance of fascism in the name of Socialism, in order to avoid "provoking" the fascists! It is the argument of the "lesser evil" which strives to get the workers to accept the attacks of the capitalist class on the ground that any resistance will "provoke" something "worse!"

It is, in short, the classic theory of Social-Democracy, which surrenders every vestige of the principle of class struggle against capitalism.

### Norman Thomas Has Hope

TO NEW thousands of American workers who have heard him attack the San Francisco general strike, William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor and his official family, are strike-breakers, arch-enemies of the working class.

To Norman Thomas, leader of the Socialist Party, the leaders of the A. F. of L. are good fellows who can be trusted with the destinies of American labor. Here is what Thomas has to say in today's "New Leader," Socialist organ:

"It is encouraging that President Green of the A. F. of L. is speaking out so vigorously on the matter of unemployment. It is also encouraging that with increasing emphasis labor leaders are challenging the performances of the N.R.A. This is all to the good and WARRANTS A CONSIDERABLE DEGREE OF HOPE OF WHAT MAY HAPPEN AT THE NEXT A. F. OF L. CONVENTION." [Emphasis ours.—Ed.]

Consider the situation:  
 Norman Thomas suggests that the workers may have hope in the actions of the leaders of the A. F. of L. He bases his same faith on the same Bill Green who only a few short weeks ago publicly attacked the San Francisco strikers, saying that:

"The strike in San Francisco is local in character, possessing no national significance... The American Federation of Labor neither endorsed the strike nor authorized it."  
 What hope does Mr. Thomas draw from that statement?  
 Bill Green has attacked unemployment insurance for years—until a storm of endorsements of the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill (known in the last session of Congress as H.R. 7598) made

him change his tune. Even now he has not supported the measure, the only adequate unemployment insurance bill, but has consistently attacked it.

BILL GREEN was the chosen agent of the Roosevelt government to disrupt the ranks of the steel workers. It was he who helped to bamboozle the convention of the Amalgamated Association against taking strike action.

Green supported the Hoover no-strike pact at the beginning of the economic crisis. Today he supports, with some mild criticism, chiefly intended as camouflage, the N.R.A. and its strike-breaking mediation boards.

Green and the official family of the A. F. of L. continue their existence at the top of the Federation in a great measure by the support of gangster-led unions. It is a matter of record that Norman Thomas himself has had to condemn the A. F. of L. clique in the N. Y. fur industry and has had to admit that the militant Fur Workers Industrial Union was the major union in the industry. These racketeers are typical of Mr. Green's base.

And yet these gentlemen are the ones upon whom we are to pin our hope, according to the pious Norman Thomas!  
 Workers in the A. F. of L. unions in increasing numbers are pinning their faith not on Bill Green and his ilk, but more and more on themselves and their own strength. Rank and file delegates at the coming A. F. of L. convention in San Francisco can be counted upon to show that they have no faith in Green and his clique.

### Release Ordoqui!

IT IS the revolutionary duty of the American working class to come to the aid of Joaquin Ordoqui, militant Cuban leader of the working class, who now lies in the dungeons of Havana, flung there by the Mendieta government.

The seriousness of the fight and its revolutionary importance are attested by the fact that both Comrade Earl Browder and Clarence Hathaway have issued personal appeals to the American working class to join the fight for our jailed Cuban comrade.

Cuba is the puppet of Wall Street imperialism. Its colonial exploitation provokes Wall Street with reserves which to oppress and plunder the workers here at home. The fight for Ordoqui is thus part and parcel of our fight against the capitalist exploitation right here at our own door. Wall Street ordered him jailed. We must reply with the demand for his freedom!

Two hundred dollars are needed for a defense fund. Protest meetings before Cuban Consulates will help release him. Protests and telegrams sent to Mendieta at Havana as well as the Cuban Consulates will force his release. Let all unions and mass organization wire funds and their protests at the imprisonment of this militant working class fighter. All out to the Cuban Consulate on Monday morning!

### Tear Away the Mask!

WITH the same viciousness that his gubernatorial colleagues in Ohio and California used troops to smash the struggles of the workers, Governor Floyd B. Olson of Minnesota, masking his action with a veil of "sympathy" for the striking truck drivers, has used the armed forces of the state.

While the Republican and Democratic governors, Merriam of California and White of Ohio, do their strikebreaking openly, the Farmer-Laborite Olson covers his with a palaver of "sympathetic" phrases. "I am not a liberal," Olson declared at the state convention of the Farmer-Labor Party last April, "but what I want to be—a radical."

But by deeds, not by high-sounding declarations will the workers measure all who profess to fight for the working class—and Olson's deeds are in direct contradiction to his words. His deeds are those of a strikebreaker, of an enemy of the working class.

He issued a statement of "sympathy" with the strikers and then prohibited picketing; he spoke harshly to the Citizens Alliance and then moved their trucks; he has issued proclamations about the "new social order" and supported with military rule a decaying capitalism.

IN RECENT years, the Democratic Party in Minnesota, led by National Committeeman Joseph Wolf, has co-operated with the Farmer-Labor Party. Not averse to political horse-trading, the Farmer-Labor Party supported Roosevelt in the 1932 elections. Since then, and now, they support Roosevelt's strikebreaking N.R.A.

The Communist Party calls upon the entire working class to break with these political parties—it calls upon the workers to defeat the candidates of the Democratic, Republican, Farmer-Labor and Socialist Parties in the coming elections.

The Communist Party calls upon the workers in the shops, the poor farmers, the unemployed millions, all Negro and white workers, to elect Communists, and, not stopping there, boldly to take up the struggle for the immediate demands of the working class.

The mass fight for these demands, the Communist Party points out, is the starting point in the workers' fight for political power, for Soviet Power, which alone will bring the capitalist crisis to an end.

**Join the Communist Party**  
 35 EAST 12TH STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.  
 Please send me more information on the Communist Party.  
 NAME.....  
 ADDRESS.....

### North Dakota Farmers Hear Robert Minor

By a Worker Correspondent

BISMARCK, N. D.—Robert Minor, member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, spoke here recently to a capacity crowd at the courthouse, giving a lucid analysis of the New Deal in operation and its effect upon the workers and small farmers.

Minor brought out conclusive evidence proving that the N. R. A. was organized by the great industrial magnates of the country, naming Swope, DuPont and others who were using the bureaucratic leadership of

the A. F. of L. to cover the true role of the N. R. A. He further gave a clear class analysis of the political situation in North Dakota, where a (sham) battle has been staged between the Langer and anti-Langer factions of the Non-Partisan League. He pointed out that Langer was using radical phrases, thus taking advantage of the militant sentiment of the farmers and workers and trying to claim the credit for what the farmers and workers had accomplished by their militant mass struggles.

Minor called upon the farmers and workers to "get into your own Party, the only Party that is fighting for your immediate and final aims, the Communist Party."

## Communist Leaflets Fill Berlin

Appear in Thousands Urging Opposition in "Elections"

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—To the complete bewilderment of the Nazi authorities, thousands of Communist leaflets are flooding Berlin every day now urging the German people to refuse Hitler "their signature in blank" in the Aug. 19 "referendum."

The Nazis have searched everywhere without being able to locate the secret Communist printing plant. Offers of large rewards for informers, and threats of instant death to all those found near the plant or handing out the leaflets have been of no avail whatever.

During the last "referendum" more than two and a half million ballots were cast against Hitler or voided deliberately to show opposition to Fascism, despite the open terrorism at the polls and the risk of arrest by Storm Troopers placed at every voting place.

The Communist Party of Germany has defied every effort of the fascists to annihilate it. The leaflets urging opposition to Hitler in the "elections" are found pasted on walls, inside of Nazi newspapers, under restaurant chairs, in library books, at machines in the shops, and in other places.

## Italian Police Kill 8, Jail 200 At Tax Protest

ZURICH, Aug. 10.—News has just come through that heavy Italian Fascist censorship of a bloody clash that took place between Fascist police and the population of the town of Pratola Peligina.

In the last week of April the people of the town demonstrated in the streets against the cruel taxes which the Mussolini government had levied upon them. The police attacked, arresting more than 200, killing at least eight of the paraders, and wounding more than 40.

Several children were shot to death by the police in the attack. The population, enraged, smashed the City Hall doors and wrecked several public buildings. Police and soldiers surrounded the town.

It is obvious that the oppressed people of Italy are rising in ever more militant actions against the Fascist Mussolini government. Very little news comes through the Fascist censorship, but the Fascist rule is feeling the blows of the crisis and the rebellion of the starving masses.

## Nazi Courts Impose Heavy Jail Sentences

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The Berlin assizes have sentenced a young worker named Lorides, 19 years of age, to the unheard of sentence of eight years penal servitude, on the charge of continuing the work of the Red Front Fighters Alliance, and of distributing illegal newspapers.

The Dortmund special court has sentenced a peasant named Heller, 31 years of age, from Hinkhausen, to 8 years penal servitude, for defending himself with a knife against the attack of a Storm Troop leader who threatened him for purposes of blackmail.

The Saxon special court has sentenced a working woman named Hentsche, from Oberseifersdorf, to three years penal servitude for distributing illegal communist newspapers. Two workmen charged at the same time were sentenced to two years each, and two other persons involved to eight and five months imprisonment.

Four workers from Essen have been sentenced to six months imprisonment each for singing communist songs. The manager of a canning factory in Essen, who had criticized the economic policy of the Hitler government, has been sentenced to one year imprisonment.

## British-Japan Rivalry Flares in Cotton War

TOKYO, Aug. 10.—Imperialist antagonism showed its teeth again today as Japan drew up plans to impose a 30 to 40 per cent tariff on Australian cotton as a reprisal against the Australian tax on Japanese cotton cloth.

British and Japanese imperialism are at one another's throats in the imperialist fight for the cotton trade of the Far East and of India. Japanese imperialism has succeeded in overcoming the tariff walls set by the British about India. In reprisal, the British have sought to wall off Australia.

## CORRECTION

A phrase inadvertently omitted from James W. Ford's article on George Padmore last week, distorted the sense of a section of the article. The statement said that one of the reasons for Padmore's expulsion from the Communist Party was that he "was on intimate terms with well-known spies and police agents within the ranks of the French party." This should have read "... well-known spies and police agents who had formerly been within the ranks of the French Party."

The Daily Worker keeps you informed of the world-wide struggles by the working class against unemployment, hunger, fascism and war. The Daily Worker for one month daily or six months of the Saturday edition costs only 75 cents. Send your sub to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York City.

Roosevelt: "This should get us home!"

By Burck



## From the First World War to the Second

IX. POISON GASES AND PLAGUE GERMS (Continued)

IN THE first gas attack during the World War (Ypres, 1915) 115,000 kilos of gas were launched on a front of 6 kilometers. The result of this first attempt was 15,000 wounded by gas and 5,000 dead. In the World War, 31 different poison gases were used; today there are a thousand. On October 13, 1933, one could read the following notice in the press: "The French Professors Rert and Vorrier have succeeded in discovering a poison gas against which there is no remedy. The preparation of this gas is especially easy. The War Ministry is strongly interested."

In April 1934, the press announced that 20 workers of Imperial Chemical Industries had been overcome by poison gas. This concern is alleged to have succeeded in the preparation of the "deadliest poison in the world." One can note, therefore, that every day is bringing new "progress" in the sphere of gas warfare. And yet, the "achievements" already arrived at are already so great...

There is an infinite series of poison gases, from the irritant gases, which compel the taking off of the gas mask up to the lung-damaging gases, including chlorine, phosgene and chloropicrin. One draught of phosgene and death occurs after two hours. One exposure to chloropicrin vapor and blindness is certain. Inhale cyanic acid and the central nervous system is at once put out of action, the respiration centre destroyed and life cut short. But five times more poisonous than phosgene is mustard gas, which burns the whole living body. Inhale only .03 milligrams of lewisite, the "death dew," and an unimaginably torturing death is certain. Laughing gas, in combination with other gases, causes death with convulsions of laughter or madness.

But civilized bourgeois culture has still further surprises for the people. It is true that in the last world war poison gases were not yet employed against the civil population, although they were employed at the front. On the other hand, bacteriological war should bring with it something entirely new. War with plague germs and cholera germs? "That is a Communist provocation," we can hear it being said. Let us then allow the bearers of bourgeois culture to speak for themselves. First of all, listen to what Professor Banse, one of the scientific lights of the Third Empire, has to say:

"Although biology still lags strongly behind chemistry, it may however be presumed that the necessities of the next war will win its position for it. The following come into account: infection of water supply by typhus germs, introduction of typhus by fleas as well as of plague by rats. In particular, aeroplanes, by landing in enemy territory and letting loose the germ carriers, could achieve especially favourable results."

Banse in no way stands alone. Long before him, Mr. Churchill had written in the *Pall-Mall Magazine* that the laboratories of more than one country have already been occupied with the question of how artificially-cultivated agents of disease could be deliberately let loose on human beings and animals in enemy country; mildew, in order to destroy the harvest; anthrax, in order to ruin horses and cattle; plague, in order to annihilate not only whole armies but also the inhabitants of wide regions—such are the means, the application of which military science is preparing with ruthless progress.

Yes indeed, "with ruthless progress" there is being cultivated today in secret laboratories the carriers of anthrax, typhus, cholera, plague, small-pox, tuberculosis, etc.

The French Professor, Andre Mayer, soberly notes: "All that can be said is that the possibility of unleashing an epidemic is not to be rejected a priori—quite on the contrary." And Gertrude Woker, the well-known woman investigator of poison gases, came to the conclusion: "That a new war will make use of bacteriological means of destruction is, in any case, to be supposed after the experiences of the World War."

There can indeed be no doubt that the coming poison gas war will be accompanied by a bacteriological war. Was it not intended, during the last

world war, to smuggle German cholera germs in fountain pens through Switzerland into Russia and to infest the Rumanian cavalry with smallpox cultures? Only the ending of the war prevented the execution of these criminal plans. But for the imperialists postponement is not renunciation.

## X. STORMING THE SOCIALIST PEACE FORTRESS

"PEACE, freedom, land and bread," that was the slogan of the Bolsheviks under the leadership of Lenin, with which they began the struggle against imperialist war in their own country. In possession of political power, supported by the armed proletarian dictatorship, the victorious October Revolution in 1917 realized these four demands. The ending of the war between Russia and Germany led the way to the ending of the World War.

The young Soviet government, the first workers' and peasants' government of the world, brought about peace; it tore up all the imperialist treaties of the tsarist hangmen, and put an end to secret diplomacy. The Soviet government gave the peoples which had been oppressed by tsarism for centuries, such as the Finns, Estonians and Poles, their national independence and solved the national question within its own frontiers by the creation of a Federative Soviet Republic in which hundreds of nationalities were united peacefully on an equal basis. National oppression, this invariable constituent of imperialist war, was done away with for one hundred and sixty million people. The Soviet government voluntarily gave up all the tsarist oppressive claims against the weak peoples as also against China, Persia, Afghanistan and Turkey. The century-old hereditary enmity between Russia and its neighbors was liquidated by the Soviet government without a trace.

From the first day of its existence the Soviet government had only one aim: to carry through socialist construction in peace and thereby to be able to raise the economic and cultural position of the toilers to a hitherto unknown level. For sixteen years, the Soviet government has succeeded in carrying out this policy against a world of enemies.

The conquest of political power by the Russian proletariat denoted the first breach in the capitalist structure. The first breach in the imperialist world system. World capital lost the loans granted to tsarism, it lost one of its best sources of exploitation over one-sixth of the globe, it lost the Caucasian oil fields and Siberian gold fields. Did not the Russian workers and peasants dare to demonstrate practically to the toilers of the whole world that not only could one get along without capitalists and big landlords, but also that one could live still better than before? Were they not the only ones who were able to report an unprecedented economic upsurge, the complete liquidation of unemployment, unrestricted political freedom and undreamed of possibilities for further advance in the future, at a moment in which fifty million toilers in the capitalist countries had been thrown on to the street? Did not the example of the October Revolution inspire the millions of colonial slaves and national minorities to a triply enhanced struggle against the imperialist oppressors? Was not the existence of the Soviet Union, which rallied round it an ever wider strata of toilers and enlightened intellectuals in all countries, bound to become a perpetual deadly menace to the existence of the bourgeois social order? Did not the issue here lie in the struggle between two systems, the bankrupt, decaying, murderous capitalist system and the rising socialist system bringing peace, work and bread? Stalin, the successor to Lenin, declared:

"... the contradiction between the capitalist world and the U.S.S.R. ... lays bare to the very roots all the contradictions of capitalism and gathers them up into one knot, making of them a question of life and death for the capitalist system itself..."

"Hence the tendency to adventurist assaults on the U.S.S.R. and to intervention, a tendency which is bound to be strengthened as a result of the developing economic crisis..."

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## On the World Front

By HARRY GANNES  
 Arrogant War Lords — and Professors  
 Manchurian Insurgents

THE arrogance of the Japanese war lords knows no bounds. When the word goes out for stimulation of provocations against the Soviet Union, one never needs to read the secret orders, because there immediately results a flock of incidents that show the fine hand of the military gentry in Tokio.

These provocations seem to come in well-defined waves, have a definite purpose, and are always carefully timed. The most recent maneuvers along the Soviet border in Manchuria followed the Soviet Union's refusal of the deliberately low final offer for the U.S.S.R.'s share in the Chicago Eastern Railway. They are timed, also, for the midst of the harvest.

BUT the arrogance of the generals is only exceeded by that of the professors. For example, Dr. Shigeto Suehiro, professor of Kyoto Imperial University, writing in the influential magazine, "Kaiko Jihou," offers the following proposal to the Soviet Union in the Far East: "If the Soviet Union is sincere in her professions for the maintenance of peace, she should withdraw her army, to say, west of Baikal. If this is accomplished, there is no doubt that it will remove all the uneasy atmosphere hanging over the two nations."

WHAT prevents the astute professor from suggesting that the Red Army retire within its own borders, say, to Moscow, is that Japanese imperialism for the first stage of its war plans is interested primarily in the Far Eastern territory of the Soviet Union up to Lake Baikal. With Japanese imperialism maintaining an army of over 200,000 men, and constantly building airbases, military railroads and roads leading to the Soviet border, in territory it robbed from China, the imperial professors advise the Soviets to maintain peace, to withdraw from Soviet territory and open the road to the Japanese war lords.

This is precisely the type of "peace" Japanese imperialism wants: it is the type of "peace" it is plotting for all of China.

The professor and his colleagues in uniform are doomed to disappointment. AFTER nearly three years of military conquest of Manchuria, Japanese imperialism has been unable to crush the rebellion of the Manchurian workers and peasants. In fact, the partisan bands are growing and their resistance against Japanese imperialism is becoming more costly. The Japanese press calls all of the insurgents "bandits" very much as Chiang Kai-shek, and the Trotskyites, dubbed the heroic Red Armies of China.

When American marines invaded Nicaragua on the pretext that Sandino was a bandit, throughout Latin America revolutionary speakers, when addressing mass meetings, used to put the following question: "Quienes son los bandidos en Nicaragua?" (Who are the bandits in Nicaragua?) The response of the entire audience would invariably be: "The Wall Street marines!"

WHENEVER the colonial masses struggle for freedom, to those who have billions in profits at stake from the continued slavery of the workers and peasants, every armed struggle is "banditry."

Vigilantes are "heroic and patriotic" citizens, but striking workers are criminals. An idea of the size and effectiveness of the insurgent forces in Manchuria can be gained from the latest report published in the "China Weekly Review," from which we quote the following:

"Despite Japanese claims pertaining to the pacification of Manchuria, which are handed out to foreign newspaper correspondents in Tokyo and broadcasted to the world by Japanese propagandists abroad, authoritative reports from foreign consular sources in Manchuria state there are still 60,000 Chinese volunteers operating in Kirin province, while the number in Heilungkiang is estimated at 80,000. And this in spite of the fact that the Imperial Japanese Kwantung Army has now expended approximately 600,000,000 yen on pacification in Manchuria since the original occupation on September 18, 1931, the expenditure in the fiscal year exceeding 65,000,000 yen."

The "China Weekly Review" also points out that the number of successful attacks on Japanese forces in important cities is growing alarmingly for the Japanese "pacifiers."

FROM the latest issue of the Chinese Workers Correspondence we learn further that the Volunteers in Kirin recently scored two victories against the Japanese invaders. They occupied two important cities, Huslan, which is only 50 miles from the capital of Kirin, and Lung Chin Tsen, also known under the name of Lutaogun, which serves as a distributive center in the area of Guan Tao.

The Japanese militarists are having some trouble with their own Manchurian troops. On June 21, 200 cavalrymen stationed in Malanoy (a pass along the Great Wall of China) revolted against their officers and fled into Eastern Manchuria. They put up a stiff resistance against their pursuers.

THE Soviet aviator Yevdokimov, who holds the world's parachute record, having dropped from a height of 24,000 feet, falling 22,700 feet, without opening two important aces, and a member of the Comchute, is a young worker, 26 years of age, Communist Party.

(To Be Continued)